In the Name of ALLAH

# جــزوه جامع كــلاسي

# زبان انگلیسی دوازدهـــم



سوالات متنوع ، معنی کلمات، ترجمه مکالمه ها ومتن های کتاب درسی، کتاب کارو فایل های صوتی کتاب با QR Code

بهمراه سوالات شبه نهایی و نهایی ۱۴۰۴ – ۱۴۰۲

مولف:

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### **Lesson 1 Sense of Appreciation**

Vocabulary	Definition/ Synonym/ Antonym	Persian Meaning
accidently	SYN unintentionally deliberately ANT intentionally, purposely	تصادفا
A.D	Anno Domini	بعد از میلاد
accidently	SYN unintentionally, by chance	اتفاقى
active	SYN dynamic, energetic, engaged, lively ANT inactive	فعال، (دستورزبان) معلوم
addition	SYN excess, increase	جمع، اضافه
advice	SYN counsel, guidance, hint, instruction, opinion, recommendation, suggestion, tip	نصیحت، توصیه
Again and again	a great many times SYN repeatedly	بارها، مرتبا
agreement	SYN settlement, contract, deal	توافق، سازش،
along with	together with	همراه با، به اضافه ی
aloud	in a raised voice silently	بلند، با صدای بلند
appreciation	SYN acknowledgment, gratefulness, gratitude, thanks	قدردانی، درک، فهم
as follows	as is explained in the coming section	به شرح زیر
author	SYN writer	نويسنده
belonging	closeness and mutual acceptance in a relationship	دارایی، تعلق
blessing	SYN benediction, sanctification	رحمت، توفيق، بركت
boost	SYN increase, raise, grow	بالابردن، افزایش دادن
bring up	to take care of a child until the child is an adult	تربیت کردن، بزرگ کردن
burst	SYN explode	منفجر کردن، ترکیدن
burst into tears	begin to cry suddenly	ناگهان زیر گریه زدن
by heart	by memory; without the aid of writing or other reminders	از حفظ
by the way	used to add something into a conversation that is on a different subject	راستی
cage	a boxlike enclosure having some sections covered by wire or bars	قفس
calmly	SYN quietly, tranquilly	به آرامی، با متانت
cancer	a kind of disease	سرطان
care for	SYN watch over, tend to	<b>راقبت کردن از، علاقه داشتن به</b>
catch	SYN capture, ensnare, seize, take ANT lose	گرفتن، دچار شدن(بیماری)
center	SYN middle, median	مرکز، وسط، کانون، هسته
chess	a game	شطرنج
childhood	the period or state of being a child	بچگی، دوران کودکی
choose	SYN elect, pick, pick out, select	انتخاب کردن، برگزیدن
collocation	a set of words which come together	هم نشینی، با هم آیی
combine	to bring or join together	ترکیب کردن، ترکیب شدن
compound	SYN combined, mixed, multiple	مرکب، ترکیب، مخلوط

confirm	SYN prove, substantiate, validate, verify	ایید کردن، تصدیق کردن
connecting	SYN joining, linking, associating	ابط، ربط دهنده، مرتبط
contrast	SYN differentiate, discriminate, distinguish	تضاد، تقابل
countless	very great in number <b>SYN</b> innumerable	بی شمار، بی اندازه
cousin	the child of an aunt or uncle.	پسر/دختر عمو یا دایی
cry	produce from eyes when we are sad or hurt	گریه کردن
cure	SYN heal	درمان، درمان کردن
curious	SYN searching, questioning	كنجكاو
dedicate	SYN devote, give over to	<b>. کردن، اختصاص دادن به</b>
dedicated	SYN devoted	متعهد، متعصب
deserve	be worthy have a right to	سزاوار بودن، لايق بودن
diary	written account of daily occurrences, journal; daily calendar	دفتر خاطرات
diploma	certificate given upon completion of a course of study	ديپلم
discover	SYN find, detect, figure out, uncover	كشف كردن
distinguish	SYN recognize, find, diagnose	خیص دادن، فرق گذاشتن
distinguished	SYN prime, master, outstanding recognizable	برجسته، متمايز
doer	SYN operator	انجام دهنده، کننده
duty	SYN mission, responsibility, charge	وظيفه، مسئوليت
either	each of two	یا، هر یک
elder	SYN older younger	بزرگتر، مسن تر
elderly	SYN aged, old	ساخورده، پیر
elicit	SYN induct, extract	متخراج اطلاعات، استتباط
enjoyable	SYN pleasant; entertaining	لذت بخش
ethic	a set of moral principles and values	اخلاقی، اصول خلاقی
failure	the act or result of failing ANT achievement, success, victory	شكست
feed	to provide food for or give food to SYN nourish	تغذیه دادن، غذا دادن
fix	to make stable or steady, fasten securely ANT unfix	تعمير كردن
forgive	SYN excuse, overlook, pardon	بخشيدن
found	SYN establish, originate, start	سیس کردن، ایجاد کردن
fridge	a refrigerator	يخچال
function	SYN purpose, role, use	کاربرد، کارکرد
generate	SYN breed, raise, supply, produce	تولید کردن
generation	SYN race	توليد، نسل
generous	SYN benevolent, openhanded, unselfish	بخشنده
go together	existed or connected together in some ways	م همراه بودن، به هم امدن
grandchild	a child of one's child.	نوه
grateful	SYN appreciative, thankful	۔ قدردان، سپاسگزار
guideline	SYN leader, guidance, adviser	دستورالعمل، راهنما
handle	to deal with SYN manage	ریت کردن، رسیدگی کردن

hard of hearing	if someone is hard of hearing, they are not able to hear properly	سنگینی گوش
hate	to dislike intensely	نفرت، نفرت داشتن از
hear of	to know	سم کسی یا چیزی را شنیدن
hence	SYN so, therefore, thus	بنابراين
heritage	SYN inheritance, legacy, tradition	ميراث
homeland	one's native country or region.	ميهن، وطن
honor	pride	افتخار، عزت
hug	SYN embrace	آغوش، در آغوش گرفتن
identity	SYN individuality, personhood	هویت
inform	SYN declare, tell, notify, warn	آگاه کردن،گفتن
insight	SYN perception, realization	فهم، بصيرت
inspiration	SYN motivation, stimulus	الهام
install	SYN emplace position, set	نصب کردن
interestingly	in a manner which fascinates	جالب است که
keep	SYN hold, retain	نگه داشتن، ادامه دادن
kindly	showing or having kindness, merciful	بامهرباني
kindness	SYN compassion	 مهربانی
kiss	to touch or press with the lips as a sign of love	بوسه، بوسیدن
lack	SYN absence, loss	فقدان
lap	the front of the human body from the waist to the knees	دامن، قسمتی از ران
lazy	SYN slow, idle	تنبل
location	SYN place, position	موقعیت، محل، جا
loving	feeling or showing love SYN kind, warm-hearted	با محبت، عاشقانه
lower	SYN decrease, lessen, reduce ANT increase	کم کردن، کم شدن
meaningful	SYN significant	معنی دار، با معنی
moral	SYN behavior	اخلاقی، اصول اخلاقی
most importantly	the most important	از همه مهمتر اینکه
not surprisingly	It's used when sth is not surprising	تعجبی ندارد که
object	SYN thing	شی، مفعول
once	one time	روزی،یک زمانی، یکبار
on the other hand	from the other point of view, on the other side	از طرف دیگر
ordinary	SYN usual or normal. standard, customary	معمولی، عادی
parrot	a kind of bird	طوطی
passive	SYN inactive	مجهول
present	<b>noun</b> gift. now, <b>verb</b> give, exhibit	هدیه، حال، ارائه دادن
pause	a temporary stop break	مکث، مکث کردن

peaceful	tranquil; quiet calm	آرام، با صلح و آرامش
physician	SYN doctor	پزشک
pigeon	type of bird	كبوتر
pity	regret, sympathy, forgiveness	نرجم، دلسوزي، دلسوزي کردن
poetry	poems	شعر، شاعرانگی
principle	SYN rule	اصل، قاعده، بنیان
process	SYN method, operation, procedure	فرایند، جریان، پروسه
provide	SYN serve, supply	تدارک دیدن، فراهم کردن
quantity	amount or number	کمیت، مقدار
rather than	instead of	به جای، به جای اینکه
receive	SYN attain, get, gain, acquire, earn, catch	دریافت کردن
record	SYN note, take, write up	ضبط کردن
regard	SYN attention, tendency, remark, consider, note, notice, perceive, observe	توجه، ملاحظه، تلقى كردن
regarding	with respect to SYN concerning.	در ارتباط با، با توجه به
religious	relating to or concerned with religion.	مذهبي
repeatedly	again and again; many times	بارها و بارها، به کرات
replace	put in place of SYN substitute	جايگزين كردن
reply	SYN answer, respond, response	جواب دادن
responsibility	SYN charge, burden e duty, task	مسئوليت
result	SYN conclusion	نتيجه
robber	SYN stealer, burglar thief	دزد
score	SYN grade, mark	نمره، امتياز
sense	impression feeling, sensation	حس، احساس،حس کردن
sense of appreciation	the feeling of expressing thanks	حس قدرشناسي
series	SYN sequence, chain, course	سری، مجموعه
shout	shriek, yell و <b>SYN</b> cry و <b>SYN</b> cry	فرياد كشيدن
signal	SYN show, manifest, notify	لامت، علامت دادن،نشان دادن
sofa	a long upholstered seat with arms and a back SYN couch.	كاناپه
solution	SYN explanation, solving	راه حل
sometime	at some indefinite or unspecified time	گاهی اوقات
sound	SYN seem	بنظر آمدن، بنظر رسیدن
spare	SYN withhold	مضايقه كردن، دريغ كردن
spare no pain	to do your best for sth or someone	از هیچ تلاشی مضایقه نکردن
steal	SYN rob, steal, grab	دزدیدن، ربودن
strength	SYN stamina, power, weak	قدرت، نیرو، قوت

suddenly	SYN abruptly, unawares	ناگهان، بصورت اتفاقی
take a rest	relaxation	استراحت كردن
tear	a drop of liquid that comes out of eyes	اشک
teenager	SYN adolescent	نوجوان
temperature	the degree of heat or cold of a body or an environment.	دما
terrible	SYN hideous, scary, dreadful, terrific, horrible	وحشتناك، افتضاح
textbook	book, text	کتاب درسی
thus	SYN so, therefore	بنابراین، سپس
tool	SYN thing, instrument, material, device	ابزار، وسیله
uncertainty	the condition or quality of being uncertain. ANT certainty	عدم قطعیت، تردید
unconditionally	an unconditional manner SYN unreservedly, completely	بدون قید و شرط
unnatural	SYN subnormal, artificial	غیرطبیعی، غیرعادی
unreal	not real, lacking actuality	غيرواقعي
vase	SYN pot	گلدان
whereby	by what or which	که به موجب آن
while	SYN as, while, whenever	در حالی که، هنگامیکه
willing	SYN satisfied, happy	راضي، خشنود
within	SYN during	در، در محدوده
worthy	SYN qualified, capable	لايق، شايسته

国的现在分词

#### In the Name of ALLAH

#### سوالات شنیداری مکالمه درس ۱ صفحه: ۹۹

Sara l	has been in the Children's Medical Center for a week. She has caught a
The d	octor told her to stay there to get better. There is a of an old man on
the w	all. While the nurse is taking her, they start talking.
Sara	Excuse me, who is that man in the picture?
Nurse	e: Oh, don't you know him? Have you everof Dr. Mohammad Gharib?
Sara:	I guess I have only seen his name in my English book, but I'm not sure about it.
Nurse	e: Dr. Gharib was a famous
Sara:	Oh, can you tell me a little about his life?
medic	e: Dr. Gharib was born in Tehran in 1288. After receiving his diploma, he went to study eine. In 1316 he became a physician and then came back to his In 1347 this center by Dr. Gharib and one of his close friends.
Sara:	Really? I didn't know that.
	e: Dr. Gharib was also a generous man. He to cure sick children. He was riendly and helpful to poor families. Not surprisingly, he was regarded as a physician.
Sara:	It's a pity! I didn't know such a great man.
	e: He was known as a university professor, too. The first Persian textbook on children's ses was written by him. He taught medicine to thousands of students.
Sara:	Oh, what a great man he was!
Nurse	e: By the way, it might be to know that your physician was one of Dr. Gharib's students!
Sara:	Really?! That's interesting!
	به فایل صوتی گوش کنید ، سوالات زیر را جواب دهید.
1)	Who was Dr. Charib?
2)	When was Dr. Gharib born?
3)	Why did he go abroad?
4)	When did he become a physician?
5)	Who founded the Medical Center? When?
6)	What book did Dr. Gharib write?

### سوالات شنیداری ریدینگ کتاب درسی صفحه: ۲۶ و ۲۰

#### Respect your Parents

On a spring morning, an old woman was sitting on the sofa in her house. Her young son was reading a newspaper. Suddenly a ...... sat on the window.

The mother asked her son quietly, "What is this?" The son .......... "It is a pigeon". After a few minutes, she asked her son for the second time, "What is this?" The son said, "Mom, I have just told you, "It is a pigeon, a pigeon". After a ....., the old mother asked her son for the third time, "What is this?" This time the son shouted at his mother, "Why do you keep asking me the same question again and again? Are you hard of hearing?"

A little later, the mother went to her room and came back with an ................................. She said, "My dear son, I bought this diary when you were born". Then, she opened a page and ...... asked her son to read that page. The son looked at the page, paused and started reading it aloud:

Today my little son was sitting on my lap, when a pigeon sat on the window. My son asked me what it was 15 times, and I replied to him all 15 times that it was a pigeon. I ...... him lovingly each time when he asked me the same question again and again. I did not feel angry at all. I was actually feeling happy for my lovely child.

Suddenly the son burst into tears, hugged his old mother and said ....., "Mom, mom, forgive me; please forgive me." The old woman hugged her son, kissed him and said calmly, "We must care for those who once cared for us. We all know how parents cared for their children for every little thing. Children must love them, ..... them, and care for them".

### سوالات شنیداری Listening and speaking صفحه: ۳۲

- 1. Sam was sick for two weeks. T / F / no information
- 2. Sam had a headache. T / F / no information
- 3.Doctors are checking his ......
- 4. Sam is not a student. T / F / no information

#### سو الآت شنیداری مکالمه ۱ صفحه: ۳۳

- 2. What is Amin doing? ...... 1. Is Amin free? .....
- 3. Does Amin think that health is important than responsibility?.....
- 4. What does Behzad think about health?.....
- 5. Why is Amin busy these days?.....
- 6. Behzad thinks health is really important. T / F / no information
- 7. Amin thinks we need to ...... responsibility, ...... and ......

#### سو الات شنبداري مكالمه ٢ صفحه: ٣٣

- 1. Mina is going to the gym. T / F / no information
- 2. Mina prefers individual sports. T / F / no information



3. Mina prefers ...... sports.

4. Roya likes team sports . T / F / no information

5. Mina thinks it ..... on the ......of sport.

#### سوالات شنیداری What you learned صفحه: ۴۱

ابتدا به معنی کلمات زیررا به خاطر بسپارید و سپس به سوالات داده شده بعد از گوش دادن به فایل صوتی جواب دهید.

دانش:wisdom خرد:wisdom تجربه کسب کردن:gain experience فراز و نشیب ها

درد :Insight پنهان کردن سختی ها:go through پنهان کردن pain پنهان کردن

1. Why is knowing about the experience of our parents important?

2. Why are our parents our first teachers?

3. Why elders are our first teachers?

4. What may our elders hide from us?

5. How can we thank our elders?

6. Are we responsible to learn from the elders? How?

### مكالمه درس ۱ صفحه ۱۹

Sara has been in the Children's Medical Center for a week. She has caught a terrible flu. The doctor told her to stay there to get better. There is a photograph of an old man on the wall. While the nurse is taking her temperature, they start talking.

سارا یک هفته است که در مرکز درمانی کودکان حضور دارد. او آنفلوآنزا خیلی بدی گرفته است. دکتر به او گفته که در مرکز درمانی بماند تا بهتر شود. (یهو نویسنده کتاب رفته سراغ عکس یک مرد پیر روی دیوار، خیلی بی مقدمه!) عکس یک پیر مرد روی دیوار است. درحالی که پرستار تب سارا را می گیرد، آنها شروع به صحبت می کنند.

Sara: Excuse me, who is that man in the picture? مسارا: ببخشید، اون مرده توی عکس کیه؟

Nurse: Oh, don't you know him? Have you ever heard of Dr. Mohammad Gharib?

پرستار: اوه، نمیشناسیش؟ تا بحال اسم دکتر قریب رو شنیدی؟

Sara: I guess I have only seen his name in my English book, but I'm not sure about it.

سارا: فكر مى كنم فقط اسمش رو توى كتاب انگليسيم ديدم، اما مطمئن نيستم

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was a famous physician.

سارا: اوه، میتونی یخور ده در مورد زندگیش بهم بگی؟ Sara: Oh,... can you tell me a little about his life?

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was born in Tehran in 1288. After receiving his diploma, he went abroad to study medicine. In 1316 he became a physician and then came back to his homeland. In 1347 this center was founded by Dr. Gharib and one of his close friends.

پرستار: دکتر قریب در تهران و در سال ۱۲۸۸ بدنیا آمد. بعد از گرفتن دیپلم، رفت خارج تا پزشکی بخونه. در سال ۱۳۱٦، یک پزشک شد و بعد به سرزمینش برگشت. در سال ۱۳٤۷، این مرکز توسط دکتر قریب و یکی از نزدیک ترین دوستانش تاسیس شد.

سارا: واقعا؟ من نمي دونستم. (خب از اول كه گفته بودي نمي دونم!) Sara: Really? I didn't know that.

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was also a generous man. He spared no pains to cure sick children. He was very friendly and helpful to poor families. Not surprisingly, he was regarded as a dedicated physician.

پرستار: دکتر قریب یک مرد بخشنده و سخاوتمند هم بود. او از هیچ تلاشی برای درمان کودکان مریض مضایقه نمی کرد. او در مورد خانواده های فقیر خیلی خوش برخورد و مفید بود. جای تعجب نیست که او به عنوان یک پزشک فداکار در نظر گرفته می شد.

Sara: It's a pity! I didn't know such a great man.

حیف! من همچین مرد بزرگی رو نمی شناختم

Nurse: He was known as a distinguished university professor, too. The first Persian textbook on children's diseases was written by him. He taught medicine to thousands of students.

او همچنین به عنوان استاد برجسته دانشگاه شناخته می شد. اولین کتاب فارسی در مورد بیماریهای کودکان توسط وی نوشته شد. او به هزاران دانشجو پزشکی آموزش داد.

Sara: Oh, what a great man he was!

اوه! عجب مرد بزرگی بود

Nurse: By the way, it might be interesting to know that your physician was one of Dr. Gharib's students!

راستی، ممکنه جالب باشه که بدونی دکترت یکی از شاگردان دکتر قریب هست

Sara: Really?! That's interesting!

إواقعا!؟ خيلي جالبه

### ترجمه ریدینگ کتاب درسی صفحه ۲۶ و ۲۵

Respect your Parents

On a spring morning, an old woman was sitting on the sofa in her house. Her young son was reading a newspaper. Suddenly a pigeon sat on the window.

در یک صبح بهاری..یک زن پیر در خانه اش بر روی کاناپه نشته بود.پسر جوانش در حال روزنامه خواندن بود.ناگهان یک کبوتر بر روی بنجر ه نشست.

The mother asked her son quietly, "What is this?" The son replied: "It is a pigeon". After a few minutes, she asked her son for the second time, "What is this?" The son said, "Mom, I have just told you, "It is a pigeon, a pigeon". After a little while, the old mother asked her son for the third time, "What is this?" This time the son shouted at his mother, "Why do you keep asking me the same question again and again? Are you hard of hearing?"

مادر به آرامی از پسرش پرسید"این چیه؟" پسر جواب داد:"این یک کبوتر است". بعد از چند دقیقه برای دومین بار از پسرش پرسید "این چیه؟"پسر گفت: "تازه من بهت گفتم این یک پرنده است پرنده". بعد از مدت کمی مادر پیر برای سومین بار از پسرش پرسید "این چیه؟" این بار پسر بر سر مادرش فریاد کشید: " چرا همش داری سؤال های تکراری میپرسی؟ مگه مشکل شنوایی داری؟"

A little later, the mother went to her room and came back with an old diary. She said, "My dear son, I bought this diary when you were born". Then, she opened a page and kindly asked her son to read that page. The son looked at the page, paused and started reading it aloud:

کمی بعد، یمادر به اتاقش رفت و با یک دفترچه خاطرات برگشت. او گفت "پسر عزیزم من این دفتر خاطرات را وقتی که تو متولد شدی، خریدم". سپس او صفحه ای را باز کرد و با مهربانی از پسرش خواست که آن را بخواند. پسر به صفحه نگاهی انداخت و مکثی کرد و شروع به خواندن نمود:

Today my little son was sitting on my lap, when a pigeon sat on the window. My son asked me what it was 15 times, and I replied to him all 15 times that it was a pigeon. I hugged him lovingly each time when he asked me the same question again and again. I did not feel angry at all. I was actually feeling happy for my lovely child.

امروز پسر کوچکم بر رُوی پایم نشسته بود، زمانیکه که یک کبوتر بر روی پنجره نشست. پسرم ۱۰بار از من پرسید که این چی بود و من هر ۱۰بار برای او تکرار کردم که این یک کبوتر است. هر بار که او همان سؤال تکراری را از من میپرسید من او را با مهربانی در آغوش میگرفتم. من اصلا احساس عصبالیت نکردم. در واقع من به خاطر فرزند دوست داشتنی ام، احساس خوشحالی می کردم.

Suddenly the son burst into tears, hugged his old mother and said repeatedly, "Mom, mom, forgive me; please forgive me." The old woman hugged her son, kissed him and said calmly, "We must care for those who once cared for us. We all know how parents cared for their children for every little thing. Children must love them, respect them, and care for them".

ناگهان پسر شروع به گریه کردن کرد و مادر پیرش را در آغوش گرفت و مکرراً تکرار میکرد که" مادر، مادر منو ببخش لطفاً منو ببخشید". زن پیر پسرش را در آغوش گرفت و او را بوسید و با خونسردی گفت: "ما باید از کسانی که یک زمانی از ما مراقبت کرده اند، مراقبت کنیم. ما همه میدانیم که پدر و مادر برای هر مسئله ی کوچکی چگونه به فرزندانشان اهمیت میدهند. بچه ها باید آن ها را دوست داشته باشند و به آن ها احترام بگذارند و از آن ها مراقبت کنند"

## درس ۱ صفحه: ۲۹ مثن گرامر

Hafez is known to be as one of the most famous Persian poets of all time. He was born sometime between the years 1310 and 1337 A.D1. in Shiraz. In his childhood, he received religious education. He is called Hafez because he learned the Holy Quran by heart. Hafez is mostly remembered for a special type of poetry that is called Ghazal. Emotions and ethics are used in Ghazals a lot. The collection of his poems is called Divan. It has been translated into countless languages including German, English and French. Hafez is known to be the inspiration for many poets and authors around the world.

حافظ را یکی از مشهورترین شاعران فارسی زبان تمامی دوران ها میدانند. او بین سالهای ۱۳۱۰ تا ۱۳۳۷ شمسی در شیراز متولد شد. در دوران کودکی به تحصیلات دینی پرداخت. او نامیده می شود حافظ به این دلیل که قرآن کریم را یاد گرفت از حفظ. حافظ بیشتر به خاطر نوع خاصی از شعر که غزل نامیده می شود به خاطر سپرده شده است. احساسات و اخلاق در غزل بسیار به کار رفته است. مجموعه اشعار دیوان نامیده میشود. به زبان های بی شماری از جمله آلمانی، انگلیسی و فرانسوی ترجمه شده است. حافظ به عنوان الهام بخش بسیاری از شاعران و نویسندگان در سراسر جهان شناخته میشود.

درس ۱ صفحه: ۳۰ متن گرامر

Many products are developed each year. Light bulb, camera, airplane, and telephone were invented by scientists and inventors. Laptops, smart phones, and tablets were made by lots of work. But not all products are developed by hard work. Some inventions were created by accident or scientists' mistakes. Penicillin, for instance, was discovered quite accidentally when Alexander Fleming was working on bacteria. Microwave oven also was invented during a scientist's experiment on energy. More interestingly, some tools and technologies are not made by scientists at all. Some like dishwashers and computer games were made by ordinary people like workers, housewives and school students.

محصولات زیادی هر سالهٔ توسعه می یابند. لامپ، دوربین، هواپیما و تلفن توسط دانشمندان و مختر عاناختراع شدند.لپتاپها، تلفنهای هوشمند و تبلتها با تلاش فراوان ساخته شدند. اما همه محصولات با کار سخت تولید نمی شوند. برخی از اختراعات به طور تصادفی یا به علت اشتباهات دانشمندان ایجاد شده اند. به علوان مثال، پنی سیلین کشف شد کاملاً تصادفی زمانی که الکساندر فلمینگ روی باکتری ها کار می کرد . اجاق مایکروویو نیز در طی آزمایش یک دانشمند روی انرژی اختراع شد. جالبتر اینکه برخی ابزارها و فناوری ها اصلا توسط دانشمندان ساخته نمی شد مای کامپیوتری توسط مردم عادی ساخته می شد مانند کارگران، زنان خانه دار و دانش آموزان مدرسه

درس ۱ قسمت ۸: صفحه ۴۱

Dr. Asadi is answering this important question: "Why is it important to care for our elders?" I think first of all, we need to remember that they are our mothers and fathers, and our first teachers. They teach us how to love, how to care, how to forgive, and how to accept. Second, elders have more knowledge and wisdom than any one of us. They've come so far and they've learned so much.

دکتر اسدی در پاسخ به این سوال مهم که چرا مراقبت از سالمندان مهم است؟ من فکر می کنم اول از همه، ما باید به یاد داشته باشیم که آنها مادران و پدران ما و اولین معلمان ما هستند. آنها به ما یاد می دهند که چگونه دوست داشته باشیم، چگونه مراقبت کنیم، چگونه ببخشیم و چگونه بپذیریم. ثانیاً، سالمندان دانش و حکمت بیشتری نسبت به همه ما دارند. آنها تا اینجای کار آمده اند و چیز های زیادی یاد گرفته اند.

We have a responsibility to learn from that wisdom. But the most important thing is their experience. We may or may not know of all the ups and downs they've faced in life but they've definitely gained experience that is worth respecting and learning from. Our elders may hide much pain from us because they don't want us to feel the pain, the least we can do is appreciate them for all they've gone through and learn from their insight into situations.

ما وظیفه داریم از این حکمت درس بگیریم. اما مهمترین چیز تجربه آنهاست. ما ممکن است از همه فراز و نشیب هایی که آنها در زندگی با آنها روبرو شده اند بدانیم یا ندانیم ، اما قطعاً تجربه ای به دست آورده اند که ارزش احترام گذاشتن و یادگیری از آن را دارد. بزرگان ما ممکن است درد زیادی را از ما پنهان می کنند زیرا آنها نمی خواهند ما درد را احساس کنیم، حداقل کاری که می توانیم انجام دهیم این است که قدر آنها را بدانیم تمام آنچه آنها از سر گذرانده اند و از بینش آنها نسبت به موقعیت ها یاد بگیریم.



Yet another important thing is our heritage and culture. We have much to learn from our parents regarding our heritage, to be proud of our past. This heritage and history brings a sense of belonging. Most importantly, it brings us a sense of identity of our past and the responsibility to protect it for our future generations.

نکته مهم دیگر میراث و فرهنگ ماست. ما باید از والدینمان در مورد میراثمان چیزهای زیادی یاد بگیریم تا به گذشته خود افتخار کنیم. این میراث و تاریخ حس تعلق را 😝 ارمغان می آورد. مهمتر از همه، این میراث و تاریخ، حس هویت گذشته و مسئولیت محافظت از آن برای نسل های آینده را برای ما به ارمعان می آورد.

What I can add at the end is the role of our parents' morals, values, and principles in our lives. Our elders have either learned, created or have been brought up with a set of morals, values and principles in their lives. Our elders want the best for us and they are willing to tell us what set of rules and guidelines have made them successful, and hopefully, peaceful.

آنچه در پایان می توانم اضافه کنم، نقش اخلاق، ارزش ها و اصول والدین ما در زندگی ما است. بزرگان ما یا آموخته اند، یا خلق کرده اندو یا با مجموعه ای از اخلاق، ارزش ها و اصول در زاندگی خود تربیت شده اند. بزرگان ما بهترین ها را برای ما می خواهند و مایلند به ما بگویند که چه مجموعه ای از قوانین و دستورالعمل ها باعث موفقیت، امیدواری و آرامش آنها شده است

### ترجمه متن كتاب كار ص ١١

It is very important for us to respect our elders. It is also important to note that elders were not born elders; they were kids like us and now have grown old. A few years hence we will also grow older. If today we respect them, our present and future generations will carry those values and will learn to respect us as well when we grow old.

برای ما بسیار مهم است که به بزرگتر هایمان احترام بگزاریم. همچنین مهم است که بدانیم بزرگتر ها، بزرگ به دنیا نیامده اند. آن ها همانند ما کودک بوده اند و اکنون بزرگ شده اند. چند سال بعد ما نیز مسن تر خواهیم شد. اگر امرور ما به آن ها احترام بگذاریم نسل امروز و آینده ما نیز آن ارزش ها را حفظ خواهند کر د و یاد می گیرند که هنگامی که ما هم بیر شدیم به ما احترام بگذارند.

Elders have a lot to share with us: their life experiences, their failures, their successes and many more. Thus, we need to care for them because they deserve to be cared for. Respect and care for elders start with our parents as they are our first teachers in our life.

بزرگتر ها چیزهای زیادی برای تقسیم کردن با ما دارند: تجربه زندگیشان, شکست هایشان, موفقیت هایشان, و چیزهای بیشتر. بنابراین ما نیاز داریم که به آن ها اهمیت بدهیم چونکه سزاوار مراقبت کردن هستند. احترام و مراقبت کردن از بزرگترها، با پدر و مادرمان شروع میشود چونکه آن ها اولین معلم های ما در زندگی هستند.

No matter what we do in our lives, who we are, and where we live, we must love them as they love us unconditionally. They feel honored when we appreciate their love and respect them. So, it is our duty to help them when they need us because they are not young enough to handle things on their own like before.

مهم نیست چه کاری را در زندگیمان انجام میدهیم, چه کسی هستیم, ما باید آن ها را همانگونه که آن ها ما را بی قید و شرط دوست دار ند دوست داشته باشیم. آن ها احساس افتخار میکنند هنگامی که ما قدر دان عشق آنها هستیم و به آن ها احترام میگذاریم. پس این وظیفه ما است که هنگامی که به ما نیاز دارند به آن ها کمک کنیم زیرا آنها به اندازه کافی جوان نیستند که مانند قبل بتوانند به کار ها رسیدگی کنند.

#### **Title Part Lesson 1**

**sense**: a feeling about something **appreciate**: to understand how serious or important a situation or problem is or what someone's feelings are **SYN** realize **appreciation**: a feeling of being grateful for something someone has done 1. The students ......their teachers for being so kind to them. 2. He felt a ......of pain in his chest. 3. Children should show a sense of ......to their parents. **lower : reduce :** to reduce something in amount, degree, strength etc, or to become less **boost**: to increase or improve something and make it more successful. 1. The opposite of **boost** is ...... 2. The shirts are very expensive in this store. The salesman has ...... 3. When somebody ......the amount or degree of something, he .....it. **elderly**: old or becoming old. successful: achieving what you wanted, or having the effect or result you intended. 1.He believes we should respect the ......people. 2. Edison invented many things. He was a ......inventor. 3. The doctor was ......in lowering the man's blood pressure. **teenager**: someone who is between 13 and 19 years old. **advice**: an opinion you give someone about what they should do. 1.My brother is 14 years old. He is a ..... 2. On way of being successful is to listen to the elderly people's ...... **improve**: to make something better, or to become better. **function**: the purpose that something has, or the job that someone or something **memory**: ability to remember someone's ability to remember things, places, experiences. 1. The ability to remember things and experiences for a long time is ......

2. The brain of successful people ......better.

3. We can .....our lives by being kind to the elderly people.

جملات زیر را به تصاویر مناسب وصل کنید

- 1.Helping others lowers blood pressure.
- 2. Kindness boosts energy and strength in elderly people.
- 3. Teenagers who help others are more successful in life.
- 4.Listening to the advice of older people improves our lives.
- 5. Taking care of grandchildren increases brain function and memory.



#### boost- elderly- blood pressure- lower - strength- teenagers- memory

- 1. You should ...... your speed as you approach a junction.
- 2. A measure of the pressure at which the blood flows through the body is called ......
- 3. The theatre tried to ...... its audiences by cutting ticket prices.
- 4. Admitting you've made a mistake is a sign of....., not weakness.
- 5. Please give up your seat to an..... or disabled person if they require it.
- 6. Many parents find it hard to relate to their children when they are......

#### Successful- lower- elderly- blood pressure- boosted- advice - strength

- 1. The government has done much to ......unemployment.
- 2. The nurse will take your .....in a moment.
- 3. Share prices were .....by reports of the President's recovery.
- 4. He showed great..... of character when he refused to accept the bribes.
- 5. An ......couple live next door. 6. You have to be tough to be...... in politics.

### Get Ready Part Lesson 1

**following**: the next **OPP** preceding:

**appropriate** :correct or suitable for a particular time, situation, or purpose **OPP inappropriate** 

- **1.** Is this film appropriate for small children?
- 2. You would be well-advised to have the appropriate vaccinations before you go abroad.
- 3. Please read the instructions and then answer the ......questions.

**behaviour**: the things that a person or animal does: It is important to reward good behaviour.

**select**: to choose something or someone by thinking carefully about most suitable etc **SYN choose**, **pick**:

- 1. Parents should pay attention to their children's good ......more.
- 2. The girls had to .....between thee scarves.

**respect**: feeling of admiring someone or what they do

**donate**: to give something, especially money, to a person or an organization in order to help them

- 1. The money was .....by a dedicated physician.
- 2.I deeply .......David for what he has achieved

### Appropriate – donated – select – behavior - respect

- 1. We must ......the rights of all nations around the world.
- 2.Ten pence is ..... to charity for every bottle sold.
- 3.A mouse is a device which makes it easier to ...... different options from computer menus.
- 4. We will provide help whenever you think it is ......

### **Conversation Part Lesson 1**

**temperature**: the temperature of your body, especially used as a measure of whether you are sick or not:

The nurse took (= measured) my temperature.

**physician**: **doctor** someone who treats people who are ill

**regard**: to think about someone or something in a particular way. **consider** 

- 1.Her parents always ......her as the cleverest of their children.
- 2. The doctor examined him and took his ......
- 3.He cured the sick people freely. He was a generous ......

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**dedicated**: someone who works very hard at what they do because they care a lot about it. **devoted dedicate**: to give all your attention and effort to one particular thing **spare no pains: give** to make something such as time, money available for someone **distinguished**: successful, respected, and admired: distinguish: to recognize and understand the difference between two or more things or people SYN differentiate 1. Many people around the world know this scientist. He is a ......person **2.** The physician is very helpful. She ......to assist those who need her. 3. There are many ......people around the world who are volunteer to help others. 4. Some rich people ......their wealth to charity. **Surprisingly**: unusually or unexpectedly. *The exam was surprisingly easy.* Found: to start something such as an school, or city, often by providing money SYN establish **abroad**: in or to a foreign country 1. The children medical center was.....in 1358 2. The books about Harry Potter have been very popular, both at home and ....... 3. ....., with youth unemployment so high, some school-leavers with qualifications fail to find jobs. 4. We never travelled ...... when we were kids. **homeland**: the country where someone was born generous: willing to give money, spend time etc, in order to help people or give them pleasure OPP mean by the way used when saying something that is not related to the main subject you were talking about before : 1.It was ...... of her to invite her elderly aunt to live with them. 2. How can we defend our ..... if we don't have an army? 3....., your car keys are left on the table. ت با توجه به معنی جملات داده شده کلمات مور د نظر را بنو بسید 1. A person who donates money, clothes, food and everything to the poor people is a ...... person. 2. A person who endanger his life and devote himself to the other people is called ...... person 3. He is a person who cure different diseases of the sick people. He is a ...... 4. It is the country you were born in. It is your ...... 5. The brave man spared no ......to save the injured boy. 6. This professor is very famous. Actually, he is a ...... man in our university.

7. My father's body was hot. The doctor took his				
			· سوال از ابتدای در س یک تا پایان مکالمه	نمونه
1.Children rarely sho	ow any fo	r what their parents de	o for them.	
a. appreciation	b. situation	c. location	d. communication	
2. I	his views, althou	gh I do not agree with	them.	
a. devote	b. respect	c. boost	d. lower	
3. Art experts highly	hi	s work.		
a. increased	b. interested	c. burned	d. regarded	
4. People with heart	problems should talk to	their	before making the trip.	
a. donor	b. physician	c. librarian	d. foreigner	
5. When Beethoven	composing music, his se	ense of was poor	r and got worse until he was completely dea	af.
a. appreciation	b. humor	c. hearing	d. importance	
6. Although few kne	w of her greatness durin	ng his lifetime, Van G	og is now as one of the best painters.	
a. boosted	b. identified	c. dedicated	d. regarded	
7. The generous old	woman decided to dona	te half her possession	s to a cancer charity. "generous" means	
a. Having a duty		b. willing to give fre	eely	
c. Having strong beli	ef in God	d. well known and re	espectable	
8. They look so simi	lar that it's often difficu	ılt to distinguish one f	from the other. The word "distinguish" in t	his
sentence is closet in	meaning to			
a. recognize	b. compare	c. sel	lect d. describe	
9. Exercise is helpful	for every part of the bo	ody, including the mi	nd. "Helpful" means	
a. necessary	b. important	c. use	ful d. natural	
			ن داده شده را در جای خالی جایگزین کنید <sub>.</sub>	كلمات
abroa	d / homeland/ generou	ıs /ill / temperature /	distinguished/ found / boosted	
1. The winth	e volleyball national tea	am confidence to a lar	rge extent.	
2.It was of h	im to offer to pay for us	s both.		
3.After his father's death, Ali received enough money to a charity research center.				
4. Theof the water was just right for swimming.				
5. The lecture was attended by many mathematicians.				
6. The book of Harry Potter have been very popular both at home and				
7. Despite his wish, I	Reza was unable to join	the army because of .	health.	

New words and expressions Lesson 1

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## دوازدهم. درس اول. جزوه کلاسی زبان انگلیسی محمدرضا قهرمانی دبیر زبان انگلیسی و مدرس دانشگاه 1.sofa: a comfortable seat with raised arms and a back, that is wide enough for two or three people to sit **2.pigeon**: a grey bird with short legs that is common in cities **3.shout**: to say something very loudly →scream, yell. **4.hard of 'hearing**: unable to hear very well 1. There's no need to .....! I can hear you. 2. If they sat on a ....., they sat close together; often they shared an armchair. 3.My grandfather can't hear well. He is ..... **5.Be born**: to come out of a mother's body, and start to exist: **6.lap**: the upper part of your legs when you are sitting down 7.hug: to put your arms around someone and hold them tightly to show love or friendship: embrace 1. She went to her daughter and ...... her tightly. 2. That physician ...... and raised in a foreign country. 3. Most of the children like to sit their parents' ...... **8.burst into tears**: to suddenly begin to cry **9.repeatedly**: many times. 10.forgive: to stop being angry with someone and stop blaming them, forgive somebody for (doing) something. 1. Although some students are told ......to study, they don't care. 2. When she heard that her son had travelled abroad, she ...... 3. I ..... those who hurt me when I was a child. 11.calmly: in a relaxed and quiet way, not angrily. **12.diary:** a book in which you write down the things that happen to you each day :journal.

13.care for sb/sth. to look after someone who is not able to look after themselves : take care of .

**14.respect:** : admiration. a feeling of admiring someone or what they do

1. He thanked the nurses who had ...... him.

- 2.I have the greatest ...... for the doctor because he spared no pains to save my life.
- 3. Everybody likes to talk to my father because he speaks slowly and ......
- 4. John found his father's ......in an old suitcase. He had written his memories in it.

کلمات یا عبار ات مربوط به هر تصویر را زیر آن بنویسید.



#### Workbook Words Lesson 1

Failure: lack of success . OPP success

**Hence**: for this reason

**generation**: all people of about the same age:

deserve: to have earned something by good or bad actions or behaviour:

unconditional :not limited by or depending on any conditions :

**appreciate:** to be worthy

- 1. The cost of transport is a major expense for an industry. ......... factory location is an important factor.
- 2. Successful people often aren't very good at dealing with ......
- 3. Polite people ......for what somebody does for them.
- 4. The president promised the ...... release of all political prisoners .
- 5.Like most of my ....., I had never known a war.

#### **Collocations**

fast food	quick meal
strong wind	heavy rain
make a mistake	do exercise
read a newspaper	by heart
sit on the sofa	a special type of poetry
hard of hearing	In his childhood
feel well	
take temperature	
go abroad	•
by the way	
spare no pains	
burst into tears	
get terrible disease	
not surprisingly	

### تمونه سوال درس یک تا قسمت Reading

الف شماره جملات داده شده را در زیر تصاویر درست بنویسید









- 1. Children should respect their parents.
- 2. We have to take care of elderly people. 3. He donates what he doesn't use
- 4. Dad really shouted at me
- 5. My uncle hugged his son.
- 6. Ferdowsi was born in 940

ب کلمات داده شده ر ا در جای خالی جابگزین کنبد

#### temperature - boosted - cared for - elderly - physician - lower - generous

- 1. I think this drug will----- your blood presure.
- 2. The new program by the government has -----tourism.
- 3. He thanked the nurses who had ----- his children.
- 4. Please give up your seat to an -----or disabled person if they require it.
- 5. It might be interesting to know that your -----was one of Dr. Gharib's students!
- 6. The nurse started to take the patient's-----

### دوازدهم. درس اول. جزوه کلاسی زبان انگلیسی

پ. برای هریک از تصاویر داده شده کلمه مناسب بنویسید









			ت. معنی کلمات داده شده را از روبرو انتخاب کنید.
1. surprisingly:		A) in a quiet way	
2. calmly:		B) showing that yo	ou feel sorry about something
3. found:		C) to say something	g very loudly
4. shout:		D) to bring someth	ing into existence, life
5. repeatedly:		E) unexpectedly	
6. distinguished		F) successful and res	spected by many people
		G) many times	
			ث. مكالمه زير را با توجه به كلمات داده شده كامل كنيد
Medicine – spar	ed – dedicated – for	unded – abroad – distinguis	hed – interesting - homeland
Nurse: Dr. Gharib was bo	orn in Tehran in 12	88. After receiving his dip	ploma, he went to study
medicine. In1316 he becan	ne a physician and	then came back to his	In 1347 this center was
by Dr.Gharib an	nd one of his close	friends.	
Sara: Really? I didn't kno	ow that.		
Nurse: Dr. Gharib was al	lso a generous man	. He no pains	to cure sick children. He was very
friendly and helpful to poo	or families. Not sur	prisingly, he was regarded	as a physician.
Sara: It's a pity! I didn't l	know such a great	man.	
<b>Nurse:</b> He was known as	aunive	ersity professor, too. The f	irst Persian textbook on diseases of
children was written by hir	m. He taught	to thousands of	students.
			ج. بهترین جواب را از نظر معنی انتخاب کنید
1. Children rarely show any	for wh	nat their parents do for them.	
A. appreciation	B. situation	C. location	D. communication
2. I hi	s views, although I	lo not agree with them.	
A. devote	B.respect	C. boost	D. lower
3. His work is highly	by art o	experts.	

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### **B.interested** C. burned D. regarded A. increased 4. People with heart problems should talk to their ----- before making the trip. B. physician A. donor C. librarian D. foreigner چ. کلمات داده شده را در متن زیر بنویسید save - devoted - burnt - died Hassan Omidzadeh was a teacher from Shaft, Guilan. In the February of 1997, the school where he was teaching –caught fire. The -----teacher showed great boldness to save 30 students, where he himself was -----severely in the face and around his head. After suffering the injuries for years, he -----on July 18, 2012. ح. متر ادف یا تعریف کلمات داده شده را از جملات زیر انتخاب کنید A. He could never stop blaming or being angry with his brother for breaking the window B. I've put the date of the party down in my book with a separate space or page for each day. C. Mina suddenly started crying When she saw her marks D. The thief looked at the door in a quiet or relaxed way خ. جملات ناقص زير را با توجه به روبرو كامل كنيد 1. Listening to the advice..... A) blood pressure. B) energy and strength in elderly people 2. Helping others lowers..... (c) others are more successful in life. 3. Babysitting grandchildren ..... D) of older people improves our lives. 4. Kindness boosts ..... E) increases brain function and memory. 5. Teenagers who help..... F. should listen to each other. س. مكالمات داده شده زير را با توجه به كلمات داده شده كامل كنبد dedicate, temperature, physician, regard, distinguished, surprisingly, generous 1.A: How was the weather? B: There has been a sudden rise in ...... over the past few days. 2. A:Have you thought about your future job? B: I want to be a ..... 3.A: What did the new president say? B: She said she would ...... herself to protecting the rights of the old, the sick and the homeless. 4. A:What's his idea about e-commerce? B: He ..... e-commerce as an indivisible part of modern trade. 5. A: What was her reaction (عكس العمل)toward your mistake? B: She was ..... enough to overlook(ناديده گرفتن) my little mistake. 6. A: The main ..... feature of the new car is its fast acceleration(شتاب). B: That's very great.

دوازدهم. درس اول. جزوه کلاسی زبان انگلیسی محمدرضا قهرمانی دبیر زبان انگلیسی و مدرس دانشگاه

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را با توجه به کلمات داده شده کامل کنید	مات داده شده زیر	ل. مكالد
	polite	
1.A: How did you behave when you saw her? B: I'm afraid I wasn't very to her.	lazy	
2. A: What's your idea about that little girl? B: She is very	loving	
3. A: Bewhere you put that hot pan. B: All right.	cruel elderly	
4.A: He's too to walk to work. B: In addition, he is very fat.	kind	
5. A: Keeping animals in these bad conditions is unbelievably	careful	
ندین جواب را انتخاب کنید.	، به مفهوم جمله ، ب	با توجه
A.If today we respect our elders, our present and future generations will carry those very to respect us as well when we grow old.  a. Children carry more values than elders.  b. Elders respect us more than children	values and will	l learı
c. Children will carry elders when they grow old. d. When we respect elders, our childr	en learn to resp	pect us
B.Elders have a lot to share with us such as their life experiences, their failures, their same. Thus, we need to care for them because they deserve to be cared for. Respect an start with our parents as they are our first teachers in our life. We have to care for our a. their failures are less important b. they respect us as their teachers their life experience with us d. their successes are not important c. they share their life experience with us	nd care for eld r elders becau hers	lers
generally enjoy better health. Studies show that acts of kindness can have positive side increase good senses, improve health conditions and feelings. It increases relationship of kindness can make the world a happier place for everyone. Kind people can boost to control, happiness and responsibility. They may also inspire others to repeat the good experienced in a more positive society.  1. Kind people cannot improve the feeling of	s with others. their feelings o acts they have	Acts of
2. What does "they" in the fifth line refer to		
a) human beings b) happier people c) kind people d) other		
D. The easiest way to show your love and respect is to tell them that you appreciate what they do. You can also do something small but meaningful, for example, wash the kitchen after dinner or clean the rooms. Your parents will pay attention to and appreciate whose small things can be a sign of respect.  1. The easiest way to express love and respect to your parents is	e dishes, clean ciate your acts	the s of
E Vou must save for those who always care for you. Vou know that your neverts save	- o for von for o	T/OPT/
E. You must care for <u>those</u> who always care for you. You know that your parents care little thing. You must love them, respect them, and care for them. Besides bringing yo your parents spend their time, energy, and strength to make sure that you have what Telling them that you thank them reflects the level of your respect for them.  1. What does <u>those</u> refer to?	u into the wor	ıld,

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#### دوازدهم. درس اول. جزوه کلاسی زبان انگلیسی محمدرضا قهرمانی دبیر زبان انگلیسی و مدرس دانشگاه 2. How can children show their respect for their parents? a. by bringing you into the world b. by spending their time c. by making them strong d.by telling them F. Another place to donate is a place that collects food for people who don't have enough to eat.By donating food, we can help someone have enough to eat. Sometimes, we can give money. Some organizations use the money to build schools, provide medical help, or even protect the environment. We can also donate our time by helping or using our skills to help those who need it. According to the passage, donating our time is ----a) using skills to help those who need it b) using money to build schools c) giving something to someone on time d) providing medical help G. Being helpful is what we know as kindness. Kind people improve the lives of those around them and generally enjoy better health. Studies show that acts of kindness can have positive side effects. It can increase good senses, improve health conditions and feelings. It increases relationships with others. Acts of kindness can make the world a happier place for everyone. Kind people can boost their feelings of control, happiness and responsibility. 1. Kind people cannot improve the feeling of -----. d) donation a) happiness b) responsibility c) control 2. According to the studies, Kindness ...... b. will not decrease people's relationship with each other a. can have some negative side effects d. controls the people's responsibility in the world c.never helps us enjoy our life **Cloze Test** Respect is a positive feeling or action shown towards someone or something ..... (1) ..... important. It conveys a sense of admiration for good or ..... (2) ..... qualities. And it is also the process of honoring someone by showing care, worry, or feelings. Some people may earn the respect of people by helping others or by playing important ..... (3) ..... roles. In many cultures, elderly people ..... (4) ..... to be expected. Being silent is another sign of respect. Often, people think that if someone doesn't talk to them, it means they are giving them attitude, but in reality, the silent one doesn't want to make anyone feel uncomfortable ..... (5) ..... something. Occasionally, people think it is rude to be ignored. 2) recalled 1-1) reviewed 3) regarded 4) remembered 2) increased 3) generous 2-1) successful 4) valuable 3-1) social 2) mental 3) physical 4) strong 2) have considered 3) are considered 4) considered 4-1) consider 5-1) from saying 2) by saying 3) with saving 4) saving **Grammar Part Lesson 1: Passive Sentences** الف جملات زير را محهول كنيد 1. The Browns have built the large house. 2. The storm destroyed the house. 3. She makes pancakes every morning. ب. شکل مجهول افعال درون پرانتز را در جالی بنویسید

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1. The house ..... (paint) every month.

2. How ...... this bridge .....next week (build)?

#### محمدرضا قهرمانی دبیر زیان انگلیسی و مدرس دانشگاه دوازدهم. درس اول. جزوه کلاسی زبان انگلیسی 3. ..... you ...... (invite) to the party last week? 4. The books ......by these students for two weeks. (write) 5. Many products like light bulb, camera and telephone ----- each year. (to develop) ب. جمله داده شده را ابتدا به صورت معلوم نوشته سیس آن را به صورت مجهول بنویسید 1. Did not / the letter / you / answer/ soon. Active: Passive: ت. بهترین جواب را از نظر گرامری انتحاب کنید 1. My bicycle .....! I'm going to call the police. a. stole b. was stealing c. has been stolen d. have been stolen 2. The dishes ...... washed yet. Could you please wash them up? d. are not been a. have been not b. have not been c. are been not 3. We ...... to dinner last Friday night and we had a good time. were invited a. have invited b. have been invited c. invited 4. My little brother ...... to school by my mother every day. c. is taken d. was taken a. takes b. has taken 5. Do you know that Maria ...... as a computer programmer of the company? c. is going to invite a. was inviting b. has been invited d. is inviting با توجه به افعال درون برانتز سوالات زیر را جواب دهید. 1. What was done by Reza last week? The window ..... 2. What has been done by Mr. Alavi for two years? The students ..... .....(to take to school) 3. What was done by the man last Friday? (to fix) 4. What was done by the boy yesterday?(to break) The vase -----5. **A:** What is done by the man? B: The car -----(to wash) **Sina**: What has your boss given you for your hard work recently? **Behzad**: We ..... -----three days off.

جملات نامرتب زیر را مرتب بنویسید.

1.was / the room / last week / cleaned /.

#### محمدرضا قهرمانی دبیر زبان انگلیسی و مدرس دانشگاه دوازدهم. درس اول. جزوه کلاسی زبان انگلیسی

- 2. has / the man / in the park / been / for three hours / seen/.
- 3. by him / what / is / every day / done / ?
- 4. been / the diaries / not / have / yet / written / .
- 5. the pigeons / taken / were / when / to the garden/?

See also Part :	rag Questions		
,		اده شده یکی را انتخاب کنید.	ث. در سئوالات Tag questionداده شده دو جواب د
1. It's next to the supermark	et, don't it / isn't it ?	2. You've met my broth	ner before, don't you / haven't you?
3. He was born in 1970, <b>did</b>	n't he / wasn't he ?	4. Mina can never 1	nelp, can't she / can she? ج. سوالات کوتاه جملات زیر را بنویسید
1. You haven't got a car,	? 2.	2. Amin will be h	ere soon,?
3.Tom should pass his exam	ı,?	4. The boys like fi	sh,
5. She cooks well,	?	20	چ. بهترین جواب را از نظر سوال کوتاه انتحاب کنید
1. This winter is not very co	ld,? isn't it /	is it / won't / it does it	
2.You will let me know wha	nt they said to him,	? will you / didn'	t you / didn't they / won't you
3. There is a lot of work to d	o today,? / is tl	here / isn't there / are th	ere / aren't they
4.No students have eaten ye	t,	e / haven't they / have t	hey / hasn't he
5.Susan doesn't like chicker	n,? / does 5	Susan / isn't she / does s	he / is Susan
6.Hesam and Reza always tr	ry to boost my self-confide	nce by praising my teaching	ng method,?
do Hesam and Reza / did	n't they/ don't they/ wi	ll they	
7.My father hardly plays foo	otball with us whenever he	is free,?	
doesn't he / isn't he / is he	e / does he		
			ح. تست جملات مجهول و سئوالات دنباله
1. The beautiful apartm	ents next to the bank	delivered to their	owners recently.
had been	are	will be	have been
2.Englishsince2	007 by my mother, but s	she has never been to En	gland so far.
was studying	has been studied	studied	was studied
3.My bike!I am g	oing to call the police.		
stole	was stealing	was being stolen	has been stolen
4. For a long time, the pla	anet Marsto su	apport some sort of life.	
believed	believing	is believed	was believed
5.I him to drive n		-	1
asked	have asked	was asked	has been asked

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6. This roomrec	ently that's why it looks m	ore different.	
has painted	are painted	has been painted	are painting
7. Many different nation	nalitiesall over the	world.	
has been existed	are existed	exist	is existed
8. We believe that much	money to be sp	ent on education	,
needs	is needing	is needed	was needed
	f the bank in 1925		
was built		has built	has been built
	Julia as one the bes		
is choosing		is going to choose	was choosing
11. This winter is not ve	ery cold,		
isn't it	is it	won't it	does it
12. You will let me kno	w what they said to him,	?	7.0
will you	didn't you	didn't they	won't you
13. You'll go for a walk	ζ,?		
will you	shall we	won't you	don't you
	ays football with us whene		don't you
doesn't he	isn't he	is he	does he
15. No people have gon		15 IIC	uoes ne
		<u> </u>	T
has he		have they	hasn't he
16. Susan doesn't like c	chicken,2		
does Susan	isn't she	does she	is Susan
17. He said he had to be	e at their party that evening	;,?	
did he	hadn't he	didn't he	had he
		<u> </u>	1100 110
			ت سنو الات دنباله
.You said you would .			
• 1)would you		3) had you?	4) didn't you?
2. She's definitely not	<u>e</u>		
1) will she?	2) isn't she?	3) is she?	4) can she?
3. It drives you mad.		2) december it?	1) won't it?
1) is it? <b>4. It won't hurt</b>	2) does it?	3) doesn't it?	4) won't it?
1)does it?	2) will it?	3) can it?	4) did it?
5. I think you must g	•	•	
1) must you?	2) do I?	3) mustn't you?	4) do you?
6. You must go	2) 1	19 2) had	4) must 19
<ul><li>a. mustn't you?</li><li>7. It happened yester</li></ul>		i? 3) had you?	4) must I?
1) had it?	2) has it?	3) didn't it?	4) did it?
8. She's always late	*	<i>5,</i> 61611 t 1t.	.,
1) is it?	2) isn't she?	3) isn't it?	4) was she?
•			

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ن انگلیسی و مدرس دانشگا	ضا قهرمانی دبیر زبار	ن انگلیسی محمدر	رازدهم. درس اول. جزوه کلاسی زبا
9 . They're selling their l	10use		
1) will they?	2) haven't they?	3) aren't they?	4) have they?
10. Children understood	d that word		
1) does he?	2) did you?	3) didn't they?	4) did they?
11. You'd rather I kept q	uiet about it		
1) did you?	2) had you?	3) wouldn't you?	4) do you?
12.He used to work in the	· ·		
1)had he?	2) does he?	3) has he?	4) didn't he?
13 He has his lunch at t		2) 1 1 1 1 2	4) 1 41 9
1) had he?	2) did he?	3) hadn't he?	4) doesn't he?
<b>14. In that case he'll hav</b> 1) shall he?	2) won't he?	3) isn't he?	4) does he?
1) shan he?	2) won the:	3) ISH t He?	4) does lie!
Writing Part	Lesson 1: Compo	ound Sentences	
	(8	and , or, so, but).ل کنید	الف. با استفاده از كلمات ربط جاهای خالی را كاه
<ol> <li>The girl got up early</li> <li>We can work hard,</li> <li>The boys can watch</li> <li>The students studie</li> <li>The physician cured</li> <li>Doctor Gharib was</li> </ol>	whis brother is y,	me tea. our exams. lay football.	ب. با توجه کلمات ربط جمله ها را کامل کنید
Sepideh likes spaghetti	her grandm	nother hates spaghetti.	<i>پ. در جای خالی کلمه ربط مناسب بنویسید</i> .
2. These shoes are not con	nfortable,I	will not buy them.	
3. He went to the restaurar	nt Ordered	food.	
4. We can go by bus,	we can take a ta	xi .	
	lly gets back on time, 3.	yesterday h	e came home late because one of his ed.
			ت. جملات در هم ریخته را مرتب بنویسید.
1. Had/ the woman / b	out/ she/ didn't help/ a lo	t of money/ any humar	ıs/.

2. So / Mr. Razavi/ some jokes/ we/ told/ laughed a lot/ .

3. Miss Naderi/ helpful/ and / she/ is / generous/ is / .

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4. By car / the teachers / or / can travel / by train / they/ can / take a bus.

ث بهترین جواب را انتخاب کنید 1. We will visit Australia ...... New Zealand during our next vacation. 1) and 2) but 3) so 4) yet 2. My teeth were hurting ...... I made an appointment to go the dentist. 1) or 2) so 3) but 4) and 3. Have you seen ...... heard the latest musical by Andrew Lloyd Webber? 2) so 4) for 4. I wanted to go to the rock concert ...... all the tickets were already sold out. 1) so 2) but 3) and 4) yet 5. I wanted to eat sushi for dinner ...... I went to a Japanese restaurant. 1) but 2) so 4) and 6. I wanted to eat fish for lunch ...... the fish and chip shop had closed for the day. 2) but 4) for 7. I am going to do my homework ...... take a shower when I get home from school 2) but 3) so 8. My father wanted to watch a soccer match on TV ...... my mother was already watching another program. 4) and 1) but 2) so 9. My brother wanted to buy a novel ...... I went to the book store after I finished work. 1) so 2) or 4) yet 10. I wanted to visit my grandmother last week ...... she had an accident and had to be taken to hospital. 3) so 1) but 2) or **L1 Grammar Questions** الف. بر ای سو الات زیر دم سو ال مناسب بنو بسید. 1.I don't see a student, ...... 2. They don't live in Paris,....? 3.Ali won't swim....? 4. Respect your parents,....? 5.My father has bought a car,....? 6.Mr.Ahmadi has two friends.....? 7. She likes swimming,... 8. There's little water in the glass,....? 10.Nima never goes abroad,....? 9. That isn't a ball,... ب. از بین گزینه های درون برانتز دم سوال مناسب را انتخاب کنید. 1. There has been a lot of rain this summer, (has there/hasn't there/has it/hasn't it)? 2. This isn't the most polluted river in the world, (isn't it/is it/is this/isn't this)? 3. You have been in New York, (have you/are you/haven't you/have I)? 4. That didn't seem a very important lesson, (did that/did it/didn't it/didn't that)? 5. They'll go to London, (are they/will they/won't they/do they)?

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6. We could help them, (didn't we/can't we/couldn't we/could we)?

7. Clean the rooms, (will you/don't you/do you/should you)?

8. There were few books on the table, (were there/weren't there/was it/wasn't it)?

پ. جملات زیر را مجهول کنید

1. Jack has found the keys in his room.

2. You have made a lot of mistakes.

3.Our teacher explained the rule.

4.I visit Paris every year.

5.Edison invented the light bulb.

6. Tom has sent an SMS to his friend.

7. His father translates the texts each week.

8. Maryam always speaks English at school.

9.He received two letters yesterday.

10.Reza gave Ali some money

ت. با استفاده از افعال درون برانتز جای خالی را کامل کنید

1. Spanish ..... in many countries. (speak)

2.The cows ..... recently.(feed)

3.My friend ..... me to dinner last Monday.(invite)

4. This hospital ..... many years ago .(build)

5.He ...... an expensive car since 2010.(buy)

6. They ...... a new apartment last year. (buy)

7. Mina ..... many books every week. (read)

8.Two old cars.....last week.(sell)

8.Mona.... English last year.(teach)

9. Workers ...... in this city for 5 years. (work)

10. Some animals..... in that zoo for 3 years. (keep)

ث. کلمه ربط مناسب را انتخاب کنید.

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- 1.I knew exactly where I put my bag, (and/or/but) I still couldn't find it.
- 2. She can run in the morning, (but/or/so) I will jog in the morning.
- 3.I enjoyed the movie , (so /or/but) my little brother did not.
- 4.Our English teacher is very strict person, (or/and/but) all of the students really like him.
- 5.I sat down on the sofa, (but/so/and) I opened the newspaper.

ج. با استفاده از کلمات ربط جملات زبر را تر کبب کنید.

- 1.I washed the dishes. My son dried them.
- 2. His voice was very weak. The students understand him.
- 3.I will go to Mashhad by a train. I will go by a plane.
- 4.In the last term I didn't study properly. I failed the course.

چ. بهترین گزینه را انتخاب کنید

1. Their first	to climb Ever	est ended in failure.	
a. test	b. attempt	c. temperature	d. exercise
2. As parents, it's	our moral duty to teach our	children to oth	er people's opinions.
a. produce	b. honor	c. power	d. burst
3. It is surely the -	of the wealthy memb	pers of the society to help thos	se who are economically weak.
a. duty	b. matter	c. point	d. case
4. It was a great jo	b to do and you help me a	lot. I really don't know how to	o you.
a. hate	b. describe	c. appreciate	d. burst
<b>5.</b> Maryam seems	to be the job of runi	ning the company very well, b	out it's really too soon to judge.
a. promoting	b. protecting	c. handling	d. boosting
6. He had been car	ught while trying to steal th	e bike, but the police had to r	elease him because ofevidence
a. strategy	b. lack	c. while	d. availabihty
7. After they had t	aken my brother to hospita	l, I tried to say how	we all were for his great help.
a. shameful	b. cruel	c. peaceful	d. grateful
8. Those people w	ho donate their blood volum	ntarily to help sick people are	of our respect.
a. lovely	b. worthy	c. main	d. ancient
9. Icy road conditi	ons in Tehran		well as major road accidents.
a. replied	b. ended	c. checked	d. matched
10. I go to English	class four	a week. Sometimes I find it re	eally boring.
a. times	b. periods	c. rings	d. sizes
11. After that terri	ble earthquake in Kermans	hah, many people were ready	to blood to the patients.
a. prepare	b. donate	c, produce	d. save
12. After our teach	ner gave a lecture, he expec	ted us to ask him	- questions about his speech.
a. unnatural	b. confused	c. confident	d. meaningful
13. One of our rela	atives started his own busin	ess in Isfahan industrial city a	and over 1500 jobs.
a. generated	b. built	c. reflected	d. weaved
14. We have plann	ned to go out for dinner	c. reflected between this week	and the following.
a. often	b. rarely	c. sometimes	d. sometime
15. We want to sh	ow our to all the s	taff who try in providing our	local National Health Services.
a. recognition	b. dedication	c. situation	d. appreciation
16. He complained	d that the doctor's	towards him had been	inappropriate.
a. location	b. behavior	c. rule	d. conversation
17. Just as the App	ple computer appeared, two	researchers a	company called Adobe and
developed the lase	er printer.		
a. founded	b. discovered	c. narrated	d. installed
18. This year, scie	ntists water	instead of ice at the North Pol	e for the first time.
a. invented	b. discovered	c. lowered	d. provided
<b>19.</b> Nurses who	the elderly in Tehr	an are to explain their role at	a special meeting next month.
a. respect	b. care for	c. deserve	d. check
20. To analyze the	data we employed a / an	of qualitative and si	mple quantitative techniques.
a. attention	b. competition	c. definition	d. combination

### دوازدهم درس اول. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

### گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی



الف با توجه به تصاویر جواب درست را نوشته یا انتخاب کنید.

- 1.My grandfather feeds his .....in the yard every morning
- 2. The distinguished student started learning ...... by heart at a young age .









purst into tears

got sick

1.A: Yes, he is my best friend. He is ----- and very busy these days.

2. When he went home, he couldn't do his homework. His father ------ him loudly. 3. He got sad and went to the balcony. Then, he





- 1. Now he's sitting on the sofa and checking online shops
- 2.My little sister sits on my mother's lap all the time.

ب با استفاده از كلمات داده شده ، جملات زير را كامل كنيد. (يك كلمه اضافي است)

(circled / share / distinguished / remind/ deserve/ shares/ boost / dedicated )

- 1. John: How can I ----- my energy? Sam: You can jog to school every day.
- 2. The plane ----- the airport before landing.
- 3. We never ---- our toys with our cousins
- 4. After all that hard work, you..... a holiday.
- 5. Farhad: What do you think about our new teacher? Mohsen: I think he is very ------
- 6. Parvin likes her toys very much. She never ...... them with her friends.

ب برای هر کلمه یک تعریف از a پیدا کنید

- 1. I **forgave** her for breaking the vase. ......
- 2. The new **generation** have grown up with the internet. ......
- 3.I spared no pains to teach my students . .....
- 4.He will never **forgive** his friends for what they have done. .....

## دوازدهم درس اول سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

### گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

5.Dr. Gharib was a famous <b>physician.</b>							
6.Jabbar Baghcheban <b>founded</b> the first school for deaf students in Tabriz							
a. all the people of about the same age							
b. to start something such as an organization, or a company	b. to start something such as an organization, or a company						
c.to do whatever you can d.to stop being angry with someone							
e. someone who cures sick people f. to stop being angry with someone							
با انتخاب گزینه مناسب، جملات زیر را کامل کنید	ت.						
1. We have to speak louder because my grandmother is of hearing.							
a. difficult b. hard c. low d. high							
2. While I was in the hospital, the nurse was my temperature.							
a. making b. taking c. doing d. giving							
3. Teachers spare no to teach us new things.							
a. paints b. pains c. points d. plains							
4.A: What happened when Reza saw his bad score? B: He into tears.							
a. dedicated b. kept c. shouted d. burst							
با توجه به مفهوم هر متن، گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید	ث.						
1.Dr. Gharib was also a generous man. He spared no pains to cure sick children. He was very friendly an	ıd						
helpful to poor families.							
a. He had no pains and helped children to cure the sick. b. He tried to cure sick children and helped poor people.							
c. He was sick and spared no pains to help friends.  d. He was from poor family and had no pains							
2.We must care for those who once cared for us. We all know how parents cared for their children for							
every little thing. Children must love them, respect them, and care for them.							
a) Parents love and respect those who once cared for us.  b) Parents know how children care for us.							
c) We have to take care of parents because they have done it for us so earlier.							
d) All parents care for their children as all children once cared for them							
3.Good notes can help you remember and review a text you have read. There is no magic formula to							

- a. Taking notes does not follow any fixed formula.
- b. Taking good notes requires knowing a magic formula.
- c. To remember things better, take notes in the same way.
- d. To find what works best for you, remember and review the notes.

# دوازدهم درس اول. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ – شهریور ۱۴۰۴ گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

4. You may or may not know of all the ups and downs our parents have faced in life but they have	gained
experience that is worth respecting and learning from.	

a. Life has been easy for our	parents, so we should respect	uiciii.			
b. Our parents do not prefer	to share their experiences with	ı us.			
e. We know everything abou	t our parents' experience.				
d. There are valuable things	to learn from our parents.				
5."We must care for those	who once cared for us." It m	eans			
a. We should forget our friends soon.		b. We must help those who helped us.			
c. We can forget about our parents.		d. We only need to ca	are for ourselves		
			ج.گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید		
1.I see a lot of clouds in the sa. do I b. is it	sky. It is going to rain,t c. don't I	? d. isn't it			
2.That's another planet in the	e solar system,	?			
a. isn't it b. is it	c. isn't that d. is the	at			
3.Nezami's poems	into countless languages sin	nce the last century.			
a. had translated b. ha	ve been translated c. ha	d. we	re translated		
4.Amir's sister has passed th	e exam,?				
a. hasn't she	b. has she	c. has he	d. hasn't he		
5.Some products	by scientists' hard work every	year.			
a. have developed	b. had developed	c. were developed	d. are developed		
6.Rose won't finish her home	ework on time?,				
a. will Rose	b. will she	c. won't she	d. won't Rose		
7.The robberby t	the police two days ago.				
a. is found	b. has found	c. finds	d. was found		
8.Zahra never forgets to feed a. does Zahra	the chickens,? b. doesn't Zahra	c. does she	d. doesn't she		
9.They know that you're rigla. won't it	ht, but this idea will never help b. aren't you	them,?	d. don't they		
10.Divan-e-Hafez into many countless languages since the 2th century.					
a. translates	b. translated	c. was translated	d. has been translated		
11.Don't swim in this river as it with aluminum.					
a. pollute	b. has polluted	c. polluted	d. has been polluted		

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 $in a sta: mr\_gharamani 129$ 

Tel: 09372960584

## دوازدهم درس اول. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

## گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

چ.با شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز، جاهای خالی را کامل کنید.

 $in a sta: mr\_gharamani 129$ 

1.Their father often two pieces of pi	zza for lunch on the weekend, doesn't he? (to have)
2.Zahra and her sister me to the party	y yet, have they? (to invite)
3.The robber by the police two mont	hs ago, wasn't he? (to catch)
4.People each other at the party, don't	they? (to respect)
5.Penicillin quite accidently when Flo	eming was working on bacteria. (to discover)
6.Her father that expensive car, v	vill he? (to buy) ح.با توجه به تصویر داده شده، به سوال زیر پاسخ کامل دهید.
1. What did the boy do last night?	
The dinner by	
2.A: What is done by the man?	to eat
B: The car(to wash)	
3. Sina: What has your boss given you for your hard	d work recently?
Behzad: We three days off.	خ. در هر یک از مکالمه های کوتاه زیر، شکل صحیح گرامری افعال مشخص
1. A: Is it possible to pay the bill tomorrow evening	2
B: No, we can't. The bill must pay before leaving t	he restaurant.()
2. A: Why was everything in the garden brown?	
B: All the trees and plants were brown because it di	dn't rain in spring.()
3. A: Can I burn the garbage?	
B: No. Some dangerous gases may produce when	garbage is burned.()
<b>Y</b>	د.گزینه صحیح را انتخاب نمایید.
1. It is raining heavily,	
a. so drive more carefully	b. or you should wash the yard
c. and the street is dry	d. but he took a taxi
2. John likes to read books,	
a. or the books are English	b.so he rests and sleeps a lot
c. but he is deaf	d. and he spends too much time to do it

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## دوازدهم.درس اول. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

#### گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

ذ. جملات ناقص زیر را با کلمات ربط but/or/so /and کامل کنید.

1. You can ser	nd a message to him,	you can	call him.
----------------	----------------------	---------	-----------

2. I wanted to watch the movie, ----- my brother wanted to watch the game.

ر متن های زیر را با کلمه های ربط and / or / but / so کامل کنید

A.Trees are very valuable. They take carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, 1 ----- fill it with oxygen. Carbon dioxide is harmful to nature. 2 ........... oxygen keeps it alive. In addition, they supply us with many necessary things of everyday life, 3 ------ trees are the best friends of man

B. Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. Whenever they find a sweet, lying on the floor, they stick to the sweet 1..... carry it to their home. Ants are very hardworking insects. They have two eyes and six legs. They are usually wingless, 2..... they develop wings when they reproduce. They live in groups or colonies, 3 ...... they are social insects.

C. Ants are amazing insects. They are red and black in color, 1 ....... they have two eyes and six legs. Ants are social insects, 2 ....... they live in groups or colonies. They live in anthills. They are usually wingless, 3 ...... they develop wings when they reproduce. Their bites are quite painful.

ز با توجه به تصویر و یکی از کلمه های ربط or / so یک جمله مرکب بنویسید.

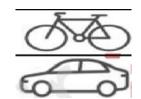
1. You can install a mobile dictionary, (so /or)



2. Every day, my father sits on the sofa, (and / but) ------



3. In our town, people usually ride their bicycles, ..... to work.



ژ.از بین کلمات ربط داخل پرانتز، کلمه مناسب را انتخاب نموده و سپس با توجه به تصاویر داده شده، ادامه جملات را کامل کنید

1. It's raining heavily, (so /or) ------



2. Hamed didn't study hard, (and /but) ------.

## **Lesson 2 Look it up**

Vocabulary	Definition/ Synonym/ Antonym Persian Mea		
a host of	a lot of	جمع کثیری از	
abbreviation	SYN shortening	اختصار	
ability	SYN strength, ability, capability	توانایی	
absent	SYN gone ANT present	غايب	
access	SYN enter, reach	دسترسی داشتن	
accessible	SYN approachable, open, reachable	در دسترس	
achieve	SYN attain, get, gain, receive	به دست آوردن	
achievement	SYN accomplishment, attainment		
add	SYN increase, adjoin	دستیابی اضافه کردن، افزودن	
advance	SYN progress, go forward, develop	<b>رفت کردن، رو به جلو رفتن</b>	
advanced	SYN progressive, modern	پیشرفته	
aid	SYN assist, help	کمک، یاری	
ancient	SYN antique, old, traditional	باستانی، تاریخی	
anthill	a mound produced by ants in making their nest.	مورتپه، تپه مورچه	
antonym	SYN contrary, converse, opposite	متضاد	
application	software	برنامه	
apply	SYN employ, use, utilize	بردن استفاده کردن، بکار بردن	
around	SYN round	دور وبر، اطراف	
arrange	SYN order, organize, range, set up	مرتب کردن، چیدن	
arrangement	SYN organization	ترتیب، نظم، چیدمان	
assist	SYN aid, help, serve	<b>نمک کردن، یاری رساندن</b>	
astronaut	a person trained to participate in space flight.	فضانورد	
at once	at the same time	یکسره، فورا	
available	SYN accessible, obtainable	در دسترس، قابل دستیابی	
average	SYN norm, standard, mean	میانگین، حد وسط	
avoid	SYN escape, evade	پرهيز کردن	
avoidance	the act of avoiding	اجتناب، پرهيز	
bilingual	capable of speaking two languages almost equally well.	دو زبانه	
biography	A collection of the facts and circumstances of one person's life	بیوگرافی، زندگی نامه	
bite	To use your teeth to cut, crush or chew something	گاز گرفتن	
borrow	to take something for one's own use	قرض گرفتن	
break	SYN amusement, rest	قفه، استراحت، زنگ تفریح	
browser	a computer program that locates and displays Web pages	مرورگر	
carry	SYN bear, bring, take		

catch	SYN capture, seize, take	بدست آوردن، گرفتن	
cause	something or someone that produces a result or effect	دلیل، علت	
choose	SYN elect, pick, pick out, select	انتخاب کردن، برگزیدن	
claim	SYN demand, acclaim	ادعا، ادعا کردن	
clue	SYN hint, lead, sign	نشانه، علامت، سرنخ	
colony	group of animals or insects or plants which live together	اجتماع، گله	
combination	SYN blending, joining, mix	تركيب، مجموعه	
combine	SYN join, blend, connect, mix	تركيب كردن	
commercial	SYN business	بازرگانی، تجاری	
common	SYN routine, standard, usual, ordinary, regular,	مشترک، عادی، مرسوم 🛕	
communicative	SYN free-spoken	خوش مشرب، ارتباطی	
compare	SYN contrast	مقايسه كردن	
compile	SYN assemble, collect	تالیف کردن، جمع کردن	
complicated	SYN complex, intricate, difficult, hard	پیچیده، دشوار	
confusing	SYN misleading, puzzling	گیچ کننده	
consider	SYN note, regard, notice, perceive, observe	ناهده کردن، ملاحظه کردن	
contain	SYN include, consist	حاوی(چیزی)بودن	
continent	one of the earth's major land masses, such as North America, Australia,	قاره	
convert	SYN alter, change	تبدیل کردن، تبدیل شدن	
crop	SYN harvest	محصول(کشاورزی)	
crowded	very or exceedingly full, packed	شلوغ	
definition	SYN clarification, explanation, interpretation	تعریف، شرح	
define	SYN explain, interpret	نوضیح دادن، تعریف کردن	
design	SYN draw	طراحی کردن	
device	SYN tool, instrument	وسیله، شی	
devise	SYN invent	ابداع كردن	
direct	SYN straight	مستقیم، بی واسطه	
drought	lack of rain	خشكسالي	
effect	SYN influence, consequence, result	اثر	
effective	SYN operational, valid, impressive	موثر، کار آمد	
effectively	SYN productively, efficiently; impressively	بطور موثر، بطور کار آمد	
element	SYN component, constituent,	عنصر، مورد	
elementary	SYN basic, fundamental, primary, initial	ابتدایی، مقدماتی	
enter	to come or go in	وارد شدن، وارد کردن	
entire	SYN complete, whole	همه، کل	
entry	SYN entrance	مدخل	
essential	SYN fundamental, indispensable, necessary, vital	ضروری، لازم	
exact	SYN absolute, accurate, particular, precise	دقیق، صحیح	
	SYN enlarge, extend, increase	<del></del>	

explain	SYN clear, illustrate, clarify, explain, state	توضیح دادن، تفسیر کردن	
factor	SYN element, facet, function, part, thing	عامل، فاكتور	
figure out	comprehend, sense, get, realize, savor, understand, perceive,	فهمیدن، سردرآوردن	
floor	the lowest surface in a room	كف، طبقه	
free	SYN open, loose, free of charge	مجانی، رایگان	
fresh	SYN new	تازه، جدید	
generally	SYN basically, chiefly, mainly, mostly, principally	بطور کلی	
goods	SYN thing, stuff	אל	
guide	SYN direct, lead	فعل:راهنماییکردن	
guidance	direction, counsel	راهنما	
habit	an act performed regularly; routine	عادت	
highlight	to give particular emphasis or prominence to, or to be the most prominent thing or part of.	با ماژیک مشخص کردن	
huge	SYN immense, enormous, tremendous, massive	عظیم	
identify	SYN recognize, notice, identify	تشخیص دادن، شناختن	
identity	SYN personality, individuality, personhood	هویت	
imaginary	SYN unrealistic, unreal	خیالی، غیرواقعی	
immediate	SYN instant	سريع	
immediately	SYN without delay, promptly	فورا	
in addition to	extra to	علاوه بر این علاوه بر	
in advance	SYN beforehand, previously	قبلا، از پیش	
infection	the act of infecting or an instance or state of being infected	عفونت، سرايت	
intermediate	SYN mean, medium	متوسط	
introduce	SYN present, announce	معرفي كردن	
introduction	SYN announcement	مقدمه، معرفي	
invisible	unseen, concealed, covert, hidden, absent, undercover	نامرئي	
issue	SYN matter, object, subject	مسئله، موضوع	
jump into	To suddenly decide to do something	اگهان تصمیم به کاری گرفتن	
keep to oneself	SYN be unsociable, be unfriendly, isolated	منزوي بودن	
lie	lie down	دراز کشیدن، قرار داشتن	
liquid	SYN fluid	مايع	
look up	to search for and locate (information), as in a reference book	دنبال چیزی گشتن	
magnify	SYN exaggerate	بزرگ کردن، مبالغه کردن	
minor	SYN little, less ANT major	جزئی، خرد، فرعی	
monolingual	speaking only one language	یک زبانه	
offer	SYN propose, suggest	ت د. سم:پیشنهاد/فعل:پیشنهاددادن	
opinion	SYN idea, view, thought, attitude	نظر، عقیده	
opposite	SYN contrary, converse ANT identical, same, similar	مخالف، برعكس	
order	SYN command, request	سفارش دادن، دستور دادن	
organize	از ماندهی کردن SYN arrange		

origin	SYN basis, source	منشا، مبدا	
original	SYN primary, initial, main, principal, basic	اصلی	
ostrich	any of several large, powerful, flightless African birds that run swiftly	شترمرغ	
painful	causing pain	دردناک	
pajamas	SYN sleepwear, nightdress, nightclothes	پیژامه	
particular	SYN specific, special	مخصوص، خاص	
(in particular)	special or specific	بخصوص، على الخصوص	
passenger	SYN traveler	مسافر	
pattern	SYN design, figure, standard, sample, template	الگو	
plus	added to	به علاوه	
pocket	A type of a small bag on or in a coat for putting money, keys in	جيب	
poem	SYN lyric, song, verse	شعر	
poet	a person who writes poem	شاعر	
pollution	the act or process, or an instance, of polluting.	آلودگی	
primary	SYN chief, dominant, key, main, prime, principal	مقدماتی، ابتدایی	
pronounce	SYN articulate	تلفظ كردن	
pronunciation	the act, manner, or result of pronouncing words	تلفظ	
provide	SYN furnish, serve, supply	تدارک دیدن، آماده کردن	
publish	SYN issue, print, distribute	منتشر کردن	
purpose	SYN aim, design, end, goal, intention, target, objective	مدف هدف	
read on	continue reading, read more, read further	به خواندن ادامه دادن	
recognize	SYN know, notice, identify	تشخیص دادن، شناختن	
recognition	SYN specification	تشخیص، شناسایی	
recognizable	SYN specified, determined, defined	مشخص، قابل تشخيص	
recommend	SYN counsel, suggest	پیشنهاد کردن، توصیه کردن	
recommendation _	SYN opinion, viewpoint, notion, point of view	پیشنهاد، توصیه	
reproduce	SYN copy, duplicate	 بازتولید کردن، تکثیرکردن	
resource	SYN source	منبع، ماخذ	
scale	SYN measure, length	مقیاس	
scavenger	a person or thing that scavenges	لاشه خور، زباله <b>گرد</b>	
shape	SYN figure, form	شکل	
single	SYN lone, one, only, sole	تگ، فرد	
skillful	SYN capable proficient	با مهارت	
specific	SYN definite, particular	مخصوص، ویژه	
stand for something	be a symbol of	مخفف چیزی بودن	
stick	SYN fasten	چسپیدن	
suffer	to experience pain, misfortune, or distress	مبتلا بودن، رنج کشیدن	
suppose	SYN assume, hypothesize, imagine	حدس زدن، فرض کردن	
FF ****	SYN enclose, encompass	<b>بحاصره کردن، احاطه کردن</b>	

surrounding	the process of encircling	محيط	
symbol	SYN figure, mark	نماد، سمبل	
synonym	SYN equivalent	مترادف	
technical	of or relating to technique.	تکنیکی، فنی	
throughout	SYN during, through, all over	سرتاسر، در طول	
tip	SYN point, hint	نکته، راهنمایی، پند	
transmit	SYN transfer, shift	انتقال دادن	
transmission	SYN transfer, transition	انتقال	
treasure	accumulated or stored wealth	گنج، گنجینه	
unexpected	SYN surprising, unforeseen	غيرمنتطره	
valuable	SYN precious, worthy	باارزش	
vibrate	to move back and forth very rapidly and steadily	نوسان کردن	
vibration	an act or instance of vibrating	ارتعاش	
volume	SYN book, publication	حجم، طرفیت، کتاب	
waterway	SYN channel	آبراه	
widely	SYN greatly	بطور گسترده	
wing	One of the parts of a bird's body that it uses for flying	بال	
wise	SYN intellectual, reasonable, sensible, rational	دانا، خردمند	
work sth out	SYN solve, realize, find out		

#### سئوالات شنيداري مكالمه درس دوم صفحات ٧٤٨.٤٤

Majid is going to choose a ......dictionary for his English class. He is talking to his English teacher during the break.

Majid: Excuse me Mr. Iranmehr, I wonder if you could help me.

Mr. Iranmehr: Sure. How can I help you?

**Majid**: I'd like some information about a good English dictionary.

**Mr. Iranmehr:** Oh, well. Have you ever used a dictionary?

**Majid**: Actually, I haven't. But I've ...... that using a good dictionary can really help me learn English better.

**Mr. Iranmehr:** That's right. First, I ...... a learner's dictionary.

**Majid**: What is a learner's dictionary?

Mr. Iranmehr: It is designed for ...... students. It also helps them learn English better.

**Majid**: Is there only one type of it?

Mr. Iranmehr: No, in fact dictionaries have different types, levels, and size

Majid: What type do you s.....?

Mr. Iranmehr: I ...... a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you, because you can find word information in English.

Majid: And what about levels?

Mr. Iranmehr: Well, there are usually three levels: elementary, ...... and advanced. For you as a high school student, an elementary one is OK.

**Majid**: Do I need a small size one?

Mr. Iranmehr: Yes, a pocket dictionary. You can ...... it wherever you go.

**Majid**: Oh, it's very good. And hmm..., is it expensive?

Mr. Iranmehr: No, such dictionaries are not expensive. ..... you can use a free online dictionary, too. And also, there are some free dictionaries for PCs and apps for smart phones.

**Majid:** Thanks, that's a good idea, but I'd like to use a pocket dictionary!

به فابل صوتی گوش داده، سو الات زیر را جو اب دهید.

- 1. Who is Mr. Iranmehr?
- 2. What does Majid need?
- 3. What does Mr. Iranmehr recommend Majid first?
- 5. Are free online dictionaries expensive?
- 6. What is he going to choose last?



#### سئوالات شنیداری ریدینگ درس دوم صفحات ۲ ۵-۵۳

#### How to Use a Dictionary

A good dictionary gives the user information about words such as spellings, ...... and is essential to know how to use a dictionary. In this lesson, we ............. you with some helpful tips on how to use a dictionary effectively.



- 1. Choose the Right Dictionary. There are many different types of dictionaries such as learner's dictionaries, .............. dictionaries, picture dictionaries, etc. Therefore, first .................. your needs. Without choosing the right one you cannot meet your language needs.
- **2. Read the Introduction**. The best way to learn how to use your dictionary ........... is to read its introduction. This section explains ...... like how entries are arranged, what information is offered in entries and what ...... and pronunciation symbols are used ...... the entries.
- **3. Learn the Abbreviations.** Different types of abbreviations are often used in the ...... for a word. This can be ...... if you do not know what the abbreviations stand for.
- 4. Learn the Guide to Pronunciation. If you ...... jump into using the dictionary without understanding the pronunciation guide, it can be difficult to .....it out.
- **5. Read the Guide Words**. These are the two words at the top of each page that show the first and last entries on the page. These words will help you find the word you are looking for in the right letter section.
- 6. Read the Definitions. Once you find an entry, you can find the ...... meaning of the word, its pronunciation, part of speech, ....., antonyms, and probably its .....
- 7. Look for Collocations. Learning the meaning of a single word is not usually enough. Through sentence examples, try to learn 'words in ...... to ....... your vocabulary.

## سنوالات شنیداری Listening and Speaking A درس دوم صفحه: ۲۱

- 1. It is snowing so heavily. T / F / No information
- 2. If it were ...... he would go to the ...... He is really ......
- 3. What kind of game can they play?



#### سئوالات شنیداری مکالمه ۱ درس دوم صفحه: ۲۲

1. When is Zohreh's birthday?

- 2. Has Zohreh invited Mina?
- 3. Mina and Zohreh were .....friends at school.
- 4. Why hasn't she invited Mina yet?
- 5. Maryam's sister is Zohreh's friend. T / F / No information
- 3.Is Mina available now?
- 4. Where does Mina live?

#### سئو الات شنیداری مکالمه ۲ درس دوم صفحه: ۲۲

- 1. Mehran wants to buy a mobile phone. **T/F/No information**
- 2. What would you do if you were in my .....?
- 3. Why does Mehran think about his friend's problem?
- 4. What does Mehran's friend need?
- 5. Why didn't Bijan tell Mehran about the problem?
- 6.Mehran tells Bijan the secret. T / F / No information

#### سئوالات شنیداری What you learned درس دوم صفحه: ٦٩

- 1. Sometimes it is ......to think about the things that will never ......
- 2. What would some people do if they had a time machine now?
- 3. Why do some people like to see the future?
- 4. Some people .....to talk with cats and birds.



## ترجمه مكالمه درس دوم صفحات ۲۸-۸۶

Majid is going to choose a suitable dictionary for his English class. He is talking to his English teacher during the break.

مجید میخواهد که یک دیکشنری مناسب برای کلاس زبان خودش انتخاب کند. او در زنگ تفریح مشغول صحبت کردن با معلم زبانش است.

Majid: Excuse me Mr. Iranmehr, I wonder if you could help me.

مجید: ببخشید آقای ایر انمهر با خودم فکر میکر دم که شما ممکنه بتونید به من کمک کنید

Mr. Iranmehr: Sure. How can I help you?

آقای ابر انمهر: حتما. جطور میتونم بهت کمک کنم؟

Majid: I'd like some information about a good English dictionary.

مجید: من یک سری اطلاعات در مور دیک دیکشنری خوب میخو استم

Mr. Iranmehr: Oh, well. Have you ever used a dictionary?

آقای ابر انمهر: آه ... خوب تا حالا از دیکشنری استفاده کر دی؟

inasta:mr gharamani129

Majid: Actually, I haven't. But I've heard that using a good dictionary can really help me learn English better.

مجید: در واقع نه تا حالا استفاده نکرده ام اما من شنیده ام که استفاده کردن از یک دیکشنری خوب میتونه در یادگیری بهتر زبان خیلی به من کمک کنه.

Mr. Iranmehr: That's right. First, I recommend a learner's dictionary.

آقای ایر انمهر: در سته. در مرحله ی اول من به تو یک دیکشنری یاد گیرنده را توصیه میکنم.

Majid: What is a learner's dictionary?

مجید: ی دیکشنر ی یاد گیر نده جیه؟

Mr. Iranmehr: It is designed for foreign students. It also helps them learn English better.

آقای ایر انمهر: این دیکشنری برای دانش آموزان خارجی طراحی شده است. همچنین به آنها کمک می کند که بهتر انگلیسی را یاد بگیرند.

Majid: Is there only one type of it?

مجيد: فقط يک نوع از آن وجود دارد؟

Mr. Iranmehr: No, in fact dictionaries have different types, levels, and sizes.

آقای ایر انمهر: نه، در واقع دیکشنری ها انواع و سطوح و اندازه های متفاوتی دارند.

Majid: What type do you suggest?

مجید: ی کدام نوع را شما پیشنهاد میکنید؟

Mr. Iranmehr: I suppose a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you, because you can find word information in English.

آقای ایر انمهر: من احساس میکنم دیکشنری یک زبانه برای تو مفیدتر خواهد بود زیرا تو میتونی که اطلاعاتی در مورد لغات را به انگلیسی بیدا کنی.

Majid: And what about levels?

مجید: در مورد سطح ها چطور؟

Mr. Iranmehr: Well, there are usually three levels: elementary, intermediate and advanced. For you as a high school student, an elementary one is OK.

آقای ایر انمهر: خوب معمولا سه سطح و جود دارد: ابتدایی، متوسط و بیشرفته برای تو به عنوان دانش آموز دبیر ستانی سطح ابتدایی مناسب است.

Majid: Do I need a small size one?

جيد: آيا من به سايز كوچيكش نياز دارم؟

Mr. Iranmehr: Yes, a pocket dictionary. You can carry it wherever you go.

آقای ایر انمهر: بله یک دیکشنری جیبی. تو میتونی اونو هر جا دلت خواست ببری.

مجيد: آه اين خيلي عاليه. و ...آيا قيمتش زياده؟ بالمجاده؟ همجيد: آه اين خيلي عاليه. و ...آيا قيمتش زياده؟

Mr. Iranmehr: No, such dictionaries are not expensive. By the way, you can use a free online dictionary, too. And also, there are some free dictionaries for PCs and apps for smart phones.

آقای ایر انمهر: نه چنین دیکشنری هایی گران قیمت نیستند. همچنین تو مینونی از دیکشنری آنلاین رایگان هم استفاده کنی.و همچنین دیکشنری های دیگری برای کامپیوترهای شخصی و نرم افزار هایی برای گوشی هوشمند و چود دارند.

Majid: Thanks, that's a good idea, but I'd like to use a pocket dictionary!

مجید: ممنونم، ایده ی خوبیه، اما من دوست دارم از دیکشنری جیبی استفاده کنم

#### ترجمه ریدینگ درس دوم صفحات ۲ ۵-۳۰

### چگونه از دیکشنری استفاده کنیم How to Use a Dictionary

A good dictionary gives the user information about words such as spellings, pronunciations and definitions. It also gives examples of how to use the words in sentences correctly. Therefore, it is essential to know how to use a dictionary. In this lesson, we provide you with some helpful tips on how to use a dictionary effectively.

یک دیکشنری خوب اطلاعی در باره ی کلمات از قبیل املاء ها و تلفظ ها و معانی را به استفاده کننده می دهند. همچنین مثال هایی را برای نشان دادن اینکه چگونه آنها را به طور صحیح در کلمه استفاده کنند، را نیز میدهند. بنابراین مهمه که بدانیم چطور از دیکشنری استفاده کنیم. در این درس، ما برای شما نکات مفیدی را در رابطه با استفاده موثر تراز دیکشنری فراهم کرده ایم.

1. Choose the Right Dictionary. There are many different types of dictionaries such as learner's dictionaries, general dictionaries, picture dictionaries, etc. Therefore, first identify your needs. Without choosing the right one you cannot meet your language needs.

1. دیکشنری درستی را انتخاب کنید. انواع مختلفی از دیکشنری ها وجود دارند از قبیل دیکشنری یادگیرنده،دیکشنری های عمومی، دیکشنری های تصویری و ... . بنابراین در ابتدا نیاز های خود را مشخص کنید. بدون انتخاب دیکشنری مناسب، شما نمی توانید نیاز های زبانیتان را بر طرف نمائید.

**2. Read the Introduction**. The best way to learn how to use your dictionary effectively is to read its introduction. This section explains issues like how entries are arranged, what information is offered in entries and what abbreviations and pronunciation symbols are used throughout the entries.

2. مقدمه را بخوانید. بهترین راه برای اینکه بدانید چطور مؤثرتر از دیکشنریتان استفاده کنید این است که مقدمه را بخوانید.این بخش، مسائلی همانند اینکه با چه ترتیبی کلمات چیده شده اند، چه اطلاعاتی در مورد لغات ارائه شده و چه علائم اختصاری و نشانه های تلفظی برای آن لغات به کار برده شده را توضیح می دهد.

**3. Learn the Abbreviations.** Different types of abbreviations are often used in the definitions for a word. This can be confusing if you do not know what the abbreviations stand for.

3. علائم اختصاری را یاد بگیرید. اغلب اختصارات متفاوتی برای معنی یک لغت به کار برده میشود. اگر شما این اختصارات را ندانید ممکن برای شما گیج کننده باشد.

**4. Learn the Guide to Pronunciation.** If you immediately jump into using the dictionary without understanding the pronunciation guide, it can be difficult to figure it out.

4. راهنمای تلفظ را یاد بگیرید. اگر شما سریعاً قبل از یادگیری راهنمای تلفظ به سراغ استفاده کردن از دیکشنری بروید، فهمیدن آن برایتان سخت خواهد بود.

**5. Read the Guide Words**. These are the two words at the top of each page that show the first and last entries on the page. These words will help you find the word you are looking for in the right letter section.

5. کلمات راهنما را بخوانید. در بالای هر صفحه، دو کلمه وجود دارد که کلمه ی اول و کلمه آخر ثبت شده در صفحه را نشان می دهد.اینها به شما در پیدا کردن کلمه ای که میخواهید در بخش مناسب حرف کمک می کنند.

**6. Read the Definitions.** Once you find an entry, you can find the exact meaning of the word, its pronunciation, part of speech, synonyms, antonyms, and probably its origin.

6. معنی را بخوانید. وقتی شما لغتی را پیدا کردید، میتوانید معنای دقیق آن کلمه، تلفظش، نقش آن کلمه در جمله، مترادف ها، متضادها و احتمالاً ربشه آن را بیدا کنید.

**7. Look for Collocations**. Learning the meaning of a single word is not usually enough. Through sentence examples, try to learn 'words in combination' to expand your vocabulary.

7. دنبال کلمات همنشین بگر دید. یادگرفتن معنای یک کلمه کافی نیست. در خلال مثال های جمله ای سعی کنید کلمات ترکیبی را یاد بگیرید تا دایره لغاتتان گسترش بیدا کند

# ورس ۲ متن صفحه: ۵۵

One way to figure out the meaning of an unknown word is to look for its relationship with other words in the same family. Even if you cannot figure out the exact meaning, your understanding can be enough to allow you to read on. For example, in this sentence: "We provide you with some helpful information on how to use a dictionary more effectively"

یکی از راههای پی بردن به معنای یک کلمه ناشناخته، جستجوی رابطه آن با کلمات دیگر در همان خانواده است. حتی اگر نمی توانید معنای دقیق آن را بفهمید، درک شما می تواند به اندازه ای باشد که به شما اجازه دهد ادامه مطلب را بخوانید. به عنوان مثال، در این جمله: "ما اطلاعات مفیدی در مورد نحوه استفاده موثرتر از فرهنگ لغت در اختیار شما قرار می دهیم"

you can get an idea of the meaning of the word **effectively** by recognizing that it is related to the word **effect**. In this technique which is also known as word attack, looking for word parts can help you read and understand the meaning of complicated words. When you recognize prefixes and suffixes and know what they mean, it will help you work out the meaning of many words you read

شما می توانید با تشخیص اینکه این کلمه به کلمه به کلمه و effect است، ایده ای از معنای effectively به دست آورید. در این تکنیک که به عنوان حمله کلمه نیز شناخته می شود، جستجوی قسمت های کلمه می تواند به شما در خواندن و درک معنای کلمات پیچیده کمک کند. وقتی پیشوندها و پسوندها را تشخیص می دهید و معنی آنها را می دانید، به شما کمک می کند تا معنای بسیاری از کلماتی را که می خوانید پیدا کنید.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۵۷ متن گرامر

The first Persian dictionary which is still published was compiled more than 900 years ago. Loghat-e Fors was made by Asadi Tusi who was a famous poet in the 5th century. The list of entries has been arranged according to the final letters of the words. There are example sentences which were taken from poetry. The dictionary has synonyms and explanations that were used by young poets. This dictionary has been used widely by the poets who lived after Asadi Tusi. Many words have been added to the first dictionary which Asadi compiled. The dictionary has been published several times and is a valuable treasure of Persian language.

اولین فرهنگ لغت فارسی که هنوز منتشر می شود، تدوین شد بیش از ۹۰۰ سال پیش لغت فورس ساخته اسدی طوسی است که در قرن پنجم شاعر معروفی بود. لیست لغات مدخل دارد بر اساس حروف پایانی کلمات مرتب شده است. وجود دارد جملات نمونه که از شعر گرفته شده است. لغت نامه مترادف ها و توضیحاتی دارد که شاعران جوان از آن استفاده کرده اند. این فر هنگ لغت بطور گسترده مورد استفاده شاعران پس از اسدی طوسی بوده است . لغات زیادی به اولین فر هنگ لغت اسدی که توسط تدوین شد، اضافه شده است. فر هنگ لغت چندین بار منتشر شده است و گنجینه ارزشمند زبان فارسی میباشد.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۴ متن نوشتار

Oceans and lakes have much in common, but they are also quite different. Both are bodies of water, but oceans are very large bodies of salt water, while lakes are much smaller bodies of fresh water. Lakes are usually surrounded by land, while oceans are what surround continents. Both have plants and animals living in them. The ocean is home to the largest animals on the planet, whereas lakes support much smaller forms of life.

اقیانوس ها و دریاچه ها اشتراکات زیادی دارند، اما کاملاً هم ناهمسان هستند. هر دو توده آبی هستند، اما اقیانوس ها توده های بسیار بزرگی از آب شور هستند ، در حالی که دریاچه ها معمولاً توسط خشکی احاطه شده اند، در حالی که اقیانوس ها آن چیزی هستند که در آنها زندگی می کنند. که اقیانوس ها آن چیزی هستند که اطراف قاره ها را احاطه کرده اند. هر دو دارای گیاهان و حیواناتی هستند که در آنها زندگی می کنند. اقیانوس زیستگاه بزرگترین حیوانات روی کره زمین است، در حالی که دریاچهها از اشکال کوچکتر حیات حمایت میکنند درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۶ متن نوشتار

Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. They live in anthills. Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summers they collect food for the winter season. Whenever they find a sweet on the floor, they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home. Thus, in this way, they clean the floor. Ants are generally red and black in colour. They have two eyes and six legs. They are social insects.

مورچه ها در همه جای دنیا یافت می شوند. خانه خود را می سازند در ساختمان ها، باغ ها و غیره. آنها در تپه های مورچه ای زندگی می کنند. مورچه ها خیلی حشر ات سخت کوشی هستند. در طول تابستان آنها غذا جمع آوری می کنند برای فصل زمستان. هر وقت شیرینی روی زمین پیدا کردند،به شیرینی می چسبند و به خانه خود می برند. بنابراین، به این ترتیب، آنها کف اتاق را تمیز می کنند. مورچه ها عموماً قرمز و مشکی رنگ هستند. آنها دو چشم و شش پا دارند. آنها حشرات اجتماعی هستند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۶ متن نوشتار

The stars are tiny points of light in the space. On a clear night we can see around 2,000 to 3,000 stars without using a telescope. Stars look tiny in the sky because they are far away from the Earth. In ancient times the sky watchers found patterns of stars in the sky.

ستاره ها نقاط ریز نوری در فضا هستند. در یک شب صاف می توانیم بین ۲۰۰۰ تا ۳۰۰۰ ستاره را بدون استفاده از تلسکوپ ببینیم. ستارگان در آسمان علی تعلیم از ستارگان را در آسمان یافتند. در آسمان علی تعلیم از ستارگان را در آسمان یافتند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۷ متن نوشتار

An online dictionary is one that is available on the Internet or World Wide Web and is accessed through a Web browser using a computer or a mobile device, primarily by typing a term into a search box on the site. Online dictionaries offer immediate, direct access through large databases to a word's spelling and meanings, plus a host of information, including its spellings, pronunciation, and origin, etc.

فرهنگ لغت آنلاین، فرهنگ لغتی است که در اینترنت یا وب جهانی در دسترس است و از طریق مرورگر وب با استفاده از رایانه یا دستگاه تافن همراه، عمدتاً با تایپ یک عبارت در کادر جستجوی سایت، قابل دسترسی است. لغت نامه های آنلاین دسترسی مستقیم و فوری از طریق پایگاه های داده بزرگ به املا و معانی یک کلمه، به علاوه مجموعه ای از اطلاعات، از جمله املا، تلفظ، و منشاء آن و غیره را ارائه می دهند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۴۷ متن نوشتار

A hearing device is available for some people suffering from hearing loss. This device uses a magnet. Like other aids, it converts sounds into vibrations and transmits them directly to the magnet, and then to the inner ear, producing a clearer sound. The device helps those with a hearing loss caused by infection or other problems in the middle ear.

برای برخی از افرادی که از کم شنوایی رنج می برند یک دستگاه شنوایی در دسترس است. این دستگاه از آهنربا استفاده می کند. مانند سایر وسایل کمکی، صداها را به ارتعاش تبدیل می کند و آنها را مستقیماً به آهنربا و سپس به گوش داخلی منتقل می کند و صدای واضح تری تولید می کند. این دستگاه به افرادی که کم شنوایی ناشی از عفونت یا سایر مشکلات گوش میانی دارند کمک می کند.

#### درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۹ قسمت ۸

Sometimes it is fun to think about things that will never happen. We can ask ourselves questions that don't have any real answers. For instance, we can think what would I do, if I had a time machine to travel with right now? Some people may say I would visit the past if I had that machine, or I would visit the future to see the world and people of the future. Maybe you have thought about this: what would I do, if I had this ability to talk to animals? What would I say? Some people would prefer to talk with cats or birds, but some would not like the idea. They would feel frightened!

گاهی اوقات فکر کردن به چیزهایی که هرگز اتفاق نمیافتد لذت بخش است. ما می توانیم از خود سوالاتی بیرسیم که پاسخ واقعی ندارند. برای مثال، میتوانیم فکر کنیم، اگر یک ماشین زمان برای سفر در حال حاضر داشتم، چه کار میکردم؟ ممکن است بعضی ها بگویند اگر آن ماشین را داشتم از گذشته دیدن می کردم یا از آینده دیدن می کردم تا ببینم جهان و مردم آینده را. شاید به این فکر کرده باشید: اگر این توانایی را داشتم که با حیوانات صحبت کنم، چه کار می کردم ؟ چه می گفتم؟ برخی از مردم ترجیح می دهند با گربه ها یا پرندگان صحبت کنند، اما برخی این ایده را دوست ندارند آنها احساس ترس می کنند!

### درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۹ قسمت B

Have you ever thought of superhuman? What abilities would you like to have if you had superhuman powers? Some may say, "I would like to fly if I had superhuman powers." Others may say, "I would like to be very strong to help people." Some may say, "I would like to be invisible or read people's minds." What about you? Would you like to be able to do these? Think of being an astronaut; where would you like to go?

آیا تا به حال به ابر انسان فکر کرده اید؟ اگر قدرت های مافوق بشری داشتید دوست داشتید چه تو انایی هایی داشته باشید؟ برخی ممکن است بگویند: "اگر قدرت های مافوق بشری داشتم دوست داشتم پرواز کنم "دیگران ممکل است بگویند، "من دوست دارم برای کمک به مردم بسیار قوى باشم." برخى ممكن است بگويند، "دوست دارم نامرئى باشم يا ذهن مردم را بخوانم." تو چطور؟ آيا دوست داريد بتوانيد اين كارها را انجام دهید؟ به فضانور د بودن فکر کنید. دوست دارید کجا بروید؟

### ترجمه ریدینگ کتاب کار صفحه: ۲۸-۲۹

A dictionary is a book which explains the meanings of words and expressions. You can find words easily because dictionaries put them in alphabetical order. The word dictionary' comes from the Latin 'dictio' ('saying').

دیکشنری یک کتاب است که معنای لغات و اصطلاحات را توضیح میدهد. شما می توانید کلمات را به راحتی بیدا کنید برای اینکه دیکشنری ها آن ها را با ترتیب الفبا قرار داده اند کلمه دیکشنری از کلمات لاتین "عباریت" "گفتن" گرفته شده است. 🖊

There are several types of dictionaries. Dictionaries which explain words and how they are used; dictionaries which translate words from one language to another; dictionaries of biography which tell about famous people; and technical dictionaries which explain the meanings of technical words.

انواع مختلفی از دیکشنری ها وجود دارند. دیکشنری هایی که کلمات و چگونگی استفاده از آن ها را توضیح میدهند. دیکشنری هایی که کلمات را از یک زبان به زبان دیگر ترجمه می کنند. دیکشنری زندگینامه که درباره ی افراد مشهور هستند. و دیکشنری های فنی که معنای کلمه های فنی را توضیح می دهند.

Dictionaries which explain what words mean give a clear 'definition' of them. A good dictionary also gives more information about words. For instance, it explains how they are pronounced. Usually the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) is used for this purpose.

دیکشنری هایی که توضیح میدهند کلمات به چه معنا هستند و تعریف روشنی از آنها را بیان می کنند. یک دیکشنری خوب همچنین اطلاعات بیشتری را در باره ی کلمات میدهد برای مثال توضیح میدهد که آن ها چگونه تلفظ میشوند. معمولا الفبای آوایی بین المللی برای این هدف استفاده میشود.

There are also dictionaries which translate words into other languages. Very often one volume translates both ways; for example, half of the book is from English to Persian and the other half from Persian to English.

When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning.

A word like 'right' has several meanings in English, for example, 'correct' and 'the opposite of left'. A word like 'present' may be used as an adjective, meaning 'not absent', as a noun, meaning 'gift' or as a verb, meaning 'give'. Words with different meanings exist in other languages, too. A good dictionary lists all the meanings of words to help people find the meaning that they look for.

کلمه ای مانند ممکن است به عنو آن صفت به معنای غائب نبودن استفاده شود, در جایگاه اسم به معنای کادو, یا به عنوال فعل به معنی ارائه دادن به کار برده شود. کلمات با معناهای متفاوت نیز در زبان های دیگر و جود دارد. یک دیکشنری خوب تمامی معناهای یک کلمه را مینویسد که به مردم برای پیدا کردن معنایی که به دنبالش میگردند، کمک کند

A complete dictionary also tells you about the origin of words and the story behind them. For example, the words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar' and 'paradise' entered English from Persian.

## درس ۲ کتاب کار صفحه: ۳۸

Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. They live in anthills. Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summers they collect food for the winter season. Whenever they find a sweet on the floor, they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home. Thus, in this way, they clean the floor.

Ants are generally red and black in colour. They have two eyes and six legs. they have two eyes and six legs. They are social insects. They live in groups or colonies. Most ants are scavengers; they collect whatever food they can find. They are usually wingless but they develop wings when they reproduce. Their bites are quite painful.

مورچه ها عموماً قرمز و مشكى رنگ هستند. آنها دو چشم و شش پا دارند. آنها حشرات اجتماعى هستند. آنها به صورت گروهى يا دسته جمعى زندگى مى كنند. بيشتر مورچه ها لاشخور هستند. هر غذايى كه پيدا كنند جمع مى كنند. آنها معمولاً بدون بال هستند، اما هنگام توليد مثل بال در مى آورند. نيش آنها كاملا دردناك است

## درس ۲ کتاب کار صفحه: ۴۰

Water is the most essential element in our life. We cannot think of life without water. We need water to drink, to wash our bodies and clothes, to cook our food and to grow crops, vegetables and fruits. Water is also essential for animals, birds, insects etc. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale.

آب ضروری ترین عنصر در زندگی ماست. ما نمی توانیم به زندگی بدون آب فکر کنیم. ما برای نوشیدن، برای شستن بدن و لباس، پختن غذا و رشد محصولات کشاورزی، سبزیجات و میوه ها به آب نیاز داریم. آب همچنین برای حیوانات، پرندگان، حشرات و غیره ضروری است. ما برای تولید برق در مقیاس بزرگ و تجاری به منابع عظیم آب نیاز داریم.

Nearly 70 percent of our body is water. No living being can exist for long without water, the most valuable liquid. We use oceans, seas, rivers and lakes as waterways to carry goods, passengers, etc. Lack of rain causes droughts. Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.

نزدیک به ۷۰ درصد بدن ما آب است. هیچ موجود زنده ای نمی تواند برای مدت طولانی بدون آب، ارزشمندترین مایع، وجود داشته باشد. ما از اقیانوس ها، دریاها، رودخانه ها و دریاچه ها به عنوان آبراه برای حمل کالا، مسافر و ... استفاده می کنیم. کمبود باران باعث خشکسالی می شود. بنابراین، آب برای زندگی و سیاره ما بسیار مهم است .

#### Title page and Get Ready

look up: if you look up information in a book, on a computer etc, you try to find it there

**dictionary :** a book that gives a list of words in alphabetical order and explains their meanings in the same language, or another language :

**compile**: to make a book, list, record etc, using different pieces of information, music etc **compiler**: someone who collects different pieces of information to be used in a book, report

- 1.The document was ...... by the Department of Health .
- 2.Look the word up in your ...... I'll just look up the train times.
- 3. You can .....the meaning of the words in a dictionary.

magnifying glass: a round piece of glass with a handle, used to make objects or print look bigger

magnify: to make something seem bigger or louder, especially using special equipment:

translate: change languages to change written or spoken words into another language

- 1. A microscope can .....very tiny microbes.
- 2. The words of this book are very small. You can use a.....to read them.
- 3. When the president of a country travels to another country, a person .......what he says.

Pronunciation: the way in which a language or a particular word is pronounced

synonym: a word with the same meaning as another word in the same language → antonym

**antonym**: a word that means the opposite of another word  $\rightarrow$  **synonym**:

- 1. 'Shut' is a ......of 'closed'.
- 2. The ......of "rich" is "poor".
- 3. Do you know the correct ...... of these English names?

- 1. a book that gives a list of words in alphabetical order and explains their meanings: ...........
- 2. to make a book, list, record etc, using different pieces of information, music etc:.....
- 3. to change written or spoken words into another language:......
- 4. the way in which a language or a particular word is pronounced:.....
- 5. a word with the same meaning as another word in the same language:.....

a. synonym

b. combination

c. translate

d. compiled

e. pronunciation

f. dictionary

کلمات داده شده را در جای خالی جایگزین کنید.

#### translate -antonyms - synonym - magnifying glass - dictionary - pronunciation

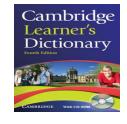
- 1.Only words which appeared in this ...... were considered to be correct.
- 2.Use of a ...... may be helpful in examining and repairing wounds.
- 3. Already, we have technology that can take text and ...... it into another language.
- 4. The student can also record his voice, to check his.....
- 5. We can look up the ......of a word in a dictionary.
- 6. For example, the words hot and cold are ..... that describe physical temperature.

با توجه به تصویر کلمه مورد نظر را بنویسید.









#### **Conversation words meaning**

**recommend**: to advise someone to do something, especially because you have special knowledge **Suppose:** used to say you think something is true, although you are uncertain about it **SYN I guess elementary**: simple or basic, the first and easiest part of a subject

- 1 .You've made a very ..... mistake.
- 2. The scientists ......there is life on Mars.
- 3. I..... that you get some professional advice.

**intermediate** : a level of knowledge or skill that is between the basic level and the advanced level **advanced** : very modern

wonder :to think about something that you are not sure about and try to guess what is true, what will happen

1.Ali's father has passed the intermediate level. He is going to start the
<b>design</b> :to make a drawing or plan of something that will be made or built <b>suggest</b> :to tell someone your ideas about what they should do, where they should go etc → <b>propose</b> : <b>consider</b> : to think about something carefully, especially before making a choice or decision
1.The zoo asked its visitors to       a name for the new baby panda.         2.The tower was       by Gilbert Scott.         3.They have       Whether to change their advice to tourists.
elementary -advanced -wonder -recommend -design -suggest -consider -suppose
1.a level of knowledge or skill that is between the basic level and the advanced level
2.to make a drawing or plan of something that will be made or built :
3.to think about something carefully, especially before making a choice or decision
4.to advise someone to do something, especially because you have special knowledge of a situation or subject :
5. used to say you think something is true, although you are uncertain about it :
6. to tell someone your ideas about what they should do, where they should go etc:
Suggest - designed – synonym- consider – wondered – supposed – recommend- elementary - advanced
1.I stronglythat you get your brakes checked before you go on a long drive
1.I stronglythat you get your brakes checked before you go on a long drive
1.I stronglythat you get your brakes checked before you go on a long drive 2.His government has lasted longer than his enemies
1.I stronglythat you get your brakes checked before you go on a long drive 2.His government has lasted longer than his enemies
1.I stronglythat you get your brakes checked before you go on a long drive 2.His government has lasted longer than his enemies
1.I stronglythat you get your brakes checked before you go on a long drive 2.His government has lasted longer than his enemies
1.I strongly
1.I strongly

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1. This novel is too difficult for **intermediate** students of English. (.........)

- 2.I **suppose** a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you, because you can find word information in English. (......)
- **3.** I suppose a **monolingual** dictionary is more suitable for you, because you can find word information in English. (........)
- **4.** Student: Excuse me Mr. Iranmehr, I wonder if you could help me. I'd like some information about a good English dictionary.

Mr. Iranmehr: That's right. First, I **recommend** a learner's dictionary. (........)

**5.** My dictionary is **bilingual** in Mandarin and English. (.......)

کلمات داده شده را در جای خالی جایگزین کنید.

#### advanced / monolingual / elementary / recommended / magnifier / compiled / suppose /

- 1. My grandmother is too old. She needs ...... glass to read the Holly Qur'an.
- **2.** The first Persian dictionary was ...... around 1000 years ago.
- 3. I have an ...... knowledge of physics. I can't help you solve your physics problems.
- **4.** I ..... they will arrive tomorrow afternoon, but I'm not sure.4
- **5.** The disease was too far ..... for doctors to cure.
- **6.** My doctor ..... me to do more exercise.

جواب درست کلمات هر جمله را از درون پرانتز انتخاب کنید.

- 1. She compiled a list of all the poets in the region. "Compile" means (chose, collected, suggested, considered).
- **2.** This CD does not have one song; rather, it is a(n) (**suggestion**, **recommendation**, **abbreviation**, **compilation**) of the greatest songs of the 1980s.
- 3. Shouldn't you phone home? Your parents will be (considering, supposing, wondering,) where you are.
- **4.** I (**suppose, wonder, prefer, hate**) what I would be doing now in this strange country without your kind help.
- **5. A:** How did the fire start? I (**consider**, **suppose**, **wonder**, **suggest**) it was an accident.

**B:** The police aren't sure. They say it might not have been an accident.

## New words and Expressions

avoid: to prevent something bad from happening

Contain: that thing is inside it

Entry: a piece of writing in a DIARY, or in a book containing information such as a dictionary

- 1. The thieves stole a purse containing banknotes.
- 2. Road safety is taught to young children to avoid road accidents.
- 3. I looked up the word .....the advanced dictionary.

**symbol**: a picture or shape that has a particular meaning or represents a particular organization or idea **stand for something**: it represents a word or idea, especially as a short form

 $\textbf{figure out:} \ \text{to understand why someone behaves in the way they do } \textbf{SYN work out}$ 

1. The symbol on the packet is a guarantee that the food has been produced organically.

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## 2. I can't ......what this sentence means. 3. A: Do you know what ATM ...... B: No, I don't. **combination**: two or more different things that exist together or are used or put together $\rightarrow$ combine arrangement: plans and preparations that you must make so that something can happen particular: the one that you are talking about, and not any other $\rightarrow$ certain, specific, special 1. Most students choose one ...... area for research. 2.I've agreed to help with ...... for the party. 3.A ..... of factors may be responsible for the increase in cancer. 4. You should pay ......attention to spelling. **introduction**: a written or spoken statement at the beginning of a book, speech, or meeting effectively: in a way that produces the result that was intended **OPP ineffectively** arrange: to organize or make plans for something such as a meeting, party, or trip **jump into:** to become involved in a situation very quickly; to suddenly decide to do something, especially without thinking about it carefully 1. Children have to learn to communicate ..... 2. After a brief ......by the chairman, the meeting began. 3. Can you ......yourselves in a circle so that everyone can see me? 1.a piece of writing in a DIARY, or in a book containing information such as a dictionary:..... 2.two or more different things that exist together or are used or put together:..... Avoid / contain / entry 3.the act of bringing something into use for the first time:..... /symbol / stand for / 4.to become involved in a situation very quickly:...... combination / arrangement / 5.to prevent something bad from happening:..... introduction / 6.thing is inside it or that thing is included in it:..... effectively / arrange / jump into 7.it represents a word or idea, especially as a short form:..... 8.plans and preparations that you must make so that something can happen :..... 9.to organize or make plans for something such as a meeting, party, or trip :..... Essential/ contained / entry / figure out/ combination/ avoid/ symbol/ 1. Drivers are advised to ...... Elm Street today due to heavy traffic and long delays. 2.Her report ..... some interesting suggestions. 3. Look up the ......for George Washington in the encyclopedia. 4. The ancient Egyptians had no ............................. for "zero." 5.He needs to sit down and ......how many people are coming.

6.Banana, orange juice, and cream may seem an odd....., but together they make a delicious drink.

دوازدهم. درس دوم. جزوه کلاسی زبان انگلیسی محمدرضا قهرمانی دبیر زبان انگلیسی و مدرس دانشگاه

particular /	/ arrangement/	origins	/ introduction/	iump into	/arrange/
particular,	ai i aii Sciii cii a	OI ISIIIS	mici oddection,	Jump mico	, all align

7.A small flower ......on the kitchen table can brighten up the room.

8. After a brief .....by the Chairman, the meeting began.

9. This discovery is of particular interest to scientists studying the ............ of the universe.

10.Can you .....yourselves in a circle so that everyone can see me?

#### با توجه به تعریف داده شده ، کلمه مورد نظر را از بین شماره های داده شده ، بطور صحیح بنویسید

3. an arrangement in a particular order: ......4. in a way that is successful and achieves what you want:...

a. TYREN: \_\_\_\_\_\_ b. PUMJ: \_\_\_\_\_ c. MCOTBIAIONN: \_\_\_\_\_ d. CFEFEYTIVEL : \_\_\_\_\_

بهترین جواب را انتخاب کنید.

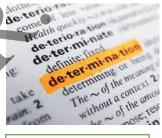
- 1. The (effect, success, strategy, purpose) of the research is to find out more about the causes of the disease.
- **2.** If they know the cause of the problem, they might be able to (**figure out, identity, look up, comprehend**) .how to prevent it
- **3.** Maryam Mirzakhani was the first Iranian student to (**claim, achieve, provide, advance**) a perfect score to win two gold medals in the International Mathematics Olympiad.

با توجه به جملات داده شده و حروف اول هر لغت، كلمه مورد نظر را بنويسيد.

A dictionary is an important reference book. It c............ many e............ that are a word listed in a dictionary and the information about it.

Abbreviations like TV that s...... for television and s..... like Ca for calcium are included as main entries in the vocabulary. So for f..... out what each abbreviation stands for we can use a d......









### **Reading Comprehension**

**Spelling:** to show how a word is spelled by writing or saying the letters separately in order

**definition**: a phrase or sentence that says exactly what a word, phrase, or idea means  $\rightarrow$ 

**example**: a specific person, or thing used to explain a general idea, or to show what is typical of a larger group **therefore**: as a result of something that has just been mentioned

1. Many countries, for ...... Mexico and Japan, have a lot of earthquakes.

2. We are, ....., confident that the work will be completed on time.

## دوازدهم. درس دوم. جزوه کلاسی زبان انگلیسی محمدرضا قهرمانی دبیر زبان انگلیسی و مدرس دانشگاه 3. Pupils should know the..... of commonly used words. 4.Can you give me a ...... of 'psychology'? essential: extremely important and necessary **provide**: to give something to someone or make it available to them **identify**: to recognize and correctly name someone or something: 1. Scientists have..... the gene that causes abnormal growth. 2.It is ...... that our pilots are given the best possible training. 3.The hotel ...... a shoe-cleaning service for guests. 4. The police took fingerprints and ......the body. issue: a subject or problem that is often discussed or argued about **abbreviation**: a short form of a word or expression. **Abbreviate= shorten** throughout: in every part of a particular area, place etc; during all of a particular period 1. The disease spread rapidly ...... Europe. 2. 'Information technology' is usually ...... to 'IT'. 3. The key ...... is whether workers should be classified as 'employe 4. 'Dr' is the written ..... of 'Doctor'. 5. We are open every weekend ..... the year. immediately: without delay SYN at once origin: the place or situation in which something begins to exist expand :to become larger in size, number, or amount, or to make something become larger OPP contract vocabulary: all the words that someone knows or uses; all the words in a particular language 2.Sydney's population ...... rapidly in the 1960s. 3.If someone wants to know the ......of words, they should use a dictionary 4. The hotel wants to ...... its business by adding a swimming pool. 5.By eighteen months of age, the girl had a ...... of around 300 words. کلمات داده شده را در جای خالی جایگزین کنید. / issue / abbreviation / throughout/ example / therefore / definition / provide / identify / essential/ 1. a phrase or sentence that says exactly what a word, phrase, or idea means:..... 2.a specific fact, idea, person, or thing that is used to explain or support a general idea, or to show what is typical of a larger group :..... 3. extremely important and necessary:..... 4.to give something to someone or make it available to them, because they need it or want it :........... 5.to recognize and correctly name someone or something:..... 6.a subject or problem that is often discussed or argued about, especially a social or political matter: ..... 7.a short form of a word or expression :..... 8.in every part of a particular area, place etc :.....

Tel: 09372960584 59 inasta:mr\_gharamani129

#### expand /vocabulary / immediately / origin / / issue / throughout / probably

I.without delay SYN at once :
2.the place or situation in which something begins to exist:
3.to become larger in size, number, or amount, or to make something become larger:
4.all the words that someone knows or uses:
5.more and more all the time :
example / identified / issues/ abbreviate/ definition/ essential/ explain/
2. Is it correct to
3.Calcium isfor the development of healthy teeth and bones.
4.Liz's painful story provides a clear of the dangers of drug abuse.
5. After years of research, scientists havethe virus that is responsible for the diseas

بهترین جواب را انتخاب کنید

- 1. The committee met to discuss the (issue, factor, origin, order) of working conditions at the factory.
- 2. (Entirely, Including, Parts of, Throughout) the summers the ants collect food for the winter season.
- 3. Even the smallest baby can (identify, identity, describe, confirm) its mother by her voice.

6.Doctors are unable to ......why the disease spread so quickly.

7.Global warming and youth crime are the key ......

4. Through sentence examples, try to learn 'words in combination' to (advance, expand, attract, provide) your vocabulary.

جاهای خالی با کلمات و عبار ات داده شده، کامل کنبد.

.....in the election campaign.

Sample sentence / pronunciation / headword/ definition / entry / part of speech

volcano (väl kā'nō') noun 1. a vent in Earth's crust through which molten lava and gases are ejected; Red Mountain, in northern Arizona, is one of many mountains that formed as the result of a volcano. 2. something with explosive potential; Before World War II, Germany was a volcano of unrest.

An up close look at a dictionary ENTRY
liberate → lifelong
Thereng
li-brar-y (lye-brer-ee) noun
1. A place where books, magazines, newspaper, tapes and videos are kept for reading or borrowing.
We have a great reference section in our <i>library</i> .  noun, plural libraries, noun, librarian
The show the many definitions a word may have.
بخش گرامر: ضمایر موصولی بهترین جواب را انتخاب کنید
1. The festival, lasted all day, ended with a banquet.
That Who Which What
2.I am looking for someone can watch my dog while I go on vacation.
Which Who Whom Whoever
3. The police needed details could help identify the robber.
Who Whatever That What
4.I'd like to take you to a café serves excellent coffee.
What Whatever Which Whichever
5. The clubhouse, in the dance was held, housed about 200 people.
Which Where That Whom
6.You can choose one person, you like, to share the cruise with you.
Whomever That Which Whom
7.I saw the shoesyou bought last week on sale for less this week.
When That Who Whom
اهاي خالي را با ضمير موصولي مناسب ( who - whom - which ) پر کنيد
1. The new house he bought is expensive.
2.Rudaki lived in the 4 <sup>th</sup> century is a famous Persian poet.
3. The woman you met yesterday is coming to dinner.
4.I found the keys I lost yesterday.
5.The girlis speaking English comes from India.
6.The boy you had invited arrived very late.
7. This is the interesting book I read last week.
8. The man is repairing the car is a mechanic.
استفاده از ضمایر موصولی (who – whom - which) جملات زیر را ترکیب کنید.
1. These are pictures. He has taken them before.
<b>0</b> mil 1 ' 1 1 ' 1 . TT ' 1'110 1

- **2.** The mechanic had an accident. He is very skillful.
- **3.** The students talked to the teacher. John met him before.

4. I am wearing the black silk dress. My mother bought it to me.
با توجه به تصویر داده شده و ضمایر موصولی)who, whom, which ) جمله زیر را کامل نمایید.  1.The boy yesterday was very sad.
2.The manlast Friday was my brother.
3. The boy was between 8 and 9 last night was my friend to fix  to eat  بهترین گزینه را انتخاب کنید
1. This is the teacher told me my son had been misbehaving in class.
1 which 2. whose 3. whom 4. who
2.My husband, I love wholeheartedly, sent me flowers at work yesterday.
1.who 2. Whom 3. Which 4. whose
3. Those are the boxes were sent to us last month,
1.which 2. who 3. Whose 4. whom
4.I have friends love me so much, they made a surprise birthday party for me last night.
1.who 2. whom 3. which 4. whose
5. That young man to we owe some thanks, saved our mom's life on that car accident.
1.which 2. whom 3. who 4. whose
6 .Excuse me but shouldn't you say to does that car belong?
1. which 2. That 3. whom 4. what
7 .The car to you are referring happens t o be mine!
1. that 2. whom 3. which 4. Where
8. That's interesting. We are talking about the car has a red roof.
1. that 2. who 3. that's 4. Whose
9 .Well, I think you ought to speak to that man standing with a notebook in front of the car.
1.which 2. whom 3. who's 4. How
10. we know a girlGerman very well.
1. Whom she speaks 2. Who she speaks c. whom speaks d. who speaks
11. We talked to the boys
1. Whom everyone know them 2. Who everyone know
3.who everyone knows 4. Whom everyone knows
12. the scientists believe that everythingis not bad for the Earth.

Which we consume it

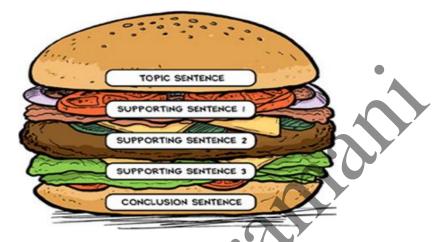
2. Which are dirty 3. That we buy 4. Whom we consume

## بخش گرامر: جملات شرطی نوع دوم

1tell you to te	ll him anything if you were not h	is close friend			
1. don't	2. won't	3. wouldn't	4. hadn't		
2. If I were you, Itha	coat. It's too expensive.				
<ol> <li>wouldn't buy</li> </ol>	2. won't buy	3. don't buy	4. didn't buy		
3. Whatyouif yo	ou had a big garden?				
1. would/do	2. are / doing	3. Were / done	4. Will / do		
4. What could we do if we	•		•		
	2. hadn't had	3. didn't have	4. haven't had		
5. If they were here, I					
1. will borrow	2. borrowed	3. would borrow	4. borrow		
6. You wouldn't be so fat if yo					
1. don't eat	2. hadn't eaten	3. didn't eat	4. can't eat		
7. How you write if		2 0	4 1 11		
1. can	2. will	3. could	4. should		
8. If I you, I wouldn't risk		2 111	4 101		
	2. am	3. would be	4. wereI 9.I		
9. I would move to a new house					
1. am 2. had	5. were	4. would be			
		، حاهای خالی بنه بسید	شکل صحیح افعال داخل یرانتز را د		
			. بن بدر وسی استان در		
3. If I a stud	ent, I would study 5 hours a day	. ( to be )			
4.If they arrived soon, we	them in the station	. ( to see )			
5. The mechanic	the car if he were free . ( to f	ix)			
6. You shouldn't be so tired if you	to bed earli	ier (togo)			
o. Tou shouldn't be so thed if you	to bed carr	ici . ( to go )			
1 /		يك جمله صحيح بنويسيد	با هر گروه از کلمات پراکنده زیر ،		
1./ is / I / the man / old / that / 9	0 / saw / years / .				
	• ′				
	φ				
2./ if / we / a letter / would / her	r / found / wa / har addrags / w	rita /			
2.7 II / We / a letter / would / He	/ Tourid / we / fier address / w	III.E /	•••••		
,	ورورين والتنا كالماركين	ه داده شده و با استفاده از  عبار ات	و المرابع المرابع و		
1 W/h of mould man do :		4 داده شده و به استفاده از عبارات	جمرت فقص را با توجه به جمد		
•	f you had a lot of money?				
If(help poor people)					
2. What would the bo	bys do if they studied hard?				
They (get good marks)					
3. Could you buy a ca	ar if you worked hard?				
Yes, if					

بخش نوشتار: جملات موضوعی Writing part: Topic Sentences

یک پاراگراف از یک جمله اصلی یا محوری(Topic Sentence) چند جمله پشتیبان (Supporting Sentences) و یک جمله پایانی (Concluding Sentence) تشکیل شده است. موقع نوشتن پاراگراف به ساندویچ همبرگر فکر کنید. ساندویچ همبرگر از بخشهای مختلفی تشکیل شده است که در نهایت آن را به ساندویچ کاملی تبدیل میکند.



#### **Topic Sentence= Topic word or Phrase + Controlling Idea.**

- 1. **Tennis racquets** *have changed greatly* in the last ten years.
- 2. People from many different cultures live in Boston.
- 3. Cats are better pets than dogs for many reasons.
- 4. Yesterday was the worst day of my life.
- 5. Oral presentations make me very nervous.
- 6. The oldest child in the family is often the most independent.
- 7. Tools for left-handed people are sometimes poorly designed.
- 8. Wendy's now offers the most nutritious selection of all the fast food restaurants.

#### مثال Topic word or Phrase + Controlling Idea

1.**Topic Sentence**: There are many reasons why pollution in ABC Town is the worst in the world.

The topic is "pollution in ABC Town is the worst in the world" and the controlling idea is "many reasons."

2.**Topic Sentence**: To be an effective CEO requires certain characteristics.

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The topic is : and the controlling idea is
3. <b>Topic Sentence:</b> There are many possible contributing factors to global warming.
The topic is and the controlling idea is
4. <b>Topic Sentence</b> : Dogs make wonderful pets because they help you to live longer.
The topic is and the controlling idea is
جمله موضوعی یا Topic Sentenceرا در پاراگراف های زیر مشخص کنید.

- A) Cats are very good pets for several reasons. They are naturally good caregivers because they take care of their kittens, so they want to take care of their owners as well. Cats are quite clean, and if you train them to use a litter box, they require almost no cleanup in their areas.
- B) Scientists have learned to supplement the sense of sight in numerous ways. In front of the tiny pupil of the eye they put, on Mount Palomar, a great monocle 200 inches in diameter, and with it see 2000 times farther into the depths of space. Or they look through a small pair of lenses arranged as a microscope into a drop of water or blood, and magnify by as much as 2000 diameters the living creatures there, many of which are among man's most dangerous enemies.
- C) My first day of college was a disaster. First, I went to the wrong classroom for math. I was sitting in the class, surrounded by people taking notes and paying attention to how to do equations, which would have been okay if I was supposed to be in an algebra class.

برای کلمات و عبارات زیر یک جمله موضوعی یا Topic Sentence بنویسید

- 1.Dictionary:
- 2. Physician:
- 3. Language:
- 4. Forest:
- 5. Sense of appreciation:

#### دوازدهم درس دوم. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

#### گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

الف با توجه به تصاوير جواب درست را نوشته يا انتخاب كنيد.









- 1.I can see some tiny insects by means of a magnifying glass.
- 2. Some of its apps don't work properly today.
- 3. Whenever he can't figure out the problem, he puts his cellphone away
- 4. Try to avoid foods that contain a lot of fat

ب با انتخاب گزینه مناسب، جملات زیر را کامل کنید

- 1. The doctor ......cured the patients with the new drug.
- a.Successfully
- b. successful
- c. success
- d. succeed

- 2.My job has become ----- difficult these days.
- a. increasing
- b. increased
- c. increases
- d. increasingly
- 3. Teachers spare no ----- to teach us new things.
- a.paints
- b. pains
- c. points
- d. plains
- 4.A: I need a dictionary. What's your suggestion? B: I ..... a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you.
- a. arrange

b. suppose

c. compile

- d. look up
- 5. A: What do you know about Maryam? B: She always keeps to herself and isn't .......
- a. communicative
- b. communicate
- c. communication
- d. communicatively

پ. کلمه مورد نظر را با توجه به معنای جملات بنویسید.

- 1. Try to a - foods that contain a lot of fat because they are dangerous for our health.
- 2. In this technique which is known as  $\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{a} - -$ , looking for word parts can help you read and understand the meaning of complicated words.
- 3. The most important sentence in a paragraph is the t - sentence.
- 4.A h - - device is available for some people suffering from hearing loss.

ت با استفاده از کلمات داده شده ، جملات زیر را کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است)

#### recommend - entries - dedicated - forever - stands for - physician

- 1. They updated a lot of .....in the most recent dictionaries.
- 2.Sam: Can you ------ doing something on the weekend
- 3.It's a fact that some people don't know what IT .......
- **4.A:** Sure, he was also a dedicated ..... **B:** Not surprisingly, people will remember him.....

ث بر ای هر کلمه یک تعریف از a تا c بیدا کنید

- 1.He **jumped into** using the dictionary without understanding the pronunciation guide. ----
- 2. The man arranged the children in lines according to their height. -----

## دوازدهم درس دوم. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

## گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرماتی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

3.1 effeted the dictional	y chiry for the word	ant		
a. to suddenly decide to	do something			
b. to put things in a near	t, attractive, or useful	order		
c. a word or a phrase lis	sted in alphabetical ord	ler in a dictionary		
				ج گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید
1.I searched everywher	e but I couldn't find th	e keys my daugh	ter needed.	
a. which	b. who	c. whom	d. what	
2.They healthie	er if they didn't eat jun	k food.		
a. will be	b. were	c. would be	d. are	
3.What yo <b>a.</b> would / ask	ou do if your friend <b>b.</b> will / asked	• you for help? •• would/ asked	<b>d.</b> will /ask	
4.The womana.who she wears	<b>b.</b> that wears	her. c. who wear	d. whon	n wears
5.Whathappen	if you	too much food?		
a.Will / eating	b. would / eat	c. will / were eating	d. would / ate	e
6. We appreciate those.	our cul	tural values to the next g	eneration	
a.That carries	b. who carry	c. who they carry	d. whom	they carry
7.If it so col	ld, we swin	nming.		
a. weren't / would go	b. isn't / wen	c. won't be /	were going	d. would be/ were
8.My friend is a type of	f guy likes	to spend his time wisely		
a. whom	b. who	e. whose	d. which	
9.A: I have a good job l	but I can't make enoug	h money. B: I	more money if	`I you.
a. saved / was	b. saved / we	c. would sav	e / were	d. saved / would be
10. Mina and her classr		dent books their	teacher suggested.	
a. which	b. who	c. whom		d. what
11.My grandchildren	'Smart Kid' i	f they home.		
a. could play/ were	b. played / w	ould be c. are	e playing / were	d. will play/ would be
12.Reza, bring me the b	oook is on t	the table.		
a. which it	b. who	c. that it		d. which
		بد	ماهای خا <b>ل</b> ي را کامل کني	چ با شکل صحیح فعل داخل پر انتز ، ج
1.He likes to learn Fren	ich, but he can not spei	nd time practicing it.		
If he	(to have), he		(to practice) it	
2.What would you do it	f you lost in	a foreign country? (to ge	et)	

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If they had enough time in summer, they ...... to Mazandaran. (to travel)

## دوازدهم درس دوم. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

## گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

ه به تصویر داده شده و صمایر موضونیwino, wincin, wincin جمله زیر را خامل نمایید	ح.ب نوجه
The boy was between 8 and 9 last night was my friend.	
to ea	
ده از ضمایر موصولی درون پرانتز دو جمله داده شده را ترکیب کنید.	خ.با استفا،
1. The dictionary has many explanations. The dictionary was used by many young writers. (who, which,	vhom)
The dictionary	
به تصاویر و عبارت درون پرانتز جملات ناقص را کامل کنید	د با توجه
1.A: What would Zahra do if she had a lot of money?	in.
B: If,, to buy a camera	
2.A: What would he do if he had a smartphone? ( to use an online dictionary)	
B: If,	Ź
3.Sina: What would you do if you were free for two weeks?	M.
Behzad: If we were free for two weeks,	travel
، در هم ریخته زیر، یک جمله معنادار بنویسید. 1. is / who / are talking / the students / to the teacher / very dedicated /.	ذ.با کلمات
2. Vahid met / whom / the patient / before / to the doctor / talked / . /	
3.A: What is strange about the accident?	
B: The mechanic (very / who / skillful / was) was the driver.	
به مفهوم هر متن، گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید	ر با توجه
1.A distinguished Iranian poet, named Asadi Tusi, compiled the first Persian dictionary and called it Loghat Fors. He arranged the list of entries according to the final letters of the words. This dictionary has synonym explanations that young poets after Asadi Tusi have widely used. They have added many words to the first dictionary, as well.	
a. Loghat-e-Fors has no special arrangement of the words.	
b. Young poets use synonyms and explanations in Loghat-e-Fors.	
c. The poets after Asadi Tusi didn't know how to use his dictionary.	

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d. Loghat-e-Fors only contains the words that young poets wrote first

# دوازدهم درس دوم. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴ گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

- 2.Oceans and lakes have much in common, but they are also quite different. Both are bodies of water, but oceans are very large bodies of salt water, while lakes are much smaller bodies of fresh water. Lakes are usually surrounded by land, while oceans are what surround continents.
- a. Lakes surround lands.

b. Oceans and lakes are totally different.

c. Lakes have salt water.

- d. Oceans are large bodies of water around continents
- 3. "A complete dictionary also tells you about the origin of words and the story behind them. For example, the words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar' and 'paradise' entered English from Persian." In other words, ------.
- a. A complete dictionary does not provide information about the origin of the words.
- b. Words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar', and 'paradise' came from Arabic to English.
- c. A complete dictionary tells you the history of words.
- d. The word 'paradise' does not have an origin
- 4. "One way to figure out the meaning of an unknown word is to look for its relationship with other words in the same family." This means------.
- a. Ask your family if you do not know the meaning of the words.
- b. Look for an unknown word to understand the same words.
- c. Your family relationship is one way to figure out the meaning of words.
- d. Word parts can help you understand the meaning of complicated words
- 5. You can use a free online dictionary. And also, there are some free dictionaries for PCs and apps for smart phones.
- a) A free online dictionary is like a smart phone.
- b) Free dictionaries may be offered as online, for PCs and apps for smart phones.
- c) You should pay some money to buy some free apps for smart phones.
- d) Free online dictionaries may be bought for PCs, apps and smart phone
- 6. When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning.
- a. Each word has only one meaning in different dictionaries
- b. There are different meanings for a word in a dictionary.
- c. Dictionaries rarely provide the right meaning of words.
- d. We use other languages to understand a dictionary.
- 7.Good notes can help you remember and review a text you have read. There is no magic formula to taking notes when reading. You have to find out what works best for you.
- a. Taking notes does not follow any fixed formula.

# دوازدهم درس دوم سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴ کوداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

- b. Taking good notes requires knowing a magic formula.
- c. To remember things better, take notes in the same way.
- d. To find what works best for you, remember and review the notes.
- 8. When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning.
- a. There are different meanings for a word in a dictionary, so be careful.
- b. Each word has only one meaning when using a dictionary carefully.
- c. Choosing a dictionary needs another language to find words.
- d. Finding out how to say something in another language is not right

ز برای پاراگراف داده شده، یک جمله موضوعی Topic Sentence و یک جمله نتیجه گیری Concluding Sentence بنویسید

ژ.با توجه به پاراگراف داده شده، به موار د زیر پاسخ دهید

A.Doctors are those who make the sick people healthy again. In order to become a doctor, a person has to study medicine. Doctors have a hard life. Their lives are very busy. They get up early in the morning and go to the hospital. They work without taking a break. They are always polite and patients feel comfortable with them. Therefore, doctors work so hard to cure sick people and we must know their values.

- 1. The **supporting sentences** of the above paragraph -----
- a) give examples

b) give reasons

c) tell a short story

d) explain the idea in the topic sentence

- Find and write.
- 2. The **topic** of the paragraph: -----.
- 3. The **controlling idea** of the paragraph: ------
- 4. The **concluding sentence** of the paragraph: -----

# دوازدهم درس دوم سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴ کوازدهم درس دوم محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

- B. Elders have a lot to share with us. Their life experiences, their failures, their successes and many more. We need to care for them because they deserve to be cared for. Respect and care for elders start with our parents. They are our first teachers in our life. So, we must respect and take care of them.
- 1. Find the **topic** of the paragraph.
- 2. Find the **controlling idea** of the paragraph.
- 3. Find the **concluding sentence** of the paragraph.

C.Good teachers can make great changes in our life. But why? First, good teachers know their subject very well. Second, good teachers are especially good communicators. This means they know how to teach in different ways that students can understand. Students in our class are very clever. And the last reason, good teachers can show students that they are interested in their subject and the subject is quite fun to learn about.

show students that they are interested in their subject and the sub	oject is quite fun to learn about.
1. The <b>supporting sentences</b> of the above paragraph	

- a. give examples
- b. give reasons
- c. tell a short story
- 2. Which of the following is the best **concluding sentence** for the above paragraph?
- a. So, good teachers are everywhere in the world.
- b. As a result, good teachers receive a prize.
- c. In short, good teachers can have some good effects on our life.
- 3. Which sentence doesn't support the topic sentence in the above paragraph? ......

D. Water is the most essential element in our life. We cannot think of life without water. We need water to drink, to wash our bodies and clothes, to cook our food and to grow crops, vegetables and fruits. Water is also essential for animals, birds, insects, etc. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale. Nearly 70 percent of our body is water. Lack of rain causes droughts. Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.

- 1. Find the **topic** of the paragraph.
- 2. Find the **controlling idea** of the paragraph.
- 3. Find the **concluding sentence** of the paragraph.

E.Nowadays, garbage is a big problem in our world. Every day, people create lots of waste from their homes, schools, and businesses. This garbage can harm the environment and affect our health. For example, when lots of garbage is left in parks and streets, it can attract mice and insects. Some insects don't eat food. People are asked to use less plastic and to sort their garbage.

- 1. The supporting sentences of the above paragraph -----
- a. tell a short story
- b. explain the idea in the topic sentence
- c. give reasons
- 2. Which of the following is the best **concluding sentence** for the above paragraph?
- a. Thus, Many cities are trying to recycle more to decrease waste.

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# دوازدهم درس دوم. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴ کوداورنده: محمدرضا فهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

- b. So, garbage can harm the environment and affect our health.
- c. In short, we all need to work together to keep our environment clean.
- 3. Which sentence does not support the topic sentence in the above paragraph?

------

- 1. The **topic** sentence of the paragraph is ......
- 2. The **supporting sentences** of the paragraph ......
- a. tell a short story
- b. explain the idea in the topic sentence
- c. give reasons

3. Write a **concluding sentence** for the above paragraph.

س.در پاراگراف زیر ، جملات بدنه supporting sentenceر ا با نوجه به جمله موضوع و جمله نتیجه گیری Concluding Sentence را مرتب کنید

Speaking a foreign language is what most people want.1....

2......4......4.

In short, nothing can be as effective as a good teacher.

- a. A good teacher is a great help whether the language is learnt at home or by travelling.
- b. Others travel to the country where the language is spoken to learn it.
- c. Some people try to learn a new language at home with books and tapes.
- d. However, most people don't have enough money to go to foreign countries

ش.در پاراگراف زیر دو جمله پشتیبانsupporting sentenceکه با جمله موضو عیtopic sentenceهمخوانی ندارند،را مشخص کنید.

Learning to take good notes is very important. Good notes can help you remember and review a text you have read. My brother always keeps a notebook in his bag. There is no magic formula to taking notes when reading. You have to find out what works best for you. Some notes are written in English. Thus, good notes include all the important ideas and examples.

.....

### **Lesson 3 Renewable Energy**

(take sth into	to think about a particular thing or fact for making a decision	ملاحظه، توجه مورد توجه قرار دادن	
consideration	SYN attention, notice		
considerable	regard, notice, perceive, observe  SYN significant, remarkable, noticeable	ر تعر ترين. سرعت تردن قابل ملاحظه، قابل توجه	
consider	SYN assume, presume, consider, suppose, remark, consider,	ر نظر گرفتن، ملاحظه کردن	
conclude	SYN deduce, result	بحص، جر نتیجه گرفتن	
component	SYN constituent, division, element, ingredient, part	جمعیت، جامعه بخش، جز	
community	people living in the same area	ارببات جمعیت، جامعه	
communication	SYN connection, relationship	ارتباط برقرار کردن ارتباط	
common	SYN speak, argue, discuss, communicate, negotiate	<b>مشترک، عادی</b> ادتیاط د قرار کردن	
_	SYN usual, ordinary, normal	به جواب رسیدن، یافتن	
come up with	to find or produce an answer	موعه دار، جمع آوری کننده در حداد درسید در دافت	
collector	burned as fuel  SYN gatherer, compiler	مرود دار می آمری گانده	
coal	a hard black or dark brown substance found in the earth and	پُرپُت جبران ماک ذغال سنگ	
cloth	SYN textile, fabric	<b>پارچە، لباس، كهنە</b>	
client	SYN consumer, customer	مشتری، م <b>وکل</b>	
character	SYN identity, being, personality	شخصیت	
broth	water in which meat, fish, grain, or vegetables have been boiled	سوپ، آبگوشت	
blow	SYN breeze, blow, puff, whiff, inbreathe	وزیدن، باد آمدن	
bill	SYN check, invoice	صورت حساب، قبض	
benefit	SYN profit, advantage	سود، بهره، مزیت	
basis	SYN base, foundation	اساس، پایه	
barbecue	building a metal frame for cooking food on over an open fire outdoors	<b>کباب خوری</b>	
balcony	an elevated platform projecting from the outer wall of a	بالكن	
apply	SYN employ, use, utilize	درخواست کردن	
apologize	SYN excuse, pardon	عذرخواهی کردن	
alternative	building, car, or other space  SYN option, choice, election	دستگاه تهویه جایگزین، انتخاب	
air conditioner	a device that circulates cooled and dehumidified air in a	ابل دسترس، قابل دستیابی	
achievable	SYN accessible, achievable	بدست آوردن، رسیدن به	
achieve	SYN attain, get, arrive, gain, receive	جذب کردن	
absence absorb	SYN attract, soak up	غيبت، فقدان	
. 1	Definition/ Synonym/ Antonym  ANT attendance, presence		

consist of sth	comprise of; be composed of be made up of	تشكيل شدن از
constant	SYN fixed, firm	دائم، ثابت
consume	SYN use, waste, spend	مصرف كردن
convert	SYN transmit, alter, change, transform	تبدیل شدن به
cooperate	to work with others, esp. for a common purpose.	<b>مکاری کردن، یاری کردن</b>
cooperation	SYN concurrence, coordination, teamwork	همکاری، یاری
cost	SYN charge, price	هزينه، مخارج
cross sth out	SYN erase, delete	ف کردن،از دور خارج کردن
deal with	SYN handle	از عهده ی چیزی برآمدن
deliver	SYN hand over	نحويل دادن
delivery	SYN release	تحويل
demand	SYN request	:تقاضا/فعل:درخواستگردن
die out	SYN disappear	منقرض شدن
digest	SYN Verb: take in, absorb Noun: summary	میدن، هضم کردن، خلاصه
disability	SYN handicap, disorder, unfitness	معلولیت، ناتوانی
document	SYN evidence	سند
dread	SYN fear, dread, horror	ترسیدن، وحشت کردن
dreadful	SYN terrible, horrible, frightful	<b>ترسناک</b>
economy	the careful management of wealth, resources, and means of production.	اقتصاد
environment	SYN surroundings	محيط، محيط زيست
equivalent	SYN equal, even, identical, like, matching, synonymous	معادل، هم ارز
fall	SYN descend, drop	افتادن، زمین خوردن
feather	SYN fin	پُر
fitness	to have the appropriate shape and size	تناسب اندام
flashlight	SYN torch	چراغ قوه
flock	SYN herd	سم: گله / فعل: جمع شدن
fond(of)	SYN willing, interested(in), keen(on)	دلبسته، شيفته، علاقمند
forever	SYN always, all time	همیشه، برای همیشه
formula	a rule or procedure expressed in a standard way	فرمول، روش
fuel	anything that is consumed as a source of energy	سوخت
garbage	SYN rubbish, trash, waste	زباله، آشغال
generate	SYN produce	وليد كردن، بوجود آوردن
generation	SYN race	نسل
gift	SYN present	هدیه
give off	SYN emit; send out	منتشر کردن، بیرون دادن
global	SYN universal, worldwide	جهانی، کلی
goods	SYN stuff, things	טצ
gradually	SYN gently, progressively	بتدریج، کم کم
hatch	to come out of an egg	از تخم بیرون آمدن

heat	to come out of an egg hotness	گرما
herd	SYN flock	گله
hydropower	The production of electricity by the force of fast moving water	تولید انرژی با آب
inform	SYN advise, apprise, notify, tell	آگاهی دادن، خبر دادن
joint	SYN junction	مفصل/ محل اتصال
kinetic	dynamic, motive	جنبشی، حرکتی
landfill	an area of land where large amounts of waste materials are buried under the earth	زباله دانی
lead to	SYN result in, cause	منتهى شدن
likelihood	SYN capability, chance, probability	محتمل، احتمال
load	sth that is being carried by a person, vehicle	بار، ظرفیت
magic	SYN conjuring	جادو، جادوگری
margin	SYN border, frame	حاشيه
material	SYN stuff	مواد
namely	SYN meaning	یعنی، به این معنی که
nuclear	SYN atomic	هسته، اتمي
opposite	SYN contrary, converse	برخلاف، برعکس
obey	to follow or carry out the command, instruction, or wishes	طلاعت كردن، فرمان بردن
organic	SYN natural	طبيعي
outlet	SYN vent	خروجی، پریز برق
overcome	SYN beat, conquer, defeat	شکست دادن، چیره شدن
panel	SYN board	تابلو، صفحه
perfect	SYN accurate, true, spotless	كامل، دقيق، عالى
plug	SYN socket	دو شاخه، به برق زدن
pollute	SYN to make dirty	آلوده كردن
portable	SYN mobile, movable, transportable	قابل انتقال
practical	SYN practicable, usable, useful, workable	عملی، مفید، قابل استفاده
principle	SYN origin, root, stem, basis	اصول، روش
process	to handle or transform according to a systematic procedure.	ِدازش کردن، اداره کردن
produce	SYN supply, generate, manufacture	تولید کردن
production	SYN generation, manufacture	توليد
proverb	a short saying in popular use that expresses a common truth or wisdom	ضرب المثل
provide	SYN furnish, serve, supply	<b>دارک دیدن، آماده کردن</b>
radiation	SYN light, flame, glow, shine	<b>تابش</b>
reduce	SYN decrease, diminish, lessen, lower	کاهش دادن، کم کردن
reduction	SYN decrease, decline	كاهش
remind	SYN memorialize, recall	یاد آوری کردن
renewable	able to be revived, regenerated, or restored	تجديدپذير
replace	SYN substitute, shift, , change	جايگزين كردن

require	SYN call for, demand, need, want	نیاز داشتن
requirement	SYN need, requisite, necessity.	نياز، احتياج
result	SYN consequence, outcome	نتيجه
revolve	SYN spin, turn	چرخیدن، چرخاندن
rise	SYN arise, ascend	افزایش، طلوع
roof	the surface or structure covering the top of a building	سقف
run	SYN execute, operate, conduct, direct	اداره کردن
separate	SYN apart, detached	جدا، مجزا
shiny	SYN lustrous, glossy	براق، درخشان
sight	SYN eyesight, vision	بینایی، منظر
solar	of, relating to, or derived from the sun	خورشیدی
spoil	SYN damage, ruin, wreck	فاسد شدن، ضایع شدن
stable	Noun: a building in which horses are kept	مفت: ثابت، استوار، محكم
	Adjective: <b>SYN</b> fixed, firm, steady	اسم: اصطبل
store	SYN keep, reserve	انبار کردن، ذخیره کردن
stove	an apparatus that uses electricity or burns fuel to provide heat	اجاق گاز
•	for cooking or for heating a dwelling	
string	SYN face, line	رشته، سیم، نخ
supply	SYN furnish, provide	تهیه کردن، تولید کردن
supporting	SYN encouraging	حامی، مکمل
surround	SYN enclose, encompass	احاطه کردن، فرا گرفتن
take in	SYN absorb	<b>نب کردن، به داخل کشیدن</b>
tide	ebb and flow	جزر و مد
truck	SYN camion, truck, lorry	كاميون
use up	to completely consume or exhaust SYN finish.	لا استفاده کردن، تمام کردن
variety	SYN diversity	تنوع، گوناگونی
various	SYN different, diverse, varied	متفاوت، مختلف
veggie	SYN vegetarian	سبزیجات، گیاه خوار
voluntary	<b>SYN</b> free, willing <b>ANT</b> forced, involuntary, obligatory	داوطلبانه
volunteer	one who offers to perform work or services without pay	داوطلب
warn	SYN alert, caution	<b>شدار دادن، اخطار دادن</b>
waste	SYN to use, consume, spend	هدر دادن، مصرف کردن
weigh	to measure the heaviness of by using a scale or similar device	وزن کردن
work out	SYN figure out, solve	فهمیدن، استنباط کردن
worm	any of numerous related invertebrates with long, thin, flexible, round or flat bodies and no limbs.	كرم

### سوالات شنیداری مکالمه درس سوم صفحات ۷۹-۷۹

Emad and his father are traveling to Guilan. On the way, in Manjeel, Emad sees
Emad: Daddy, look at those big fans!
Father: They are actually wind turbines.
Emad: Wind turbines?
Father: Yes, wind turbines are used to electricity from wind power.
Emad: I know electricity can be produced from water and How might it be generated from wind?
<b>Father</b> : Well, a wind turbine works the of a fan. Instead of using electricity to make wind, a turbine uses wind to make electricity. It is a type of clean energy.
Emad: These wind turbines me of what I read about using wind power in Yazd's buildings.
Father: You mean wind towers?
<b>Emad</b> : Yes, they are natural systems and can be used instead of electrical air conditioners. This is another source of clean energy, isn't it?
Father: Yes, it is. An type of clean energy
Emad: Daddy, can we travel to Yazd this Norooz?
Father: That's OK with me. Let's check it with others .
سوالات شنیداری ریدینگ درس سوم صفحات ۸۰ ـ ۸۱
Earth for our Children زمین بسرای بچسه هایمسان
Energy is the ability to do work. It can take a of forms: mechanical, electrical, chemical, and
We get most of our energy from these fossil fuels, but this is harmful to the
In recent years,
The most common type of clean energy is the solar power. Solar energy is produced by the that reaches the earth. People have used the sun as a heat source for thousands of years. Iranians 'for, use special designs and of windows, balconies and yards to get the most sunshine. Different types of materials might also be used in building the houses. This keeps people warm during cold

Nowadays, solar energy can be ....... into other forms of energy, such as heat and electricity. Solar energy might be used for heating water and air in homes, buildings, or swimming pools. Maybe you've seen buildings or houses with big shiny panels on the roof. These are solar ...... that collect heat by absorbing sunlight and producing solar power. Also, solar energy can be used in ...... electricity to provide power for watches, highway signs, houses and even space stations.

Clean energy resources are widely used in many countries to keep cities and villages clean. As a result, fewer fossil fuels are ...... each year and they are saved for the future generations.

### سوالات شنیداری Listening and Speaking درس سوم صفحات ۹۰ - ۸۹

- 1. Where had the boy gone?
- 2. They played ...... and had a .....
- 3. They first played volleyball and then they took photos . T / F / No information
- 4. In the afternoon, they flew kites. T / F / No information
- 5. They had bought the kites. T / F / No information
- 6. They were five students . T / F / No information

### سوالات شليداري مكالمه ١ صفحه ٩٠

- 1. Had Rasool tried the restaurant sauce before?
- 2. They had already tried the food there the weekend before. T/F/No information
- 3. He had never tasted their special sauce. T/F/No information
- 4. Did Rasool go to the new restaurant alone?
- 5. What did they order?
- 6. The food was .....than the food in other restaurants.

### سوالات شنیداری مکالمه ۲ صفحه ۹۰

- 1. When had Samira and her friends gone to the museum?
- 2. They were 4 when they went to the museum. T / F / No information
- 3. They wanted to go to the museum of ......
- 4.It was the second time that they went to the museum. T / F / No information
- 5. When did Samira's guests leave her home?
- 6. Their mothers arrived and took them home after dinner. T / F / No information
- 7. Samira was the host. T / F / No information



### سوالات شنیداری بخش اول صفحه:99

1. He left office at 9 a.m. T / F / No information

2. When he ...... out of the office, most people had ...... gone home.

3. How was the street at night?

4. Had the man experienced such a thing before?

5. What happened while he was walking?

6.He knew the driver's name. **T / F / No information** 

7. He remembered the driver .\_T / F / No information



#### ترجمه مكالمه درس سوم صفحات ٧٦-٧٥

Emad and his father are traveling to Guilan. On the way, in Manjeel, Emad sees huge wind turbines.

عماد و پدرش در حال سفر به گیلان هستند در طی مسیر ,در منجیل , عماد توربین بادی بزرگی را دید.

Emad: Daddy, look at those big fans! کن الله کن نگاه کن در به آن بنگه های بزرگ نگاه کن

Father: They are actually wind turbin ... در واقع آن ها توربین های بادی هستند

عماد: توربین های بادی؟ Emad: Wind turbines?

Father: Yes, wind turbines are used to produce electricity from wind power.

پدر: بله, توربین های بادی برای تولید برق از قدرت باد استفاده میشوند.

Emad: I know electricity can be produced from water and sunlight. How might it be generated from wind?

عماد: من میدانم که نیروی برق می تواند از نور خورشید و آب تولید شود. اما چگونه ممکن است از باد تولید شود؟

Father: Well, a wind turbine works the opposite of a fan. Instead of using electricity to make wind, a turbine uses wind to make electricity. It is a type of clean energy.

پدر: خوب, یک توربین بادی بر خلاف یک پنکه عمل میکند. به جای استفاده از برق برای تولید باد، توربین از باد برای تولید برق استفاده میکند. این یک نوع انرژی پاک است.

Emad: These wind turbines remind me of what I read about using wind power in Yazd's buildings.

عماد: این توربین های بادی، چیزی را که درباره ی استفاده از قدرت باد در ساختمان های یزد خوانده بودم را به خاطرم می آورد.

پدر: ی منظور تو برج های بادی است؟ پدر: ی منظور تو برج های بادی است؟

Emad: Yes, they are natural air-cooling systems and can be used instead of electrical air conditioners. This is another source of clean energy, isn't it?

عماد: بله، آنها یک سیستم های خنک کننده طبیعی هوا هستند و می توانند به جای تهویه های هوا برقی استفاده شوند.این نوع دیگری از انرژی یاک است، اینطور نیست؟

Father: Yes, it is. An excellent type of clean energy .پدر: بله، اینطور است. یک نوع عالی از انرژی پاک!

عماد: يدر، ما مي توانيم اين نوروز به يزد سفر كنيم؟ Emad: Daddy, can we travel to Yazd this Norooz?

پدر: من مشکلی ندارم. بیا با بقیه هماهنگ کنیم. . . Father: That's OK with me. Let's check it with others

Tel: 09372960584 79 inasta:mr\_gharamani129

#### ترجمه ریدینگ درس سوم صفحات ۸۰ ـ ۸۱

"Earth for our Children" زمین بسرای بچسه هایمسان

Energy is the ability to do work. It can take a variety of forms: mechanical, electrical, chemical, and nuclear. To produce any type of energy, the resources of the earth are used. The main resources of the earth are fossil fuels such as natural gas, oil, and coal.

انرژی توانایی برای انجام کار است. میتواند در شکل های متفاوتی وجود داشته باشد: مکانیکی، الکتریکی، شیمیایی و هسته ای برای تولید هر نوع از انرژی، منابع زمینی استفاده میشوند. منابع اصلی زمین سوخت های فسیلی هستند از قبیل گاز طبیعی، نفت و زغال سنگ

We get most of our energy from these fossil fuels, but this is harmful to the environment. Fossil fuels are nonrenewable and cannot be replaced easily. Once we use them up, they're gone forever. They are not clean as they pollute water or air

ما بیشتر انرژیمان را از این سوخت های فسیلی میگیریم، اما این برای محیط زیست مضر است. سوخت های فسیلی تجدید ناپذیر هستند و به راحتی نمیتوان آن ها را جایگزین کرد. اگر یک بار از آن ها استفاده کنیم آن ها برای همیشه از بین میروند. آنها پاکیزه نیستند چونکه آب و هوا را آلوده میکنند.

In recent years, scientists try to use other types of energy resources. They call them clean energy resources because they do not pollute the earth. Clean energy is renewable. It is made from resources that can be replaced, like wind, water, sunshine, tides, and plants. When renewable energy resources are used, the demand for fossil fuels is reduced.

در سال های اخیر، دانشمندان سعی میکنند از مفایع دیگر انرژی استفاده کنند. آنها، آن ها را منابع انرژی پاک نامیده اند برای اینکه آن ها زمین را آلوده نمی کنند. انرژی پاک تجدید پذیر است. این از منابعی تشکیل شده است که میتواند جایگزین شود، مانند باد، آب، نور خورشید، جزر و مد، و گیاهان. هنگامی که منابع انرژی تجدید پذیر استفاده می شوند، نیاز برای سوخت های فسیلی کاهش پیدا می کند .

The most common type of clean energy is the solar power. Solar energy is produced by the radiation that reaches the earth. People have used the sun as a heat source for thousands of years. Iranians for instance, use special designs and arrangements of windows, balconies and yards to get the most sunshine. Different types of materials might also be used in building the houses. This keeps people warm during cold seasons and cool during hot days of the year.

رایج ترین نوع انرژی پاک انرژی خورشیدی است. انرژی خورشیدی از تابش هایی که به زمین میرسد تولید میشود. مردم سال ها است که از خورشید به عنوان منبع گرمایشی استفاده کرده اند. ایرانی ها از سال های دور از چیدمان وطراحی های خاص برای پنجره ها، بالکن ها و حیاط ها استفاده میکردند برای اینکه بیشترین تابش خورشید را جذب کنند. انواع متفاوتی از مواد هم ممکن است برای ساختن ساختمان ها استفاده شوند. این مردم را در طول فصل های سرد، گرم و در طی فصل های گرم سال، خنک نگه میدارد.

Nowadays, solar energy can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat and electricity. Solar energy might be used for heating water and air in homes, buildings, or swimming pools. Maybe you've seen buildings or houses with big shiny panels on the roof. These are solar collectors that collect heat by absorbing sunlight and producing solar power. Also, solar energy can be used in generating electricity to provide power for watches, highway signs, houses and even space stations.

امروزه انرژی خورشیدی میتواند به انواع دیگر انرژی تبدیل شود, از قبیل گرما و الکتریسیته. انرژی خورشیدی باید برای گرم کردن آب و هوا در خانه ها، ساختمان ها، ساختمان ها، ساختمان ها، ساختمان ها، ساختمان ها، ساختمان ها، با قطعه های بزرگ درخشان در بام دیده باشید.این ها گرد آورنده انرژی هستند که گرما را با جذب کردن نور آفتاب جمع آوری میکنند و انرژی خورشیدی تولید میکنند. همچنین انرژی خورشیدی می تواند برای تولید برق برای ساعت ها، تابلوهای بزرگراه ها، خانه ها و ایستگاه های فضایی استفاده شود

Clean energy resources are widely used in many countries to keep cities and villages clean. As a result, fewer fossil fuels are consumed each year and they are saved for the future generations.

منابع انرژی پاک به صورت گسترده ای در بسیاری از کشور ها برای پاکیزه نگه داشتن روستاها و شهر ها استفاده میشوند. در نتیجه هر ساله سوخت های فسیلی کمتری استفاده میشوند و برای نسل های آینده باقی میمانند

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### درس ۳ صفحه: ۸۱ متن NOTE TAKING

Learning to take good notes is very important. Good notes can help you remember and review a text you have read. There is no magic formula to taking notes when reading. You have to find out what works best for you. However, the following guidelines are suggested:

یادگیری یادداشت برداری خوب بسیار مهم است. یادداشت های خوب می توانند کمک کنند متنی را که خوانده اید به خاطر بسپارید و مرور کنید. هیچ فرمول جادویی بر ای یادداشت برداری در هنگام خواندن وجود ندارد. شما باید بفهمید که چه کاری بر ای شما موثرترین اقدام است. با این حال، دستور العمل های زیر پیشنهاد می شود:

Be sure to include all the important ideas and examples. Write only important words, not complete sentences. Use abbreviations and symbols.

مطمئن شوید که تمام ایده ها و مثال های مهم را در آن گنجانده اید.فقط کلمات مهم را بنویسید نه جملات کامل .از علامت های اختصاری و نمادها استفاده کنید.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۸۳ متن proverbs

A proverb is a short well-known sentence that gives practical advice about life. Proverbs surround us every day. Whether at home, work, school, or during a conversation with a friend, the likelihood of hearing a proverb is high. For example, the following common proverbs in English have common equivalents in Persian.

ضرب المثل یک جمله کوتاه معروف است که توصیه های عملی می کند درباره زندگی. ضرب المثل ها هر روز ما را احاطه کرده اند. چه در خانه، چه در محل کار، مدرسه، یا در طول مکالمه با یک دوست، احتمال شنیدن ضرب المثل بالاست برای مثال ضرب المثل های رایج زیر در انگلیسی معادل های مشترکی در فارسی دارند.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۸۶ متن گرامر

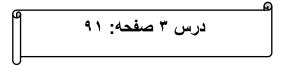
Did you know that the things nobody needs **can be used** to produce electricity, heat or fuel? Changing waste to energy **can be considered** one of the most helpful ways to save the resources of the earth. Because garbage **can be changed** directly into a liquid fuel, it can be used in cars, trucks, buses and airplanes. To do that, garbage **should be collected** and **taken** to a landfill by workers. **People may be paid for** voluntary garbage delivery as well. It is important to know that not all types of waste **can be used** to produce fuel. Some materials may give off harmful gases in the process. Therefore, people **should be informed** of this danger and **warned** about the possible harms.

آیا می دانستید که چیزهایی که هیچ کس به آن نیاز ندارد را می توان برای تولید برق، گرما یا سوخت استفاده کرد؟ تبدیل مواد زاید به انرژی را می توان یکی از مفیدترین راه ها برای صرفه جویی در منابع زمین دانست. از آنجا که زباله را می توان مستقیماً به سوخت مایع تبدیل کرد، می توان از آن در اتومبیل ها، کامیون ها، اتوبوس ها و هواپیماها استفاده کرد. برای انجام این کار، زباله ها باید جمع آوری شده و توسط کارگران به محل دفن زباله منتقل شوند. ممکن است برای تحویل داوطلبانه زباله نیز به مردم پول پرداخت شود. مهم است بدانید که نمی توان از همه انواع زباله برای تولید سوخت استفاده کرد. برخی از مواد ممکن است در این فرآیند گازهای مضر از خود خارج کنند. بنابراین باید مردم را از این خطر آگاه کرد و در مورد آسیب های احتمالی هشدار داد.

## درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۱

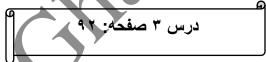
Ants are strange insects. Like all insects, they have six legs. Each leg has three joints. Yesterday, I saw an ant. The legs of ants are very strong, which help ants run very quickly. I can run quickly too. If a man could run as fast for his size as an ant can, he could run as fast as a racehorse.

مورچه ها حشرات عجیبی هستند. مانند همه حشرات، آنها شش پا دارند. هر پا دارای سه مفصل است. دیروز یه مورچه دیدم .پاهای مورچه ها بسیار قوی است که به مورچه ها کمک می کند خیلی سریع بدود. من هم می توانم سریع بدوم. اگر مردی می توانست به اندازه یک مورچه سریع بدود، می توانست به سرحت یک اسب مسابقه بدود.



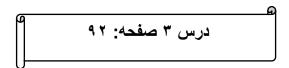
The new century has brought big changes in communication. Cell phones are small enough to carry in your pocket. Students should not use cell phones in schools. Videophones let you see the person you are talking to on the phone. But some people do not have such phones. Tiny hand-size computers know your favorite subjects. The Internet is everywhere.

قرن جدید تغییرات بزرگی در ارتباطات ایجاد کرده است تلفنهای همراه به اندازه کافی کوچک هستند که بتوان آنها را در جیب خود حمل کرد. دانش آموزان در مدارس نباید از تلفن همراه استفاده کنند. تلفن های ویدئویی به شما امکان می دهند فردی را که با تلفن با او صحبت می کنید ببینید. اما برخی افراد چنین گوشی هایی ندارند. کامپیوتر های کوچک با اندازه دست موضو عات مورد علاقه شما را می شناسند. اینترنت همه جا هست.



Horses are farm animals. They are usually black, grey, white and brown in color. They carry people and goods from one place to another. They have long legs, which are very strong. They can easily run long distances. Horses usually move in herds. They live in a stable. They are very useful farm animals.

اسب ها حیوانات مزرعه هستند. رنگ آنها معمو لا سیاه، خاکستری، سفید و قهوه ای است. آنها افراد و کالاها را از جایی به مکان دیگر حمل می کنند. آنها پاهای بلندی دارند که بسیار قوی هستند. آنها به راحتی می توانند مسافت های طولانی را بدوتد. اسب ها معمولاً به صورت گله ای حرکت می کنند. آنها در یک اصطبل زندگی می کنند. آنها حیوانات مزرعه بسیار مفیدی هستند.



Energy is important. Without it, we would have a harder time because most of our activities like cooking a dinner, heating a house, lighting a street, keeping a hospital open, running a factory all require energy. It is thus at the heart of everybody's life.

انرژی مهم است. بدون آن، ما کار سخت تری خواهیم داشت زیرا بیشتر فعالیت های ما مانند پختن یک شام، گرم کردن خانه، روشن کردن خیابان، باز نگه داشتن بیمارستان، راه اندازی یک کارخانه، همگی به انرژی نیاز دارند. بنابراین انرژی در قلب زندگی همه قرار دارد.

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درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۲

Elephant is the largest animal to walk the Earth. An elephant can carry a load of 1200 pounds 1. They eat 300 pounds of food a day. An elephant baby can weigh 200 pounds at birth. Elephants can live up to 70 years.

فیل بزرگترین حیوانی است که روی زمین راه می رود. یک فیل می تواند باری به وزن ۱۲۰۰ پوند را حمل کند. آنها روزانه ۳۰۰ پوند غذا می خورند. یک بچه فیل هنگام تولد می تواند ۲۰۰ پوند وزن داشته باشد. فیل ها می توانند تا ۷۰ سال عمر کنند.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۹ قسمت ۸

Last night I left work late at around 9 pm. When I came out of the office, most people had already gone home. The street was very dark and quiet. I hadn't experienced such a thing before. While I was walking, a car pulled over. I looked at the driver. I was sure I had seen this man before. I wondered who can it be? He waved at me and came out of the car. He asked if he could drive me home. Suddenly I remembered.

دیشب حدود ساعت ۹ شب دیر از محل کار خارج شدم. وقتی از دفتر بیرون آمدم، بیشتر مردم قبلاً به خانه رفته بودند . خیابان بسیار تاریک و خلوت بود. من قبلاً چنین چیزی را تجربه نکرده بودم در حالی که داشتم راه می رفتم ماشینی کنار من توقف کرد. به راننده نگاه کردم. مطمئن بودم این مرد را قبلا دیده بودم. تعجب کردم که چه کسی می تواند باشد؟ برایم دست تکان داد و از ماشین بیرون آمد. او پرسید که آیا می تواند مرا به خانه براند. ناگهان به یاد آوردم.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۹ قسمت B

He was one of our clients. He had come to our office two or three times before. The last time he was there, he was so upset. He was worried because he had lost his documents. Everyone in the office tried to help him. They started to look for his suitcase. Finally, he remembered that he had left his suitcase in his car! He apologized for his anger and left. I haven't seen him since then.

او یکی از مشتریان ما بود. قبلاً دو سه بار به دفتر ما آمده بود. آخرین باری که آنجا بود خیلی نار احت بود. او نگران بود چون مدارکش را گم کرده بود. همه در دفتر سعی کردند به او کمک کنند. آنها شروع به جستجوی چمدان او کردند. بالاخره یادش آمد که چمدانش را در ماشینش جا گذاشته است! بابت عصبانیتش عذرخواهی کرد و رفت. از آن زمان او را ندیده ام.

### ترجمه ریدینگ کتاب کار صفحه ۷ ۲ ۸ ۸

Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't pollute the air. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries.

امروزه بسیاری از کشورها بر این باور هستند که ماشین های برقی باید جایگزین ماشین هایی شوند که سوخت فسیلی مصرف میکنند. ماشین های برقی گازوئیل را در موتور نمی سوزانند، بنابراین آن ها هوا را آلوده نمیکنند. آن ها از برقی استفاده میکنند که در باطری های بالای ماشین ذخیر ه شده اند.

Sometimes, 12 or 24 batteries, or more, are needed to power the car. Just like a remote-controlled car, an electric car has an electric motor that turns the wheels and a battery to run the motor.

گاهی اوقات ۱۲یا ۲۶باطری برای قدرت ماشین لازم است. دقیقا مانند یک ماشین کنترل از راه دور ، ماشین برقی یک موتور برقی دارد که چرخ ها را میچرخاند و یک باطری که موتور را به جریان در می آورد.

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Electricity, the same energy that lights your lamps and runs your TV, is stored in batteries on an electric car. The batteries can be like the batteries you find in flashlights or in regular gasoline cars.

برق ، همان انرژی که لامپ هایتان را روشن میکند و تلویزیونتان را روشن میکند، در باطری ها در یک ماشین برقی ذخیره شده اند.باطری ها میتوانند مشابه باطری هایی باشند که شما در چراغ قوه ها یا ماشین های گازوئیلی معمول میبینید.

To get the battery ready to roll, you have to charge it. This process isn't much different from the way you charge the portable devices you carry around every day: your cell phone, MP3 player, or digital camera. The difference is that you deal with a much bigger gadget that carries you around instead.

برای اینکه باطری آماده کار شود باید آن را شارژ کنید. این پروسه چندان با روشی که هر روزه وسایل قابل حملی که استفاده میکنید را شارژ میکنید، متفاوت نیست: گوشی موبایلتان، پخش کننده موسیقی و دوربین دیجیتالی. تفاوت این است که شما با یک وسیله ی مکانیکی بزرگتر در ارتباط هستید که شما را به اطراف حمل میکند.

The electric car is usually plugged in at night. The car can be plugged into a special charging unit even at houses. Some electric cars can be plugged right into a regular electrical wall outlet. Others need a larger outlet, like the kind that a stove or a vacuum cleaner plug into.

ماشین برقی معمولادر شب به برق وصل میشود ماشین حتی میتواند به یک واحد شار ژی مخصوص در خانه ها وصل شود. بعضی از ماشین های برقی میتوانند به پریز بزرگتر نیاز دارند مانند آن هایی که گاز یا جارو برقی به یک پریز بزرگتر نیاز دارند مانند آن هایی که گاز یا جارو برقی به آن ها وصل میشوند.

The engineers are trying to make better batteries that hold more energy and last longer. To overcome the problem of charging electric cars, hybrid cars are also available. Hybrid cars combine the benefits of gasoline engines and electric motors. They can be designed to meet different goals, such as better fuel economy or more power.

مهندسان دارند تلاش میکنند که باطری های بهتری را تولید کنند که انرژی بیشتری را در خود ذخیره کنند و بیشتر دوام داشته باشند. برای غلبه بر مشکل شارژ کردن ماشین های موتور های گازوئیلی و موتور های گازوئیلی و موتور های برقی، ماشین های میتوانند برای هدف های متفاوتی از قبیل اقتصاد سوختی بهتر و قدرت بیشتر، طراحی شوند

#### کتاب کار صفحه ۳۸

Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. They live in anthills. Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summers they collect food for the winter season. Whenever they find a sweet lying on the floor they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home. Thus, in this way, they clean the floor. Ants are generally red and black in color. They have two eyes and six legs. They are social insects. They live in groups or colonies. Most ants are scavengers they collect whatever food they can find. They are usually wingless but they develop wings when they reproduce. Their bites are quite painful.

مورچه ها در همه جای دنیا یافت می شوند. آنها خانه خودشان را در ساختمان ها ، باغ ها و غیره می سازند . آنها در تپه مورچه ها زندگی می کنند. مورچه ها حشرات بسیار سخت کوشی هستند. در طول تابستان آنها غذا برای فصل زمستان جمع آوری می کنند. هر وقت که پیدا کنند یک شیرینی که روی زمین افتاده، به شیرینی می چسبند و آنرا به خانه می برند. بنابراین به این ترتیب کف اتاق را تمیز می کنند. مورچه ها به طور کلی رنگ قرمز و مشکی دارد. آنها دو چشم و شش پا دارند. آنها حشرات اجتماعی هستند. آنها به صورت گروهی یا دسته جمعی زندگی می کنند. بیشتر مورچه ها لاشخور هستند .آنها جمع آوری می کنند هر غذایی را که می توانند پیدا کنند. آنها معمولاً بدون بال هستند، اما انها میتوانند بالهای خود را ایجاد کنند وقتی که آنها تولید مثل می کنند. نیش آنها کاملا دردناک است.

#### کتاب کار صفحه ۴۰

Water is the most essential element in our life. We cannot think of life without water. We need water to drink, to wash our bodies and clothes, to cook our food and to grow crops, vegetables and fruits. Water is also essential for animals, birds, insects etc. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale. Nearly 70 percent of our body is water. No living being can exist for long without water, the most valuable liquid. We use oceans, seas, rivers and lakes as waterways to carry goods, passengers, etc. Lack of rain causes droughts. Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.

آب ضروری ترین عنصر در زندگی ماست. ما نمی توانیم به زندگی بدون آب فکر کنیم. ما برای نوشیدن، برای شستن بدن و لباس، پختن غذا و رشد محصولات کشاورزی، سبزیجات و میوه ها به آب نیاز داریم. آب همچنین برای حیوانات، پرندگان، حشرات و غیره ضروری است. ما برای تولید برق در مقیاس بزرگ و تجاری به منابع عظیم آب نیاز داریم. نزدیک به ۷۰ درصد بدن ما آب است. هیچ موجود زنده ای نمی تواند برای مدت طولانی بدون آب، ارزشمندترین مایع، وجود داشته باشد. ما از اقیانوس ها، دریاها، رودخانه ها و دریاچه ها به عنوان آبراه برای حمل کالا، مسافر و ... استفاده می کنیم. کمبود باران باعث خشکسالی می شود. بنابراین، آب برای زندگی و سیاره ما بسیار مهم است

#### Part A:Impact page and Get Ready word meanings

1.renewable :renewable	energy replaces itself natur	rally, or is replaced be	ecause there is a large supply of i	it
<b>2.ancient</b> : belonging to	a time long ago in history, e	especially thousands of	of years ago <b>OPP modern</b>	
	r to a vehicle or machine		•	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

- 1. ..... energy such as solar power /an industry based on ..... resources
- 2. The ..... civilizations of Asia
- 3. It's ...... by a Ferrari V12 engine.

**4.source**: a thing, place, activity you get something from; a person, book that supplies you with information **5.kinetic**: relating to movement

**6.save**: to make someone or something safe from danger, harm, or destruction  $\rightarrow$  **rescue** 

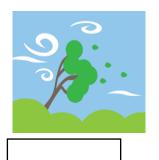
- 1. A kind of energy related to movement is .....energy
- 2. They get their money from various .....
- 3. The firefighters .....some of the people
- 5.He always turns off the extra lamps. He likes to ...... Electricity.
- **6.** List all your ...... at the end of your essay. I've heard from reliable ..... that the company is in trouble.

#### A. Write the proper word.

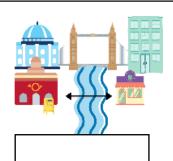
- 1. belonging to a time long ago in history, especially thousands of years ago:.....
- **2.** relating to movement : .....

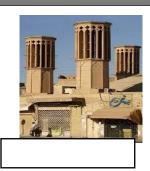
- **6.** A: What's the..... of 'optimistic'? B: It's pessimistic.
- **7.** A warm breeze was ......from the south.
- **8.** I just want to...... you that your assignments must be completed by Friday.
- **9.** A/ An ......to maintain normal room temperature is advisable. Completing the project on time and under budget ...............a feeling of pride and accomplishment among the team.

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#### Part C: New words and Expressions

- **1.fossil fuel**: a FUEL such as coal or oil that is produced by the very gradual decaying of animals or plants over millions of years
- **2.resource**: something such as useful land, or minerals such as oil or coal, that exists in a country and can be used to increase its wealth

She had no financial resources. Only limited resources are available to the police.

**3.pollute**: to make air, water, soil etc dangerously dirty and not suitable for people to use . *The factory pollutes the air and water.* 

1. Canada's vast mineral ...... and Iran is a country rich in natural .....

- 2. The island has been seriously ...... by a copper mine.
- 3. Environmentalists would like to see ......replaced by renewable energy sources.





CRUDE









- **4. consume**: to use time, energy, goods etc  $\rightarrow$  **consumption. 2**.to eat or drink something
- **5. balcony**: 1 a place that you can stand on, attached to the outside wall of a building, above ground level
- **6.variety**: a lot of things of the same type that are different from each other in some way
- 2. The girls come from a ......of different backgrounds.
- 3. Only 27% of the paper we ...... is recycled. A smaller vehicle will ..... less fuel.

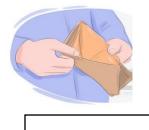






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- 7. tide: the regular rising and falling of the level of the sea
- **8. replace** to start doing something instead of another person, or start being used instead of another thing: to put something back where it was before: He replaced the book on the shelf.
- **9.use something up** to use all of something: *She's used up all the hot water.* 
  - 1. The man prefers to sit on the coast and watch the ......
  - 2. The manager .....most of the workers with robots.
  - 3. The employee got three weeks of vacation but she ......it ......very soon.







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**10.forever** : **1** for all future time :

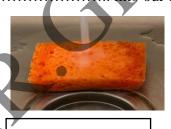
**12.demand**: the need or desire that people have for particular goods and services:

**13.convert**: to change something into a different form

14.absorb: 1 LIQUID/GAS to take in liquid, gas, or another substance from the surface or space around something: Plants absorb nutrients from the soil.

- 3. I wanted that moment to last ....... Many valuable works of art were lost .....
- 4. Water and salts are .....into our blood stream.







#### Write proper word for each definition. A.

- 2. a structure that you can stand on, that is attached to the outside wall of a building, above ground level:
- 3. the regular rising and falling of the level of the sea :.....
- 4. the need or desire that people have for particular goods and services: ......
- 5. to take in liquid, gas, or another substance from the surface or space around something:.....
- 6. a FUEL such as coal or oil that is produced by the very gradual decaying of animals or plants over millions of years:.....
- 7. to use time, energy, goods etc :.....
- 8. a lot of things of the same type that are different from each other in some way: .....
- 9. to use all of something:.....
- 10. for all future time:....

demand / blow / 1. Solar cell can - 2. Factories are no 3. There's increas 4. I had to	o longer allowed to for cars versions may be sufficient to be suffi	/ absorb / forever / remind /	e. fuel. ng perfect!		
6. The company s	hould be able to	business on the back of ex	isting contracts.		
7. The winds	across the sea, p	ushing little waves into bigger	and bigger ones.		
		r the good rather than			
Replaced – variety – polluting – replace - fossil fuel – forever – resources – consume  1. She's always complaining that her job doesn't have enough					
	city come from a	_			
a. variety	b. convertor	c. replacement	d. pollution		
	fossil fuels is that they are not		4		
a. creative	b. ancient	c. absorbant	d. renewable		
	the farm buildings b. plug		d doctroy		
a. combine  4. When two or more		c. convert a compound, a change	d. destroy		
a. nuclear	b. chemical	c. mechanical	d. physical		
		thers, cannot keep it from them			
a. flock	b. sunshine	c. sight	d. fossil		
	and cannot be replace	_	<b>G.</b> 13552		
a. effective	b. renewable	c. absorbent	d. nonrenewable		
7. Scientists try to use	e clean energy because they do	o not the eartl			
a. pollute		c. arrange	d. collocate		
8. When renewable energy is used, the for fossil fuels is reduced					
a. presentation	b. offer	c. charge	d. demand		
9. The unexpected information was coming so fast it was hard to					
a. convert	b. absorb	c. produce	d. remind		
10. Wind towers are i	natural air systems an	nd can be used instead of electr	ical air conditioners.		
a. production	b. destructive	c. generation	d. cooling		

#### Part D:Reading and other parts

		Tart D. Reading and other parts
1.envir	onment: the	air, water, and land on Earth, which is affected by man's activiti
2.radia	tion: energy	in the form of heat or light that is sent out as waves that you car
	t:1 BRING TO on , collector	<b>OGETHER</b> : to get things of the same type from different places as r:
2.Some 3.After	of these cher 25 years of .	by blocking harmful ultraviolet radiation. micals are very damaging to the
5.prove	e <b>rb</b> :a short w	pen by saying special words or doing special actions: <i>Do you be</i> ell-known statement that gives advice or expresses something the ll around someone or something on every side
2.	This a famou	
7.likelil	hood:1 the de	egree to which something can reasonably be expected to happen
8.equiv	alent:having	the same value, purpose, job etc as a person or thing of a different
1.	Any contact intervition	involving two groups or two individuals is regardeniew.
2.	Using a seatb	pelt will reduce the of serious injury in a car accide
3. 4.	I had no dolla There was ve	ars, but offered him an
Α.	Write pr	oper word for each definition.
1.		of the same type from different places and bring them together:
	to be all arou	and someone or something on every side :
		ame value, purpose, job etc as a person or thing of a different kir
		r, and land on Earth, which is affected by man's activities:
5.		ergy that comes especially from NUCLEAR reactions, which in langes:
6.	things happe	en by saying special words or doing special actions:
7.	a short well-	known statement that gives advice or expresses something that i
Fill	in the blank	s with the following words.
e	quivalents	- proverb - environment - magic - collect - surrou
		hat the neighborhood was a very safefor kids
		ed her hands and the cats disappeared as if by
3.	'When povert	ty comes in the door, love flies out of the window'? It is a
4.	Football fans	ran onto the field andthe referee.

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5. If so, there is little .....that it will ever be known to us.

6. Some Thai words have no English.....

(A) (B)	(D)
1.We have to take care of elderly people	2. Wind power is a kind of clean energy
3.We should lower levels of environmental pollution	4. Plants absorb carbon dioxide
5. I have written down the date of my friend's birthday in my dia	ary
9.flock: go to a place in large numbers because something inte 10.spoil:1 DAMAGE to have a bad effect on sth so that it is no long.	
11.hatch: letting the young bird, insect etc come out:	
12.dread :to feel anxious or worried about something that is goi  1. Why do you always have to everything? I've go  2. Tourists to see the town's churches and but  3. We didn't let the incident our day  4. All the chicks have	ot an interview tomorrow and I'm it. ildings.
<ul><li>13.delivery: the act of bringing goods, letters etc to a particular</li><li>14.principal most important SYN main</li><li>15.fantastic: extremely good, attractive, enjoyable etc</li></ul>	person or place, or the things that are brought
<b>16.component</b> :a whole machine, system etc	
<ol> <li>Hisreason for making the journey was to visit his fa</li> <li>Most Indian restaurants offer free</li></ol>	ect delivery in a week to ten days.
B. Write proper word for each definition.	
1. to have a bad effect on something so that it is no longer a	
2. the act of bringing goods, letters etc to a particular person	or place, or the things that are brought:
3. extremely good, attractive, enjoyable etc:	hadaysa samathing interesting or avaiting is
4. if people flock to a place, they go there in large numbers happening there	because something interesting of exciting is
5. to feel anxious or worried about something that is going t	o happen or may happen :
6. most important <b>SYN main</b> :	11 7 11
7. a whole machine, system etc :	
C. Fill in the blanks with the following words.	
hatched- components - fantastic - spoiled - proverb- di	reading- deliveries – principal - flocking
1. If the economy is such a mess, why are investors	
2. Most of the food in the refrigerator had	
3. Millions of mosquito eggs will have ou	it by May.

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4. The icy weather had citrus growers ......the effects of frost.

### 

1. After finishing rea	ding the novel, I	the book correctly o	on the shelf.	
a. replaced	b. defended	c. covered	d. attracted	
2. In a natural proces	s, nitrogen is	into nitrates in the soil	which plants can then use.	
a. magnified	b. visited	c. consumed	d. converted	
3. As the number of 1	population increases,	, power plants should more	e fossil fuels to generate electricity	/ <b>.</b>
a. consider	b. endanger	c. consume	d. expand	
4. They have greatly	the size	and cost of most electronic produ	ucts, while at the same time	
increasing their power	er and quality.			
a. reduced	b. developed	c. generated	d. labeled	
5. I see China as a ne	ecessary part of a gro	wing new econo		
a. global	b. renewable	c. suitable	d. common	
6. I'd like to give this	golden watch as a n	nark of for all the wo	ork you've done for us.	
a. application	b. appreciation	c. preposition	d. information	
7. She thinks that you	ung people today are	becomingla	zy.	
a. effectively	b. immediately	c. wisely	d. increasingly	
8. The rich man	a hosp	ital and a school in the town whe	re he was born.	
a. created	b. increased	c. founded	d. spared	
9. Can we	the smal	l bedroom into a second bathroo	m?	
a. combine	b. convert	c. collect	d. achieve	
		انتخاب کنید.	ن جواب را براساس مفهوم جملات داده شده	بهترير
A.The engineers are	e trying to make bet	tter batteries that hold more en	ergy and last longer. To overcon	ne

A.The engineers are trying to make better batteries that hold more energy and last longer. To overcome the problem of charging electric cars, hybrid cars are also available. Hybrid cars combine the benefits of gasoline engines and electric motors. They can be designed to meet different goals, such as better fuel economy or more energy. Hybrid cars -------

a. are designed to meet different goals

b. only use gasoline in their engines

c. only use electricity in their engines

d. hold more energy for a short time

B. Note-taking is a necessary part of the language learning. It helps students learn, keep, and remember information. Taking notes make them think differently about the subject; it requires the learners to look at things differently. It also helps them pay attention during the class because they are actively listening and experiencing in the classroom. Which of the following is NOT true about note-taking?

a) It helps learners check interesting points

b) It is used for written and spoken texts

c) It helps learners pay attention during class

d) It depends on your memory

C. Writing some parts in their own words, also called note-making, makes everything clear for the
notetakers when looking back at the text. It is a much better learning technique than just depending on
your own memory. Remember that word-for-word note-taking can hurt systematic thinking as it takes
away the time of explaining ideas through examples and pictures by just writing down facts without
context. According to the passage, word-for-word note-taking can hurt systematic thinking because

a) it explains ideas through pictures

b) it takes away the time of people

c) it is writing down facts without context

d) it depends on active listening

D.Wind towers are natural air-cooling systems and can be used instead of electrical air conditioners. This is another source of clean energy.

- a. Wind power can be used as a source of clean energy.
- b. Cooling systems in wind towers use electricity.
- c. Wind towers can be used instead of clean energy.
- E. Electrical air conditioners are natural cooling systems Trees are important plants that are everywhere. They are in different shapes and sizes, but they all are valuable and beautiful. Trees give us clean and fresh air. They <u>take in</u> a dangerous gas called carbon dioxide produced by burning fossil fuels, and they give out oxygen, which is necessary for life. Without trees, the air would not be healthy.

What does 'take in' in line 2 mean?

- a) absorb
- b) generate
- c) recycle
- d) combine

F.Trees provide a safe place for animals. They are homes for many of them and also give food to those animals. Trees make us cool on hot and sunny days. Their leaves provide a place to relax and have picnics. They also help stop the land from washing away with their strong roots. People can also use the wood from trees to make houses, tables and paper. In conclusion, humans should consider the importance of trees for the earth. They should take care of the trees and protect them.

- 1. What does 'they' in the last line refer to?
- a) trees

b) animals

- c) houses
- d) humans

- 2. Trees with their roots prevent ......
- a. us from being cool
- b. the wood from human
- c. humans from giving food
- d. the land from washing away

G.Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't make the air dirty and unclean. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries. Electric cars don't make the air dirty and unclean because...........

- a.burn burn gasoline in the engine
- b. they use fossil fuel
- c. they are replaced by many cars
- d. they use electricity stored on the car

H.The electric car is usually plugged in at night. The car can be plugged into a special charging unit even at houses. Some electric cars can be plugged right into a regular electrical wall outlet. Others need a larger outlet, like the kind that a stove or a vacuum cleaner plugs into. The engineers are trying to make

better batteries that hold more energy and last longer. To overcome the problem of charging electric cars, hybrid cars are also available. Hybrid cars combine the benefits of gasoline engines and electric motors. They can be designed to meet different goals, such as better fuel economy or more power.

- 1. Hybrid car are more useful .....
- a.because they need special charging unit
- b. because they combine the benefits of gasoline engines and electric motors
- c. to be plugged right into a regular electrical wall outlet
- d. to make better batteries that hold more energy
- 2. The problem of charging electric cars is ..........
- a. their batteries
- b. their wall outlet
- c. fuel economy
- d. special charging unit

I.Luckily, there are some renewable energy sources we can use, and we can keep using. Unlike non-renewable fossil fuels, they will not run out. Three forms of renewable energy are: solar energy, water energy and wind energy. Solar energy can be caught through solar panels. People put solar panels on the top of houses to help capture the sun's energy and transform it into heat and electricity. Water is also used to produce electricity. Wind is a third form of renewable energy. Wind turbines can get the energy of the moving air and turn it into electricity. All these renewable energy sources are essential for us because they will not run out, so we need to get better and better at using them.

- 1. What does "they" in line 2 refer to? ......
- a) fossil fuels b) non-renewable energy sources
- sources c) renewable sources of energy
- d) solar panels

- 2. The synonyms of "run out" and "transform" are
- 3. Solar panels get their energy from the ........
- 4. Wind turbines produce electricity by getting the energy of the ......

#### Part E: Proverbs

- 1. God helps those who help themselves .......
- 2. The early bird catches the worm......
- 3. Birds of a feather flock together. ......
- a. People like to spend time with others who are similar to them.
- b. Don't just wait for good things to happen to you. Work hard to achieve your goals.
- c. You should wake up and start work early if you want to succeed.







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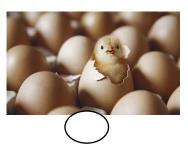
- 1. Actions speak louder than words.....
- 2. Practice makes perfect.....
- 3. Too many cooks spoil the broth.....
- a. When there are too many people trying to lead and give their opinions, it's confusing and leads to bad results. Jobs and projects should have one or two strong leaders.
- b. Just saying that you'll do something doesn't mean much. Actually doing it is harder and more meaningful
- c. You have to practice a skill a lot to become good at it.







- 1. Easy come, easy go......
- 2. Two heads are better than one ..........
- 3. Don't count your chickens before they hatch.....
- a. Your plans might not work out, so don't start thinking about what you'll do after you succeed. Wait until you've already succeeded, and then you can think about what to do next
- b. When you get money quickly, like by winning it, it's easy to spend it or lose it quickly as well.
- a. When two people cooperate with each other, they come up with better ideas.







- 1. Out of sight, out of mind.......
- 2. Cut your coat according to your cloth......
- 3. A burnt child dreads the fire.....
- a. You soon forget people or things that are no longer visible or present
- b. if once you have experienced any difficulty and loss in life, you always try to avoid that situation again in life
- c. you only buy things that you have sufficient money to pay for  $\underline{\mathbf{or}}$  someone should do as well as possible with the

limited money they have





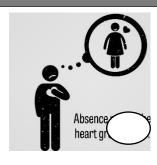




- 1. Money does not grow on trees.....
- 2. There's no place like home.....
- 3. Absence makes the heart grow fonder .......
- a. you must not spend too much money as there is only a limited amount of it
- b. When someone or something is far away, one realizes how much one loves or misses them or it
- c. One feels most comfortable at home.







- 1. Don't look a gift horse in the mouth. .....
- Don't be ungrateful when you receive a gift.
- 2. Kill two birds with one stone.......
- B. To achieve two things at once

#### 1. Fill in the blanks with the proper words

- 1. The early bird catches the ..... 3. Actions ..... louder than words 5.Too many cooks ..... the broth 7.Two ...... are better than one 9.Out of ...... out of mind 11. A burnt child ..... the fire
- 2.Birds of a feather ..... 4.Practice makes ...... 6.Easy ..... easy 8.Don't count your .....before they hatch 10.Cut your ...... according to your cloth
- 12. Money does not ...... on trees
- 14. Absence makes the ...... grow fonder

#### 2. Write proper proverbs for each picture.

13. There's no .....like home















#### 3. Choose the best Proverbs

- 1) Julie always says she'll donate to the school, and she never does, so I doubt she will this year. -----, after all.
- a) Actions speak louder than words

- b) Cut your coat according to your cloth
- c) God helps those who help themselves
- d) Don't count your chickens before they hatch
- 2) Ever since I moved, none of my old friends have gotten in touch with me. It's ----- with them, evidently .
- a) easy come, easy go

b) all the same

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2. Too many cooks spoil the broth ......

4. Practice makes perfect ......

1. Out of sight, out of mind.......

3. Birds of a feather flock together ......

- a. People like to spend time with those who are similar to them.
- b. When two people cooperate with each other, they come up with better ideas.
- c. When there are too many people trying to lead and give their opinions, it's confusing and leads to bad results.
- d. You soon forget people or things that are no longer visible or present.
- e. You have to practice a skill a lot to become good at it

#### Part F: Grammar part - Passive Sentences Modal Verbs

#### 1.Choose the best answer

1.	The man may	to the party tod	ay.			
a.	Invited	b. be inviting c.	be invited d. wa	as invited	,	
2.	Can the solar panels	here on the r	oof?	6/		
a.	Were used	b. are used c. b	e using	d. be used		
		again any long		<b>Y</b>		
a.	Will produce	b. won't be produced	c. could not pr	oduce	d. won't be producing	
4.	The old men might	to the park on	Sundays.			
a.	Are taken	b. will be taken	c. be taking	d. be taken		
5.	The keys	at home soon.	A			
a.	Should be found	b. should find	c. could be findir	ng	d. could find	
6. 9	Some streets are in bad	I shape. Will they				
a. r	epair	b. repaired	c. be repaired	d. shoul	d be repaired	
7. This button while the experiment is in progress.						
a. r	mustn't be touched	b. must not touch	c. weren't touched	d d	d. are not touched	
8.8	lot of questions must	by the pupils.				
a. t	o answer	b. be answered	c. answer	C	d. to be answered	
9. The police at once after the accident by us.						
a. s	should be called	b. should call	c. was called		d. is called	
10. A lot of homework by me tomorrow.						
a. i	s going to write	b. should to be wri	tten c. must wr	ite d	d. must be written	

#### 2. Complete the passage with the best answer.

One of my favorite Persian (---1---) is "You cannot carry two watermelons in one hand." It's often said when a person is taking on too much work or too many challenges. It means that you need to focus on one important task at a time and do it well. (---2---) in English is "Don't bite off more than you can chew." (---3---) like the first one better because it's a (---4---) metaphor. Whenever I have to decide about a new project, I (---5---) myself trying to carry two watermelons, and I stop and think about (---6---) I can handle.

1. a. conversations b. proverbs c. abbreviations

c. abbreviations d. barbecues

2 .a. It is an equivalent b. Its equivalent c. It has an equivalent d. It's equivalent

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	.,		, - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3. a. But I	b. So I	c. But	d. So		
4. a. fantastic	b. concluding	c. similar	d. confusing		
5. a. can be seen	b. must be see	n c. can see	d. must see		
6. a. how many works	b. how much works	c. how many work	d. how much work		
3.Write the correct answer wit	h the verbs given.				
1.This car can	today.( to fix	x)			
2.The letters might	tod	ay.(write)			
3.Will a laptop	next week?(	buy)			
4.Should the pictures	in	the garden? (to draw)			
5.The desks could not		last Monday.(paint)			
6.I think more money sho	ould on educat	ion. ( to spend )			
7. The project	(must finish) by	tomorrow.	<b>Y</b>		
8. Some interesting anima	als (ca	an find) at the zoo.			
9. A mystery is somethin	g that	(can not explain).			
10. My grandmother (may make) a tasty meal for lunch.					
11. New workers	(will employ	) by the factory in two weeks.			
4. Change these sentences in	nto passive ones.				
1. That manager will not acco	ept children under sixte	en.			
2. They must repair that old house next month					
3. We can give him a new ha	ndset				
4. The boys would do their ho	omework at home				
5. The countries all over the v	vorld should use the re	newable energies carefully.			
5.Complete the following ques	tions.	一年五年	2-2-2-		
1. What can be changed into electricity?					
Water					
		and the same			
2. What may be done by t	he factories?				
TT1 .					

6. Complete the followi	ing sentences.				
1.The mechanic must rep	pair the car today. In	other words, the ca	ar		today.
2.The students could tak	e the train last week.	The train	•••••	1a	st week
3. Will the teacher teach	lesson two tomorrow?	Yes, lesson two	o		
7. Write these sentence	s in correct order.				
<ul><li>2. may / be / the ho</li><li>3. be/ his homework</li></ul>	the lost child/ will/. use / today / cleaned / . k/ should / done/ now/ ? / about / be / students /		med / .		
	Part G: Grammar pa	rt – Past Perfect	Tense	2	
1.I to play ping	g pong when I was six ye	ears old.			
a. had taught	b. was taught	c. taug	ght	d. will be	taught
2. She answered all the o	questions correctly	she had studie	d well.		
a. before	b. although	c. bec	ause	d. when	
3. He was upset because a) has lost	heb) loses	his job. c) had	lost	d) was lo	est
4.I wasn't surprised to he	ear that Mona	an accident as she	e is a careless d	river.	
a. having	b. had had	c. has	shad	d. was ha	ving
5.He couldn't go skiing,	because he	ill the	night before.		
a.has fallen	b. had fallen	c. have f	allen	d.fell	
6	off the lights be	fore you left home	e?		
a.you had switched	b. had you swite	ched c. h	nave you switch	hed	d. did you switch
7. The plane crashed bec	ause the engines		fire.		
a.caught	b. has caught	c. did catch	d.	had caught	
8.After Sam	the bank, he got in	nto his car.			
a.had left	b. has left	c. left	d.had bee	en left	
9.When he	at the office, everyon	e	gone.		
a. arrived - has gone	b. arrives - wa	s c. arrive	ed - had been		d.had arrived -were
10.I went to bed after I -	off the tel	evision.			
a) switch	b) have switched	c) had	switched	d	) will switch

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8. Fill in the blanks with the verbs.(part A)
1.My mother was very angry with my sister because she the dishes. (not to wash)
2. Before you came here, theyall the letters. (type)
3. I
8.Michael to see the movie because he had not read the book yet. (not watch)
9. Fill in the blanks with the verbs.(part B)  1. The postman
2. After she
1. had gotten/ was/ a bad score/ she/ Mina/ upset/ because /. /
2. rained / brown / for months / everything / because / hadn't / in the garden / was / it.
3. already / at the party / my friends / I / when / gone / arrived / had / .
4. Why could we find words in a dictionary easily? (arranged / words / been / order / alphabetical / in / had)
Because
5. What had you done before she came here? (written/ I / had / a / letter)
10. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find and correct them.
1- Shiva is an exam because she had caught a terrible flu.
2. He has eaten dinner hefere he went to the hed

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#### Part H: Writing – Supporting and concluding sentences

#### 1.Read the paragraph and answer the questions.

<u>A)</u> Living in big cities has some benefits (1). First, you can find a job very easily in order to cover the expenses (2). Second, you have a better access to health centers and universities (3). However, the traffic is a big problem (4). Finally, there are better parks and cinemas in big cities (5). I like to live in big cities because of the above reasons (6)

ئىد؟	۱. کدام جمله در پاراگراف بالا supporting sentence نمیبان
2. Topic sentence :	
3. Concluding sentence:	
<b>B)</b> Horses are farm animals. They are usually black, grey, white and broone place to another. Horse riding is my favorite sport. They have long long distances. Horses usually move in herds. They live in a stable. The	legs, which are very strong. They can easily run
1.Topic : 2.Topic sentence:	
4.concluding sentence :	
5. Irrelevant supporting sentence:	
<u>C)</u> Hydropower or hydroelectricity refers to the conversion of energy f a renewable energy source because the water cycle is constantly rene of hydropower was for mechanical milling, such as grinding grains.	
1.Topic sentence:	
3.Controlling idea:	
4.one supporting sentence:	
<u>D</u> ) Children should not play video games. First, they should be active, s games. Secondly, most of video games are harmful. They must eat hea could be spent reading or being with friends and family. In conclusion, playing video games.  1: Topic sentence:	olthy food. Finally, time spent playing video games many activities are better for children than
2- Not support sentence:	
3-concluding sentence:	
E) 1( Canada is one of the best countries in the world to live in. 2) First want to go there. 4) All Canadians have access to medical services at a standard of education. 6) Students are taught by well-trained teachers university. 7) Finally, Canada's cities are clean and efficiently managed space for people to live. 9) As a result, Canada is a desirable place to live.	reasonable price. 5) Second, Canada has a high and are encouraged to continue studying at . 8) Canadian cities have many parks and lots of
1.Topic sentence (T): 2.One Sup	porting sentence (S):
3.Concluding sentence(C):	
4.One irrelevant sentence(I):	

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	۲.برای هر یک از پاراگراف های زیر یکtopic sentence بنویسید.
1. Doctorsget up early in the morning and go to the hospital. They work must realize their value.	They lead a hard life. They have a lot to do. They without taking a break. Since doctors work so hard, we
2. Fruits Most Examples of fruits are apples, oranges and bananas. Fruits have vitamin E, and Potassium. For these reasons, it is a good idea	ave many vitamins and minerals, including Vitamin C,
3. Forestswe breathe to the wood we use. Besides providing habitats to watershed protection, and climate change.	for animals and livelihoods for humans, forests also offer
•	e kinds of cancer. If you smoke, you hurt your lungs and heart blood to move around in the body, so smokers may feel tired
5.My friend Rezaschool. He was our best wrestler and our best tennis player. day to stay in shape. Sometimes Reza and I play ping pong to	He is also a good swimmer and a fast runner. He runs every
6. Trees	h oxygen. They also cause rains. In short, the trees are the
8.Elephantpounds. They look tilly in the sky becar	They can carry a load of 1200
	e up to 70 years. ۳.جملات زیر را مرتب کرده و به شکل یک پاراگراف درآورید. جملات SS
1-Nearly 70 percent of our body is water.	Concluding sentence = CSرا مشخص کنید.
2- We cannot think of life without water.	
3- Water is the most essential element in our life.	
4- We need water to drink, to wash things and to grow crops	5.
5- No living being can exist without water.	
TS SS SS	SS CS
1. You can often see them playing at school or in the street.	
2. If a player is very good, he may go on to play for a famous	team.
3. In high schools, students may play football on a team	

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4. There are many popular sports in my country, but the most popular one is football.

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3The Sun is the largest member of the Solar System. In order of distance from the Sun, the planare Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune and Pluto. The Sun is at the center of the So System and these planets revolve around it.	
a. The Solar System also contains smaller objects.  b. An online dictionary is one that is available on the International Control of	ternet.
c. The Solar System consists of the Sun, Moon and Planets.	
4Without it, we would have a harder time because most of our activities like cooking a dinner, he house, lighting a street, keeping a hospital open, running a factory all require energy. It is thus at the heart of everybody's life.	ating a
a. An online dictionary is one that is available on the Internet.	
b. The Solar System consists of the Sun, Moon and Planets.  C. Energy is important.	
کلمات داده شده یک جمله موضوع یا Topic Sentence بنویسید	ه. برای
smoking	
Persian Gulf	
Water:	
Pollution:	
Renewable energy:	
Fossil fuel:	
Monolingual dictionary:  Paragraph Writing	
اده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره <b>دکتر مریم میرزاخانی</b> بنویسید. یک پارگ <b>راف ب</b> اید	۶ <u>.</u> با استف
supporting sentences) topic sentence و concluding sentence باشد	شامل ج
Date and place of birth: 1977, Tehran  Job: a professor at Stanford University	
Famous for: The Fields Medal Cause of death: Cancer	
Date of Death: 2017	

۷. با استفاده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره دکتر محمد غریب بنویسید.

Date and place of birth: 1288, Tehran Education in medicine: started in France

Job: a physician and university professor Date of founding the first children's medical center: 1347

39 . Dr . Mohammad Gharib was one of the most dedicated Iranian physicians.....

۸. با استفاده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره دکتر محمود حسابی بنویسید.

Education: started in Beirut

Job: a university professor

Date and place of birth: 1281, Tehran

Degree: PhD in physics

Date of death: 1371

Professor Mahmud Hesabi was one of the most famous Iranian scientists. ------

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۹. با استفاده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره شهید حسین فهمیده بنویسید.

Mohammad Hossein Fahmideh

Birth: May 6, 1967, Qom

Death: (Martyred) October 30, 1980, Khorramshahr

Job: Student

War: Iran-Iraq War, in Khorramshahr

۱۰ یک پاراگراف با عنوان Hafez بنویسید یک پارگراف باید

شامل جملاتsupporting sentences topic sentence باشد

- Date of Birth: sometime between the years 1310 and 1337 A.D

- The name of famous book: Divan

- Job: great Iranian poet

- Place of birth: Shiraz

- Type of poetry: Ghazal

Hafez -----

۱۱. پاراگراف با عنوان Technology بنویسید و ازتمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید.

- being the way of using scientific knowledge
- making some changes in our society

- including machines and techniques
  - meeting human needs or solving human problems



۱۲ یک پارگراف با عنوانwater بنویسید و از تمام موارد دیل ستفاده کنید یک پارگراف باید

شامل جملات supporting sentences) topic sentence باشد .

- -Nearly seventy percent of our body
- -be important for living things
- generate electricity

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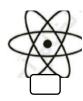
#### دوازدهم درس سوم سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

#### گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

الف با توجه به تصاویر جواب درست را نوشته یا انتخاب کنید













- 1. They are going to build a new nuclear power station
- 2.He has hearing loss, and he uses a hearing device.
- 3. All people must obey the traffic rules
- 4. Ali's cellphone consumes a lot of electricity.
- 5. The new light bulbs consume less electricity
- 6.Birds of a feather flock together





7.A: That's right. He is a great person and ----- of what I read about Dr. Gharib.

ب.گزینه صحیح را انتخاب نمایید .

- 2. The doctor cured a number of patients with the new drugs.
- a. succeed b. successfully c. successful d. success
- 3. After my first accident, I'm quite careful in driving. As you know a burnt child................... The fire .
- a. counts b. spoils c. dreads d. flocks
- 4.My father advises me to open the shop at 7 a.m. He says, "The early bird ----- the worm."
- a.catches b. hatches c. leads d. flocks
- 5. You cannot buy that expensive house. It's better to cut your ----- according to your cloth.
- a.coat b. shirt c. dress d. jacket
- 6.I needed more sunlight while painting. That's why I have ...... the balcony into a small office.
- a. applied b. converted c. transmitted d. suggested
- 7. A: Mom, I'm going out with my friends.
- B: Why don't you wear your warm jacket? It's spring and the weather is highly .......
- a.invisible b. comfortable c. valuable d. changeable
- 8.A: I need a dictionary. What's your suggestion? B: I ..... a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you.
- a. arrange b. suppose c. compile d. look up

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### دوازدهم درس سوم سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

### گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

9.A: Can trees lower t	the cooling of your home?	B: Sure!	
a. turbines	b. outlet	c. costs	d. waste
	اضافي است)	کامل کنید. (یک کلمه	پ با استفاده از کلمات داده شده ، جملات زیر را ک
	variety / boost / reco	mmend / dedica	ted
1.Sam: Can you	doing something on the wea	ekend?	
2.John: Yes! Check th	is website and find a o	of fitness activities	es.
	circled / remind/	entries / radiati	ion /
3. Wind turbines	me of what I read about using	g wind power in	Yazd's buildings.
4.Clouds prevent the .	of Earth's heat int	to space.	
5. They updated a lot	of in the most	recent dictionar	ies
	replaced /use up / tide / varie	ety / suppose / d	istinguished
	a of teaching experience he can help us learn a lot.	nce. Farhad: Tl	nat's right.
8. He carefully	the China plate on the shelf.		
9. Don't all th	ne sugar. We need some for breakfas	it	ت برای هر کلمه یک تعریف از a تا f پیدا کنید
1.Water and sunlight of	can <b>generate</b> a lot of electricity. (,	·)	
2.It is <b>essential</b> to use	e less nonrenewable energy. (	)	
3. The main <b>sources</b> of	of clean energy are wind, water and	sun. ()	
4.The <b>demand</b> for sol	lar energy is increasing. ()		
5. You can order a vai	riety of seafood in this restaurant. (	)	
a. to produce or cause	something	b. to advise so	meone to do something
c. a place or thing that	t you get something from	d. the amount of	f a product people want
e. completely importa	ant in a particular situation or for a s	pecial activity	
f.many different types	s of things or people		
		ويسيد	ث کلمه مورد نظر را با توجه به معنای جملات بن
1.People have used the	e sun as a h source for thousand	ds of years	
2.After about an hour	in the gym, your body starts to a	protein	
			ج.گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید

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### دوازدهم درس سوم سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

### گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

1. Nahid's father bou	ght her a new lapto	op because she	it.	
a) has lost	b) had lost	c) lost	d) has been lost	
2. Should the medic	ine in	the fridge?		
a) be kept	b) kept	c) keeps	d) been kept	
3.The client was wo	rried because he	his docume	nts.	
a. loses b. w	vill lose	c. had lost	d. has lost	
4.The shopkeeper ga	ave me some mone	ey back because I	him too much.	
a.am paying	b. pay	c. had paid	d. was paying	
5.The plane	before I got to	the airport.		
a. is leaving	b. leaves	c. had left	d. leaving	
6.The shopkeeper ga	ave me some mone	ey back because I	too much.	
a. paid	b. had paid	c. was paid	d. would pay	
			یح فعل داخل پر انتز ، جاهای خالی را کامل کنید	چ. شکل صح
1.When I sent the bo	ook to her, she	not already	it. (to buy)	
2.A: Their parents	them about	t the traffic rules before the	ney attended school. (to tell)	
3.After the children	had eaten then bre	akfast, they	their kites. (to fly)	
4.I had eaten lunch b	pefore I	out. (to go)		
5. When I got home,	my son	already asleep	o. (to fall)	
6.In big cities, the tr	affic rules	by everyone	. (must / obey)	
7.When I the	e book to her, she l	had already bought it. (to	send)	
			ر هم ریخته زیر، یک جمله معنادار بنویسید	ح.با کلمات در
1.be / can / to meet /	different goals / h	ybrid cars / designed / ? /		
		-		
2.fuel, can be, type	es of waste, not all	to produce, used		
	<b>Y</b>			
3.to landfill / by wor	kers / should / tak	en / garbage / be / ? /		
			فهوم هر متن، گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید	خ. توجه به ما
1. Which situation	best describes t	the proverb "Absence	makes the heart grow fonder"?	
a You move to a n	ew city and you	start missing your fami	ilv	

a. You move to a new city, and you start missing your family.

b. You meet your friends every day, and you don't miss them.

c. You spend time with your friends, and you feel happy. d. You are

d. You are absent at a party, and nobody misses you

## دوازدهم.درس سوم. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴ کوداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

- 2.Big shiny panels on the roof are solar collectors that collect heat by absorbing sunlight and produce solar power.
- a. Big shiny panels produce lots of sunlight.
- b. Big shiny panels generate electricity by collecting heat,
- c. Big shiny panels absorb electricity on the roof.
- d. Big shiny panels are made with solar power on the roof.
- 3. Water is the most essential element in our life. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale.
- a) Electricity can generate the most essential element in our life.
- b) Water is a huge resource for generating elements on commercial scale.
- c) Water is essential just for generating electricity on large scale.
- d) Electricity can be generated from huge resources of water.
- 4. Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't pollute the air.
- a) Electric cars are better than other cars as they do not pollute the air.
- b) Electric cars should replace fossil fuels in the engine.
- c) Electric cars burn gasoline in the engine to produce electricity.
- d) Electric cars should be replaced by cars that burn fossil fuels.
- 5."Two heads are better than one." This means that when two people cooperate, they come up with better ideas.
- a. Two people work better when they have no ideas.
- b. Two people work better with different ideas.
- c. Two people can cooperate without any ideas.
- d. Two people can think of ideas or plans better

6.Just like a remote-controlled car, an electric car has an electric motor that turns the wheels and a battery to run the motor.

- a. An electric car does not have a motor to run.
- b. A remote-controlled car works without a battery.
- c. An electric car has a battery that powers an electric motor.
- d. Electric cars use gasoline to run the motor
- 7. When you get money quickly, like by winning it, it's easy to spend it or lose it quickly as well. In this case, people usually say, ".....".
- a. Easy come, easy go

- b. Two heads are better than one
- c. Money does not grow on trees
- d. Absence makes the heart grow fonder

### دوازدهم درس سوم. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴

#### گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

د. با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع Iran بنویسید

Location: in Southwest of Asia Population: more than 80 million

language: Persian Iranian's personality: kind and hospitable

Attractions: amazing nature, historical sites

1. Iran -----

با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع wind بنویسید

- not polluting the earth
- generating electricity

- a source of energy for human

- a renewable form of energy

2. Wind -----

### دوازدهم درس سوم. سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ – شهریور ۱۴۰۴ گرداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

در پاسخبرگ بنویسید	(Charity) 8	گراف با موضو <u>·</u>	نده زیر یک پارا	عبارات داده ش	با استفاده از تمام
--------------------	-------------	-----------------------	-----------------	---------------	--------------------

-the act of giving help to those in need

-a kind of voluntary work

-giving a sense of happiness

-helping the poor to have a better living

3. Charity .....



با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع a healthy lifestyle در پاسخ نامه بنویسید.

- ✓ eating fewer snacks and selecting healthier alternatives
- ✓ getting active each day
- ✓ eating more fruit and vegies
- ✓ turning off the TV or computer and getting active
- 4. A healthy lifestyle ------

# دوازدهم درس سوم سوالات امتحان نهایی دی ماه ۱۴۰۲ - شهریور ۱۴۰۴ کوداورنده: محمدرضا قهرمانی مدرس دانشگاه و دبیر زبان انگلیسی

ب استفاده از نمام عبارات داده شده زیر ، یک پاراخراف با موضوع ponution در پاسخ نامه بنویسید.
☐ A serious problem in the world
☐ Air and water pollution
☐ Causing diseases
☐ Destroying nature
5
با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع electric cars در پاسخ نامه بنویسید .
- use renewable energy
- don't pollute the air
- can be charged easily
- make less noise
6.The electric cars

