

In the Name of ALLAH

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سوالات زبان انگلیسی دوازدہم

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مدرس دانشگاه

دبیر زبان انگلیسی

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رشته های مختلف دانشگاه

برگزاري کلاسهاي

ايلتس و

تافل

کلاسهاي

EPT, MSRT, TOLIMO

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In the Name of ALLAH

مجموعه سوالات امتحان نهایی

درس اول

زبان انگلیسی دوازدهم

گردآورنده:

محمد رضا قهرمانی

دبیر زبان انگلیسی

مدرس دانشگاه

ترجمه مکالمه و ری‌دینگ درس اول

مکالمه درس ۱ صفحه ۱۹

Sara has been in the Children's Medical Center for a week. She has caught a terrible flu. The doctor told her to stay there to get better. There is a photograph of an old man on the wall. While the nurse is taking her temperature, they start talking.

سارا یک هفته است که در مرکز درمانی کودکان حضور دارد. او آنفلوآنزا خیلی بدی گرفته است. دکتر به او گفته که در مرکز درمانی بماند تا بهتر شود. عکس یک پیر مرد روی دیوار است. درحالی که پرستار تب سارا را می‌گیرد، آنها شروع به صحبت می‌کنند.

Sara: Excuse me, who is that man in the picture? سارا: ببخشید، اون مرده توی عکس کیه؟

Nurse: Oh, don't you know him? Have you ever heard of Dr. Mohammad Gharib?

پرستار: اوه، نمیشناسیش؟ تا بحال اسم دکتر قریب رو شنیدی؟

Sara: I guess I have only seen his name in my English book, but I'm not sure about it.

سارا: فکر می‌کنم فقط اسمش رو توی کتاب انگلیسیم دیدم، اما مطمئن نیستم.

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was a famous physician. پرستار: دکتر قریب یک پزشک مشهور بود.

Sara: Oh,... can you tell me a little about his life? سارا: اوه، میتونی یخورده در مورد زندگیش بهم بگی؟

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was born in Tehran in 1288. After receiving his diploma, he went abroad to study medicine. In 1316 he became a physician and then came back to his homeland. In 1347 this center was founded by Dr. Gharib and one of his close friends.

پرستار: دکتر قریب در تهران و در سال ۱۲۸۸ بدنیا آمد. بعد از گرفتن دیپلم، رفت خارج تا پزشکی بخونه. در سال ۱۳۱۶، یک پزشک شد و بعد به سرزمینش برگشت. در سال ۱۳۴۷، این مرکز توسط دکتر قریب و یکی از نزدیک ترین دوستانش تأسیس شد.

Sara: Really? I didn't know that. سارا: واقعا؟ من نمی‌دونستم.

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was also a generous man. He spared no pains to cure sick children. He was very friendly and helpful to poor families. Not surprisingly, he was regarded as a dedicated physician.

پرستار: دکتر قریب یک مرد بخشنده و سخاوتمند هم بود. او از هیچ تلاشی برای درمان کودکان مریض مضایقه نمی‌کرد. او در مورد خانواده های فقیر خیلی خوش برخورد و مفید بود. جای تعجب نیست که او به عنوان یک پزشک فداکار در نظر گرفته می‌شد.

Sara: It's a pity! I didn't know such a great man. حیف! من همچین مرد بزرگی رو نمی‌شناختم.

Nurse: He was known as a distinguished university professor, too. The first Persian textbook on children's diseases was written by him. He taught medicine to thousands of students.

او همچنین به عنوان استاد برجسته دانشگاه شناخته می شد. اولین کتاب فارسی در مورد بیماریهای کودکان توسط وی نوشته شد. او به هزاران دانشجو پزشکی آموزش داد.

Sara: Oh, what a great man he was! او! عجب مرد بزرگی بود.

Nurse: By the way, it might be interesting to know that your physician was one of Dr. Gharib's students!

راستی، ممکنه جالب باشه که بدونی دکتري يکي از شاگردان دکتر قریب هست.

Sara: Really?! That's interesting! واقعا؟! خیلی جالبه

ترجمه متن های ریدینگ کتاب درسی و کتاب کار

ترجمه متن کتاب درسی صفحه ۲۴ و ۲۵

Respect your Parents

On a spring morning, an old woman was sitting on the sofa in her house. Her young son was reading a newspaper. Suddenly a pigeon sat on the window.

در یک صبح بهاری... یک زن پیر در خانه اش بر روی کاناپه نشسته بود. پسر جوانش در حال روزنامه خواندن بود. ناگهان یک کبوتر بر روی پنجره نشست.

The mother asked her son quietly, "What is this?" The son replied: "It is a pigeon". After a few minutes, she asked her son for the second time, "What is this?" The son said, "Mom, I have just told you, "It is a pigeon, a pigeon". After a little while, the old mother asked her son for the third time, "What is this?" This time the son shouted at his mother, "Why do you keep asking me the same question again and again? Are you hard of hearing?"

مادر به آرامی از پسرش پرسید "این چیه؟" پسر جواب داد: "این یک کبوتر است". بعد از چند دقیقه برای دومین بار از پسرش پرسید "این چیه؟" پسر گفت: "تازه من بهت گفتم این یک پرندۀ است پرندۀ". بعد از مدت کمی مادر پیر برای سومین بار از پسرش پرسید "این چیه؟" این بار پسر بر سر مادرش فریاد کشید: "چرا همش داری سؤال های تکراری میپرسی؟ مگه مشکل شنوایی داری؟"

A little later, the mother went to her room and came back with an old diary. She said, "My dear son, I bought this diary when you were born". Then, she opened a page and kindly asked her son to read that page. The son looked at the page, paused and started reading it aloud:

کمی بعد، ی مادر به اتاقش رفت و با یک دفترچه خاطرات برگشت. او گفت "پسر عزیزم من این دفتر خاطرات را وقتی که تو متولد شدی، خریدم". سپس او صفحه ای را باز کرد و با مهربانی از پسرش خواست که آن را بخواند. پسر به صفحه نگاهی انداخت و مکثی کرد و شروع به خواندن نمود:

Today my little son was sitting on my lap, when a pigeon sat on the window. My son asked me what it was 15 times, and I replied to him all 15 times that it was a pigeon. I hugged him lovingly each time when he asked me the same question again and again. I did not feel angry at all. I was actually feeling happy for my lovely child.

امروز پسر کوچکم بر روی پایم نشسته بود، زمانیکه که یک کبوتر بر روی پنجره نشست. پسر ۱۵ بار از من پرسید که این چی بود و من هر ۱۵ بار برای او تکرار کردم که این یک کبوتر است. هر بار که او همان سؤال تکراری را از من میپرسید من او را با مهربانی در آغوش می‌گرفتم. من اصلاً احساس عصبانیت نکردم. در واقع من به خاطر فرزند دوست داشتنی ام، احساس خوشحالی می‌کردم.

Suddenly the son burst into tears, hugged his old mother and said repeatedly, "Mom, mom, forgive me; please forgive me." The old woman hugged her son, kissed him and said calmly, "We must care for those who once cared for us. We all know how parents cared for their children for every little thing. Children must love them, respect them, and care for them".

ناگهان پسر شروع به گریه کردن کرد و مادر پیرش را در آغوش گرفت و مکرراً تکرار میکرد که "مادر، مادر، منو ببخش لطفاً منو ببخشید". زن پیر پسرش را در آغوش گرفت و او را بوسید و با خونسردی گفت: "ما باید از کسانی که یک زمانی از ما مراقبت کرده اند، مراقبت کنیم. ما همه میدانیم که پدر و مادر برای هر مسئله‌ی کوچکی چگونه به فرزندانشان اهمیت میدهند. بچه‌ها باید آن‌ها را دوست داشته باشند و به آن‌ها احترام بگذارند و از آن‌ها مراقبت کنند"

ترجمه متن کتاب کار ص ۱۱

It is very important for us to respect our elders. It is also important to note that elders were not born elders; they were kids like us and now have grown old. A few years hence we will also grow older. If today we respect them, our present and future generations will carry those values and will learn to respect us as well when we grow old.

برای ما بسیار مهم است که به بزرگترهایمان احترام بگذاریم. همچنین مهم است که بدانیم بزرگترها، بزرگ به دنیا نیامده اند. آن‌ها همانند ما کودک بوده اند و اکنون بزرگ شده اند. چند سال بعد ما نیز مسن تر خواهیم شد. اگر امروز ما به آن‌ها احترام بگذاریم نسل امروز و آینده ما نیز آن ارزش‌ها را حفظ خواهند کرد و یاد می‌گیرند که هنگامی که ما هم پیر شدیم به ما احترام بگذارند.

Elders have a lot to share with us: their life experiences, their failures, their successes and many more. Thus, we need to care for them because they deserve to be cared for. Respect and care for elders start with our parents as they are our first teachers in our life.

بزرگترها چیزهای زیادی برای تقسیم کردن با ما دارند: تجربه زندگیشان، شکست‌هایشان، موفقیت‌هایشان، و چیزهای بیشتر. بنابراین ما نیاز داریم که به آن‌ها اهمیت بدهیم چونکه سزاوار مراقبت کردن هستند. احترام و مراقبت کردن از بزرگترها، با پدر و مادرمان شروع میشود چونکه آن‌ها اولین معلم‌های ما در زندگی هستند.

No matter what we do in our lives, who we are, and where we live, we must love them as they love us unconditionally. They feel honored when we appreciate their love and respect them. So, it is our duty to help them when they need us because they are not young enough to handle things on their own like before.

مهم نیست چه کاری را در زندگیمان انجام میدهیم، چه کسی هستیم، ما باید آن‌ها را همانگونه که آن‌ها ما را بی قید و شرط دوست دارند دوست داشته باشیم. آن‌ها احساس افتخار میکنند هنگامی که ما قدردان عشق آنها هستیم و به آن‌ها احترام میگذاریم. پس این وظیفه ما است که هنگامی که به ما نیاز دارند به آن‌ها کمک کنیم زیرا آنها به اندازه کافی جوان نیستند که مانند قبل بتوانند به کارها رسیدگی کنند

درس ۱ صفحه: ۲۹ متن گرامر

Hafez is known to be as one of the most famous Persian poets of all time. He was born sometime between the years 1310 and 1337 A.D. in Shiraz. In his childhood, he received religious education. He is called Hafez because he learned the Holy Quran by heart. Hafez is mostly remembered for a special type of poetry that is called Ghazal. Emotions and ethics are used in Ghazals a lot. The collection of his poems is called Divan. It has been translated into countless languages including German, English and French. Hafez is known to be the inspiration for many poets and authors around the world.

حافظ را یکی از مشهورترین شاعران فارسی زبان تمامی دوران ها می دانند . او بین سالهای ۱۳۱۰ تا ۱۳۳۷ شمسی در شیراز متولد شد. در دوران کودکی به تحصیلات دینی پرداخت. او نامیده می شود حافظ به این دلیل که قرآن کریم را یاد گرفت از حفظ. حافظ بیشتر به خاطر نوع خاصی از شعر که غزل نامیده می شود به خاطر سپرده شده است. احساسات و اخلاق در غزل بسیار به کار رفته است. مجموعه اشعار دیوان نامیده میشود. به زبان های بی شماری از جمله آلمانی، انگلیسی و فرانسوی ترجمه شده است. حافظ به عنوان الهام بخش بسیاری از شاعران و نویسندگان در سراسر جهان شناخته میشود.

درس ۱ صفحه: ۳۰ متن گرامر

Many products are developed each year. Light bulb, camera, airplane, and telephone were invented by scientists and inventors. Laptops, smart phones, and tablets were made by lots of work. But not all products are developed by hard work. Some inventions were created by accident or scientists' mistakes. Penicillin, for instance, was discovered quite accidentally when Alexander Fleming was working on bacteria. Microwave oven also was invented during a scientist's experiment on energy. More interestingly, some tools and technologies are not made by scientists at all. Some like dishwashers and computer games were made by ordinary people like workers, housewives and school students.

محصولات زیادی هر ساله توسعه می یابند. لامپ، دوربین، هواپیما و تلفن توسط دانشمندان و مخترعان اختراع شدند. لپ تاپ ها، تلفن های هوشمند و تبلت ها با تلاش فراوان ساخته شدند. اما همه محصولات با کار سخت تولید نمی شوند. برخی از اختراعات به طور تصادفی یا به علت اشتباهات دانشمندان ایجاد شده اند. به عنوان مثال، پنی سیلین کشف شد کاملاً تصادفی زمانی که الکساندر فلمینگ روی باکتری ها کار می کرد. اجاق میکروویو نیز در طی آزمایش یک دانشمند روی انرژی اختراع شد. جالبتر اینکه برخی ابزارها و فناوری ها اصلاً توسط دانشمندان ساخته نمی شوند. برخی از این ابزارها و فناوری ها مانند ماشین ظرفشویی و بازی های کامپیوتری توسط مردم عادی ساخته می شد مانند کارگران، زنان خانه دار و دانش آموزان مدرسه.

درس ۱ قسمت A: صفحه ۴۱

Dr. Asadi is answering this important question: "Why is it important to care for our elders?" I think first of all, we need to remember that they are our mothers and fathers, and our first teachers. They teach us how to love, how to care, how to forgive, and how to accept. Second, elders have more knowledge and wisdom than any one

of us. They've come so far and they've learned so much. We have a responsibility to learn from that wisdom. But the most important thing is their experience. We may or may not know of all the ups and downs they've faced in life but they've definitely gained experience that is worth respecting and learning from. Our elders may hide much pain from us because they don't want us to feel the pain, the least we can do is appreciate them for all they've gone through and learn from their insight into situations.

دکتر اسدی در پاسخ به این سوال مهم که چرا مراقبت از سالمندان مهم است؟ من فکر می‌کنم اول از همه، ما باید به یاد داشته باشیم که آنها مادران و پدران ما و اولین معلمان ما هستند. آنها به ما یاد می‌دهند که چگونه دوست داشته باشیم، چگونه مراقبت کنیم، چگونه ببخشیم و چگونه بپذیریم. ثانیاً، سالمندان دانش و حکمت بیشتری نسبت به همه ما دارند. آنها تا اینجای کار آمده‌اند و چیزهای زیادی یاد گرفته‌اند. ما وظیفه داریم از این حکمت درس بگیریم. اما مهمترین چیز تجربه آنهاست. ما ممکن است از همه فراز و نشیب‌هایی که آنها در زندگی با آنها روبرو شده‌اند بدانیم یا ندانیم، اما قطعاً تجربه‌ای به دست آورده‌اند که ارزش احترام گذاشتن و یادگیری از آن را دارد. بزرگان ما ممکن است درد زیادی را از ما پنهان می‌کنند زیرا آنها نمی‌خواهند ما درد را احساس کنیم، حداقل کاری که می‌توانیم انجام دهیم این است که قدر آنها را بدانیم تمام آنچه آنها از سر گذرانده‌اند و از بیش آنها نسبت به موقعیت‌ها یاد بگیریم.

درس ۱ قسمت B: صفحه ۴۱

Yet another important thing is our heritage and culture. We have much to learn from our parents regarding our heritage, to be proud of our past. This heritage and history brings a sense of belonging. Most importantly, it brings us a sense of identity of our past and the responsibility to protect it for our future generations. What I can add at the end is the role of our parents' morals, values, and principles in our lives. Our elders have either learned, created or have been brought up with a set of morals, values and principles in their lives. Our elders want the best for us and they are willing to tell us what set of rules and guidelines have made them successful, and hopefully, peaceful.

نکته مهم دیگر میراث و فرهنگ ماست. ما باید از والدینمان در مورد میراثمان چیزهای زیادی یاد بگیریم تا به گذشته خود افتخار کنیم. این میراث و تاریخ حس تعلق را به ارمغان می‌آورد. مهمتر از همه، این میراث و تاریخ، حس هویت گذشته و مسئولیت محافظت از آن برای نسل‌های آینده را برای ما به ارمغان می‌آورد. آنچه در پایان می‌توانم اضافه کنم، نقش اخلاق، ارزش‌ها و اصول والدین ما در زندگی ما است. بزرگان ما یا آموخته‌اند، یا خلق کرده‌اند یا با مجموعه‌ای از اخلاق، ارزش‌ها و اصول در زندگی خود تربیت شده‌اند. بزرگان ما بهترین‌ها را برای ما می‌خواهند و مایلند به ما بگویند که چه مجموعه‌ای از قوانین و دستورالعمل‌ها باعث موفقیت، امیدواری و آرامش آنها شده است.

Part A: Listening

۱- دانش آموز عزیز، در این بخش به فایل صوتی به دقت گوش دهید، سپس جملات صحیح را با (True) و جملات غلط را با (False) مشخص نمایید.

شماره ۱

- | | | |
|---|---------|----------|
| 1- Tahereh Saffarzadeh was born in Shiraz. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- She learned reading and reciting the Holy Quran at the age of 6. | a) True | b) False |
| 3- When she was a young student, she didn't write poems. | a) True | b) False |
| 4- She published the translation of Holy Quran in 1380. | a) True | b) False |



شماره ۲

- | | | |
|--|---------|----------|
| 1- Roya will go to the gym on Saturday. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- Roya is going to the gym alone. | a) True | b) False |
| 3- Mina won't go to the gym with Roya. | a) True | b) False |
| 4- Mina prefers less active sports like chess. | a) True | b) False |



شماره ۳

- | | | |
|--|---------|----------|
| 1- Amin is working on a new project. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- Health is more important than work for Amin. | a) True | b) False |
| 3- Behzad thinks that money is on top of everything. | a) True | b) False |



۲- دانش آموز عزیز، به مکالمه/ فایل زیر با دقت گوش دهید و سپس گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید.

شماره ۳

- 1- Who are our elders?
- | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| a) mothers and fathers | b) fathers | c) mothers | d) doctors |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
- 2- A: What do our elders teach us? B: They teach us how to
- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| a) accept and learn | b) love and care |
| c) forgive and remember | d) learn an answer |
- 3- We have a responsibility to learn from their
- | | | | |
|---------|--------------|---------|-----------|
| a) pain | b) situation | c) wish | d) wisdom |
|---------|--------------|---------|-----------|





A: The programs on TV these days are the (1)..... . Even with the hundred channels to (2)..... from, everything is (3)..... .

B: You're (4)..... about that! I think it is because most TV programs are written for (5)..... . There is nothing for older people to (6)..... .



Sara: It is so good that there are famous physicians in your hospital.

Nurse: Do you know Iran has always had great physicians and doctors and has been rich in (1)..... .

Sara: It sounds interesting. Can you name some of them? I'd like to know them.

Nurse: Back in (2)....., we can mention Avicenna.

Sara: Avicenna! Can you tell me more about him?

Nurse: Yeah, of course! He was a great (3)..... physician. He has written two great books. His (4)..... is a source of inspiration for many people.

Sara: That's so nice. I think I'll ask my dad to (5)..... us to Hamedan this summer.

Nurse: Yeah, I think that will be an exciting trip!



Do you know why it is important to care for our elders? Because they are our mothers and fathers, and our first teachers. They teach us how to love, how to care, and how to (1)..... others.

Elders have more (2)..... and wisdom than any one of us. They've come so far and they've learned so much, that's why we should learn from that wisdom. But the most important thing is their experience. We may or may not know of all the ups and downs they've (3)..... in life but they have a lot of experience that is worth (4)..... and learning from. Our elders may hide much pain from us because they don't want us to (5)..... the pain, the least we can do is to (6)..... them for all that they've gone through and learn from their experience.

Roya: We are going to the (1) on Friday. Will you come with us, Mina?

Mina: I don't think so.

Roya: You don't like sports, do you?

Mina: Actually, I don't know. I think it (2) on the type of sport.

Roya: You prefer (3) sports, don't you?

Mina: Well, it seems to be OK. But honestly, I prefer less (4) sports like chess.



Dr. Gharib was born in Tehran in 1288. After receiving his (1), he went abroad to study medicine. In 1316, he became a physician and then came back to his homeland. In 1347, this center was (2)..... by Dr. Gharib and one of his close friends. Dr. Gharib was also a (3) man. He spared no pains to cure sick children. He was (4)..... as a dedicated physician. He was known as a distinguished university (5)....., too. The first Persian textbook on children's (6) was written by him.



M.R. Ghahramani

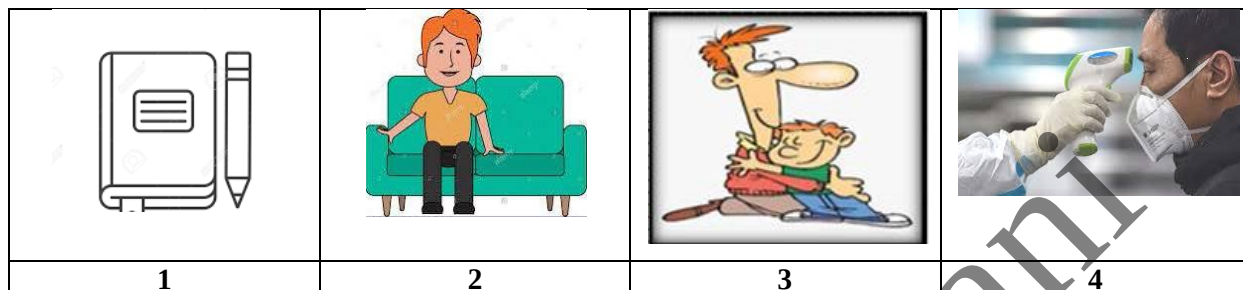
Lesson 1

بخش لغات درس اول

Part B: Vocabulary

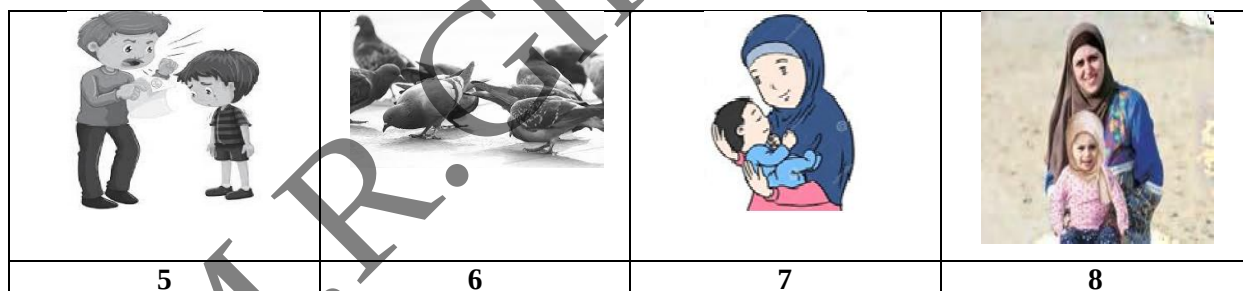
۱- با توجه به تصاویر داده شده جملات زیر را بخوانید و جمله مناسب بهر تصویر را انتخاب کنید. (در هر بخش یک جمله اضافی است).

شماره ۱



- a. Taking people's temperature can help them fight the corona virus.
- b. It is believed that hugging your child boosts the level of happiness.
- c. Teenagers who help others are more successful in life.
- d. Hamid sits on the sofa and watches TV all the time.
- e. I have kept a diary for twelve years.

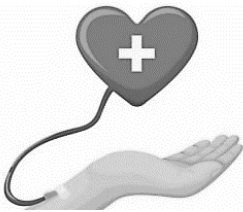
شماره ۲



- a. The mother is hugging her little child.
- b. Dad really shouted at me when I didn't pass the exam.
- c. My grandfather feeds the pigeons in the park every morning.
- d. My little sister sits on my mother's lap all the time.
- e. Hamid sits on the sofa and watches TV all the time.

			
9	10	11	12

- a. My uncle went to his son and hugged him.
- b. Keeping a diary gives us a chance to reflect on our daily life.
- c. He is known as a distinguished university professor.
- d. We have to speak louder because my grandfather is hard of hearing.
- e. My little sister sits on my mother's lap all the time.

		
13	14	15

- a. Teenagers who help others are more successful in life.
- b. We can help people by donating what they need.
- c. I have kept a diary for twelve years.
- d. Erfan burst into tears when he lost his mother.

شماره ۱

shared / dedicated / calm / deserved

1- A: Why did the boss treat him badly at work?

B: Everybody thought he better.

2- Dr. Gharib was regarded as a physician and he spared no pains to help sick people.

3- My sister her food among the poor children.

شماره ۲

honored / diary / share / dedicated

4- Elders have a lot to with us: their life experiences, failures, successes and many more.

5- Elders feel when we appreciate them.

6- A: Why is he so famous?

B: Because he is a/an university professor.

شماره ۳

repeatedly / forgive / dedicated / hugged

7- A: Mrs. Ahmadi is very friendly and helpful.

B: I know! She is known as a teacher, too.

8- I have told Mohsen to talk politely to his teacher.

9- My uncle went to his son and him.

شماره ۴

distinguished / born / generous / founded / shouted

10- Dr. Gharib was known as a university professor in our country.

11- Ferdowsi was in a village near Toos.

12- Dr. Gharib came back to his homeland and the Children's Medical Center.

13- When my mother saw my score, she at me angrily.

۳- برای هر کلمه ی مشخص شده از ستون A یک تعریف از ستون B انتخاب کنید. (در ستون B یک تعریف اضافی است)

شماره ۱

A	B
1- She agreed some parts of her personal diary to be published. 2- Mom will forgive me for breaking the vase 3- Our parents have a lot to share with us like their experiences and failures.	a. lack of success in doing something b. to stop being angry with someone c. in a quiet way d. a book in which you record your thoughts and feelings

شماره ۲

A	B
4- I may forgive myself for the accident, but it is very difficult to forget. 5- Students should appreciate their teachers for their help and kindness. 6- I have kept a diary for twelve years.	a. be grateful for b. in a quiet way c. stop being angry with someone d. a book in which you record your thoughts or feelings or what has happened every day

شماره ۳

A	B
7- He always speaks slowly and calmly. 8- I've told Mohsen repeatedly to talk politely to his teachers. 9- 13- Speak louder. My grandmother is hard of hearing.	a. many times b. a book in which you record your thoughts c. in a quiet way d. Unable to hear very well

شماره ۴

A	B
10- Mom forgave me for breaking the vase. 11- Kindness boosts energy in elderly people. 12- I really appreciate the culture and art of Iran.	a. to be grateful for b. To increase or improve something c. cry suddenly d. to stop being angry with someone

A	B
13- sofa 14- calmly 15- teenagers	a. a long seat with a back and arms b. cry suddenly d. people who are between 13 and 19 years old c. in a quiet way

۴- جاهای خالی را با دانش واژگانی خود کامل کنید. (اولین حرف کلمات داده شده است).

- 1- A: Why is Mina upset? B: Because she has got a bad s
- 2- In Germany, people usually h..... each other when they meet.
- 3- My grandfather feeds the p..... in the park every morning.
- 4- I have recorded my thoughts and feelings on my d..... every day for 10 years.
- 5- We have to speak louder, because my grandfather is h..... of hearing.
- 6- The baby enjoys sitting on her mother`s l
- 7- They have to speak louder, because their grandmother is hard of h.....
- 8- Some animals like dogs have a very good s of smell.
- 9- When Amir saw the film, he b into tears.
- 10- Dr. Gharib went a to study medicine and then came back to his homeland.
- 11- Kindness b energy and strength in elderly people.

Part C: Grammar

۱- گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.

1- **A:** Are the roads safe? **B:** No, every year hundreds of people on these roads.

- a) are killed b) are killing c) have killed d) have been killed

2- **A:** Let's go to the movies,? **B:** All right. That's a good idea.

- a) will you b) won't you c) shall we d) will we

3- **A:** When do they collect the waste every night? **B:** The waste about at 9.

- a) should collect b) collect c) collected d) is collected

4- I to play ping pong when I was six years old.

- a) had taught b) was taught c) taught d) will be taught

5- Aida burst tears when she saw her score.

- a) into b) on c) up d) over

6- Zhila never says a word when she is sad,?

- a) isn't she b) did she c) doesn't she d) does she

7- There is a new building in the neighborhood. The workers it very well.

- a) have built b) are built c) were built d) have been built

8- Their sister bought a new dress at a very low price,?

- a) doesn't she b) don't they c) didn't she d) didn't they

9- Your sister has passed the exam,?

- a) didn't she b) hasn't she c) didn't you d) has she

10- They will buy a new house,?

- a) won't he b) won't they c) will they d) will he

11- Hafez to be as one of the most famous Persian poet of all time.

- a) knows b) is known c) knowing d) has known

12- **A:** What is the problem?

B: The windows by the boys.

- a) are breaking b) have broken c) broke d) have been broken

13- They invited you to their party,?

- a) do they b) didn't we c) didn't they d) don't you

14- Hamid doesn't say a bad word,?

- a) did Hamid b) does she c) doesn't Hamid d) isn't he

15- Leila never forgets to call you,?

- a) does she b) doesn't she c) doesn't Leila d) does Leila

- 16- The first fast food restaurants in our city thirty years ago.
 a) opens b) were opening c) were opened d) can open
- 17- You haven't done your homework,?
 a) haven't you b) haven't I c) does your homework d) have you
- 18- The doctors are checking his health condition, ?
 a) aren't they b) do they c) are they d) don't they
- 19- **A:** Hamid has not come to school. I've heard he is not well,?
B: Oh, yes. He has got the flu.
 a) has he b) have I c) hasn't Hamid d) is he
- 20- This book into countless languages including German, English and French.
 a) has been translated b) had translated c) may translate d) were translated
- 21- A lot of homework by my brother yesterday.
 a) had done b) were done c) was done d) did
- 22- My father will buy a new car,?
 a) will my father b) won't he c) will he d) won't my father
- 23- English in many countries.
 a) speaks b) is speaking c) is spoken d) has spoken
- 24- His sister never behaves politely,?
 a) does she b) doesn't she c) does he d) doesn't he
- 25- Amir didn't paint the wall himself,?
 a) did he b) did Amir c) was he d) wasn't Amir
- 26- Nahid the room, won't she?
 a) is cleaning b) will clean c) won't clean d) cleans

۲- شکل صحیح افعال داخل پرانتز را در جای خالی بنویسید.

- 1- I think Mina a new mobile phone, hasn't she? **(to buy)**
- 2- Three people in the car accident last week. **(to kill)**
- 3- Last night my father home very late, didn't he? **(to come)**
- 4- They the waste every night and send it to the landfill, don't they? **(collect)**
- 5- **A:** Is there any medicine for the disease?
B: A new medicine by the doctors to cure it since last month. **(discover)**
- 6- Smart phones and tablets by lots of hard work some years ago. **(invent)**
- 7- Persian in Iran, Tajikistan and Afghanistan. **(speak)**
- 8- The window by that boy yesterday. **(break)**
- 9- She the pigeons every morning, doesn't she? **(feed)**

- 10- My mother never her finger while working with a knife, does she? **(to cut)**
- 11- Some inventions by accident or scientists' mistakes every year. **(to create)**
- 12- Many products like light bulb, camera and telephone each year. **(to develop)**

۳- با استفاده از کلمات در هم ریخته زیر، یک جمله معنا دار بنویسید.

1- went/ my brother/ to the library/ at all/ he/ didn't/ but/ study / . /

2- employed / during / a lot of / the last five years / have been / workers / . /

3- wrote / didn't / a letter / the girl / she / , / ? /

4- scientists / camera / and / by / Were / light bulb / invented / ? /

۴- با توجه به تصاویر داده شده، به سوالات زیر پاسخ کامل دهید.

1- What is done by the little girl every day?

The pigeons



2- What was done by the boy yesterday?

The vase



3- What was done by the man last Friday?

The car



Part D: Reading

۱- (متن کوتاه) متن هر قسمت را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم، بهترین گزینه را انتخاب کنید.

1- Elders have a lot to share with us such as their life experiences, their failures, their successes and many more. Thus, we need to care for them because they deserve to be cared for. Respect and care for elders start with our parents as they are our first teachers in our life.

-We have to care for our elders because

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| a) their failures are less important | b) they respect us as their teachers |
| c) they share their life experience with us | d) their successes are not important |

2- If today we respect our elders, our present and future generations will carry those values and will learn to respect us as well when we grow old.

- a) Children carry more values than elders.
- b) Elders respect us more than children.
- c) Children will carry elders when they grow old.
- d) When we respect elders, our children learn to respect us.

۲- (متن بلند) متن هر بخش را به دقت بخوانید و به سوالات به صورت خواسته شده پاسخ دهید.

متن شماره ۱

Children are taught to respect elders by their parents at very young ages. Throughout school and university, they are reminded of them while their personalities develop. But still, we often forget to respect our elders. Respecting elders should come from within. Respecting elders come under good habits and manners. Everyone welcomes a well-behaved person. As we all know, history repeats itself. If we will respect our elders today, we will get respect when we grow old.

There are many ways to show respect to elders. For example, they feel happy and honored when we include them in the decision making of the family. They are more experienced than us and they also have walked the same path before us. So, we should always ask for their advice.

Another way is listening to them and following their customs, which they have lived up to. We should also repeatedly visit them and invite them to our house, too. We should often sit and eat with them. All this will help us to recognize and appreciate our elders. Always remember that people are always judged by their actions and each word or action has a reaction. So, if you want to succeed and be happy in life, start respecting elders by being polite. Finally, I would like to say, our elders are really worthy and we should respect them.

Choose the best answer.

2- The word “**repeatedly**” in the second line of paragraph 3 means

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| a) many ways | b) many times | c) many customs | d) many actions |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|

3- What does “**them**” in the first line of paragraph 3 refer to?

- | | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| a) manners | b) habits | c) elders | d) families |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|

Answer the following questions.

4- When do elders feel honored?

5- Why should we ask elders for their advice?

6- According to the passage, what does the term “**history repeats itself**” mean?

متن شماره ۲

Pablo Picasso was a distinguished artist. He was born in Spain on October 25, 1881. His father was a painter and art teacher. He helped his son to improve his artistic ability. When Picasso was 10 years old, his family move to Barcelona, Spain where Picasso took an exam to attend a popular Art School. The exam was going to take one month, however it was very surprising that Picasso finished it in one day.

A few years later, he went to another school in Madrid. He was bored with the old Teachings of Art School, and he did not want to paint like people hundreds of years ago. He really wanted to create something new. He moved to Paris where he worked as an artist and created his wonderful drawings. During this time, he created his famous Blue period works. In 1907, Picasso painted a painting that is known as the first painting in the modern art movement. Artists from all over the world travelled there to see this painting.

In 1907, Picasso began to experiment with a new style of painting. He is well-known for creating the Cubism Style. One of the most interesting things about Picasso is that he was the first artist to be famous during his own lifetime. He was one of the most important artists of the 20th century. He died on April 8, 1973.

True/False

1- Picasso was a famous French artist during the 18th century.

a) True

b) False

2- Picasso was also very skillful in painting when he was young.

a) True

b) False

Choose the best answer.

3- The underlined word “**He**” in the second line refers to

a) Picasso

b) his son

c) Picasso’s father

d) the teacher

4- It took for Picasso to finish his exam to attend the Art school in Barcelona.

a) a few years

b) more than a day

c) only one month

d) one day

Complete the following sentences.

5- Artists from everywhere in the came to Paris to see Picasso’ first painig in modern Art.

6- Picasso is famous for the Cubism Style.

Some people prefer to provide help and support directly to those in need. However, others prefer to give money to national and international charity organizations. Giving money to those in need can be a personally good experience, but there is a choice between donating nationally and internationally through charities or giving directly to those around you.

One of the advantages of providing direct support is that you can know exactly how your money is spent. Another **benefit** is that you can see the impacts on those you are helping, which can lead not only to great personal happiness but also to respect from others who appreciate the work you do.

There are advantages in giving to charities that are national and international. First and the best is helping in problems of global importance, such as curing diseases and human rights or helping those who are in bad environmental events like earthquakes and floods.

In conclusion, a person should make their own choice in helping others. The important point is that we continue to give to those who are more in need than ourselves.

Answer the following questions.

1- What can it lead to when you see the impacts on those you are helping?

2- What is the important point in helping others?

Choose the best answer.

3- What is the closest synonym for the word “**benefit**”?

- a) experience b) advantage c) choice d) effect

True/ False

4- Helping people in bad environmental events has the global importance.

a) True b) False

5- All people feel great personal happiness when they help others.

a) True b) False

The size and shape of your ears show your character more than any other part of the face. Other parts of the face change shapes as we get older, but ears do not change their shapes. They only change in size. Reading people's character from their ears is a very old science. In the past people thought that a person's ears with color were dangerous. They also thought that the shape of the ears showed if a person was musical or not. Today, too many people believe that the size and shape of the ears help you know if a person is musical. Ears are all different, and each different thing has a meaning.

Next time you look at a person, see if his or her ears are large, medium-size, or small. Look at the lobes (نرمه گوش). Ears that are always red mean that a person may get angry easily. Ears that are always cold and nearly white color mean that a person has a nervous character.

Choose the best answer.

1- When we grow up,

- a) our ears will not change in size b) our ears will be the same size.
c) our ears will get colder d) our ears will not change in shape.

2- If someone's ears are red, it means

- a) he/she is a kind person b) he/she is very happy
c) he/she may get angry easily d) he/she drinks a lot

3- If you look at someone's ears, the right way is to see

- a) his face, ears and nose b) the size, color and shape
c) his mouth, eyes and nose d) the hair, eyes and color

Part E: Writing

۱- جملات ناقص زیر را با کلمات ربط (and, but, so, or) کامل کنید.

1- Our English teacher is very strict, all of the students really like him.

2- In the last term I didn't study properly, I failed the course.

3- My father sat down on the sofa, he opened the newspaper.

4- At night we used to go out with our friends stay at home watching TV.

5- The early bird catches the worm, if you want to succeed, wake up and start work early.

6- He bought a house, found a job, chose a school for his children last year.

7- The glass fell down to the floor, it didn't break.

8- You can pay now, when I finish your painting.

9- He can buy the dictionary, he can borrow it from the library.

10- There was no bread at home, my mother went out to buy some.

11- My sister loves apples, she hates bananas.

12- Ali bought a new coat, he wore it for two years.

13- You can buy a shirt you can save your money.

14- There was nothing at home to eat I went to a restaurant.

15- My friend had a lot of problems she didn't tell me anything.

16- He wrote some books for children translated a lot of story books.

17- Sepideh likes spaghetti, her grandmother hates spaghetti.

18- These shoes are not comfortable, I will not buy them.

19- He went to the restaurant ordered food.

20- We can go by bus, we can take a taxi.

21- I get up early in the morning, I make an omelet myself.

22- We can eat our lunch at the restaurant, we can have it at home.

23- They wanted to call you, they did not have your phone number.

24- That dictionary is expensive, I can't buy it.

25- I get up early in the morning, I make an omelet myself.

26- There is snow in the street, it's not too cold.

27- We went to the restaurant ordered food.

28- That dictionary is expensive,I can't buy it.

29- Reza and Saeed went swimming last week,they had a nice time.

30- We can eat our lunch at the restaurant, we can have it at home.

31- I go out tonight, I take a rest at home.

32- Mary studies a lot, she can't pass the exam.

33- Ahmad can sing amazingly, he cannot draw well.

34- It's raining heavily outside, take your umbrella.

35- I studied physics last night, I took some notes.

36- You can install this dictionary, you can buy a paper one.

37- Shiva has an exam tomorrow, she must study well tonight.

38- My English class is really enjoyable, I have a lot of homework to do.

39- I was feeling hungry, I made myself a sandwich.

40- Will you go out to the cinema, you will stay at home?

41- You lost the game! if you want to succeed, you have to practice more.

42- You can take a bus, you can take a taxi.

43- I went to the whiteboard, I wrote the topic of the new lesson.

44- My brother is a rich man, my sister is poor.

45- You can have the blue pen, you can have the red one.

46- I'm very good at sport, I'm terrible at math.

47- Shiva plays tennis well, Zahra is not good at it.

48- There was nothing on TV, I went to bed.

Teachers work hard every day to make sure you have learnt your lessons, (1) they deserve your respect. You should know their values, (2) tell them that you are grateful to them for their help. You may sometimes forget their kindness, (3) you need to remember that they shape your lives like your parents. Treat them well when they are still around, (4) you will be sorry one day.

Amin is a student, (5) he goes to a school near his house. He can come home by taxi, (6) he can come on foot. He usually gets back on time, (7) yesterday he came home late because one of his friends got sick, (8) Amin waited until his friend's father arrived.

۳- گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.

1- I spent three hours in the gym,

a) and I'm not a good player

b) so I'm really tired now

c) but I'm hungry

d) or I leave it now

2- There are a lot of clouds in the sky,

a) but it's going to rain

b) so it's very funny

c) or you can go outside

d) and you can't see the sun

3- My parents enjoy working in the garden,

a) so they are sad

b) or their garden is beautiful

c) and they grow vegetables there

d) but they like their garden

4- Mahyar must choose. He can watch TV,

a) and he can go abroad

b) so he can pass the exam

c) but he can play the piano

d) or he can sleep

۴- سوالات تصویری:

الف) با توجه به مفهوم جمله اول و تصویر داده شده، در ادامه یک جمله بنویسید.

1- Many people are still becoming sick because of the COVID 19, so



2- Jimmy seems very tired, but



ب) جملات زیر را با استفاده از تصویر و یکی از کلمات ربط (but, and, so, or) کامل کنید و یک جمله مرکب معنادار بنویسید.

4- Saeed studied hard for the exam,.....



5- You should do your homework,



(wash the dishes)

6- The book was boring



(read)

7- The book is boring,



(read)

8- I get up early in the morning,



(make an omelet)

9- The boy bought



(a face mask)

(wear)

10- These shoes are small,



الف. با توجه به تصاویر جواب درست را نوشته یا انتخاب کنید.



ستاره‌ای بارشید و ماه مجلس شد
دل ریشه‌ای ما را تیس و تویس شد
نگار من که به مکتب وقت و خط نوشت
به طبره صلاه آواز صد مدرس شد

1. My grandfather feeds his in the yard every morning

2. The distinguished student started learning by heart at a young age .



1.A: Yes, he is my best friend. He is ----- and very busy these days .

2. When he went home, he couldn't do his homework. His father ----- him loudly. 3. He got sad and went to the balcony. Then, he -----



1. Now he's sitting on the sofa and checking online shops

2. My little sister sits on my mother's lap all the time.

ب. با استفاده از کلمات داده شده ، جملات زیر را کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است)

(circled / share / distinguished / remind/ deserve/ shares/ boost / dedicated)

1. **John:** How can I ----- my energy? **Sam:** You can jog to school every day.

2. The plane ----- the airport before landing.

3. We never ----- our toys with our cousins

4. After all that hard work, you..... a holiday.

5. **Farhad:** What do you think about our new teacher? **Mohsen:** I think he is very -----

6. Parvin likes her toys very much. She never them with her friends.

پ. برای هر کلمه یک تعریف از f تا پیدا کنید

1. I **forgave** her for breaking the vase.

2. The new **generation** have grown up with the internet.

3. I **spared no pains** to teach my students

4. He will never **forgive** his friends for what they have done.

5. Dr. Gharib was a famous **physician**.

6. Jabbar Baghcheban **founded** the first school for deaf students in Tabriz.

a. all the people of about the same age

b. to start something such as an organization, or a company

c. to do whatever you can

d. to stop being angry with someone

e. someone who cures sick people

f. to stop being angry with someone

ت. با انتخاب گزینه مناسب، جملات زیر را کامل کنید

1. We have to speak louder because my grandmother is ----- of hearing.

a. difficult

b. hard

c. low

d. high

2. While I was in the hospital, the nurse was my temperature.

a. making

b. taking

c. doing

d. giving

3. Teachers spare no ----- to teach us new things.

a. paints

b. pains

c. points

d. plains

4. A: What happened when Reza saw his bad score?

B: He into tears.

a. dedicated

b. kept

c. shouted

d. burst

ث. با توجه به مفهوم هر متن، گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید

1. Dr. Gharib was also a generous man. He spared no pains to cure sick children. He was very friendly and helpful to poor families.

a. He had no pains and helped children to cure the sick.

b. He tried to cure sick children and helped poor people.

c. He was sick and spared no pains to help friends.

d. He was from poor family and had no pains

2. We must care for those who once cared for us. We all know how parents cared for their children for every little thing. Children must love them, respect them, and care for them.

a) Parents love and respect those who once cared for us.

b) Parents know how children care for us.

c) We have to take care of parents because they have done it for us so earlier.

d) All parents care for their children as all children once cared for them

3. Good notes can help you remember and review a text you have read. There is no magic formula to taking notes when reading. You have to find out what works best for you.

a. Taking notes does not follow any fixed formula.

b. Taking good notes requires knowing a magic formula.

c. To remember things better, take notes in the same way.

d. To find what works best for you, remember and review the notes.

4. You may or may not know of all the ups and downs our parents have faced in life but they have gained experience that is worth respecting and learning from.

- a. Life has been easy for our parents, so we should respect them.
- b. Our parents do not prefer to share their experiences with us.
- e. We know everything about our parents' experience.
- d. There are valuable things to learn from our parents.

5. "We must care for those who once cared for us." It means -----.

- a. We should forget our friends soon.
- b. We must help those who helped us.
- c. We can forget about our parents.
- d. We only need to care for ourselves

ج. گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید

1. I see a lot of clouds in the sky. It is going to rain, -----?

- a. do I
- b. is it
- c. don't I
- d. isn't it

2. That's another planet in the solar system, -----?

- a. isn't it
- b. is it
- c. isn't that
- d. is that

3. Nezami's poems into countless languages since the last century.

- a. had translated
- b. have been translated
- c. has been translated
- d. were translated

4. Amir's sister has passed the exam, -----?

- a. hasn't she
- b. has she
- c. has he
- d. hasn't he

5. Some products ----- by scientists' hard work every year.

- a. have developed
- b. had developed
- c. were developed
- d. are developed

6. Rose won't finish her homework on time? ----- ,

- a. will Rose
- b. will she
- c. won't she
- d. won't Rose

7. The robber ----- by the police two days ago.

- a. is found
- b. has found
- c. finds
- d. was found

8. Zahra never forgets to feed the chickens, ?

- a. does Zahra
- b. doesn't Zahra
- c. does she
- d. doesn't she

9. They know that you're right, but this idea will never help them, -----?

- a. won't it
- b. aren't you
- c. will it
- d. don't they

10. Divan-e-Hafez into many countless languages since the 2th century.

- a. translates
- b. translated
- c. was translated
- d. has been translated

11. Don't swim in this river as it with aluminum.

- a. pollute
- b. has polluted
- c. polluted
- d. has been polluted

ج. با شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز، جاهای خالی را کامل کنید.

1. Their father often two pieces of pizza for lunch on the weekend, doesn't he? (to have)
2. Zahra and her sister me to the party yet, have they? (to invite)
3. The robber by the police two months ago, wasn't he? (to catch)
4. People each other at the party, don't they? (to respect)
5. Penicillin quite accidentally when Fleming was working on bacteria. (to discover)
6. Her father that expensive car, will he? (to buy)

ح. با توجه به تصویر داده شده، به سوال زیر پاسخ کامل دهید.

1. What did the boy do last night?

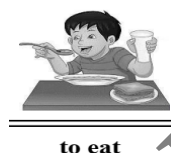
The dinner by

2. A: What is done by the man?

B: The car (to wash)

3. Sina: What has your boss given you for your hard work recently?

Behzad: We three days off.



to eat



خ. در هر یک از مکالمه های کوتاه زیر، شکل صحیح گرامری افعال مشخص شده را بنویسید.

1. A: Is it possible to pay the bill tomorrow evening?

B: No, we can't. The bill **must pay** before leaving the restaurant.

2. A: Why was everything in the garden brown?

B: All the trees and plants were brown because it **didn't rain** in spring.

3. A: Can I burn the garbage?

B: No. Some dangerous gases **may produce** when garbage is burned.

د. گزینه صحیح را انتخاب نمایید.

1. It is raining heavily, -----.

a. so drive more carefully

b. or you should wash the yard

c. and the street is dry

d. but he took a taxi

2. John likes to read books, -----.

a. or the books are English

b. so he rests and sleeps a lot

c. but he is deaf

d. and he spends too much time to do it

ذ.جملات ناقص زیر را با کلمات ربط **but/or/so /and** کامل کنید.

1. You can send a message to him, ----- you can call him.

2. I wanted to watch the movie, ----- my brother wanted to watch the game.

ر.متن های زیر را با کلمه های ربط **and / or / but / so** کامل کنید

A. Trees are very valuable. They take carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, 1 ----- fill it with oxygen. Carbon dioxide is harmful to nature. 2 oxygen keeps it alive. In addition, they supply us with many necessary things of everyday life, 3 ----- trees are the best friends of man

B. Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. Whenever they find a sweet, lying on the floor, they stick to the sweet 1 carry it to their home. Ants are very hardworking insects. They have two eyes and six legs. They are usually wingless, 2 they develop wings when they reproduce. They live in groups or colonies, 3 they are social insects.

C. Ants are amazing insects. They are red and black in color, 1 they have two eyes and six legs. Ants are social insects, 2 they live in groups or colonies. They live in anthills. They are usually wingless, 3 they develop wings when they reproduce. Their bites are quite painful.

ز. با توجه به تصویر و یکی از کلمه های ربط **or / so** یک جمله مرکب بنویسید.

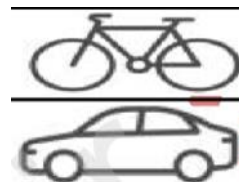
1. You can install a mobile dictionary, (so /or) ----- .



2. Every day, my father sits on the sofa, (and / but) -----



3. In our town, people usually ride their bicycles, to work.



ژ. از بین کلمات ربط داخل پرانتز، کلمه مناسب را انتخاب نموده و سپس با توجه به تصاویر داده شده، ادامه جملات را کامل کنید

1. It's raining heavily, (so /or) -----.



2. Hamed didn't study hard, (and /but) -----.



In the Name of ALLAH

مجموعه سوالات امتحان نهایی

درس دوم

زبان انگلیسی دوازدهم

گردآورنده:

محمد رضا قهرمانی

دبیر زبان انگلیسی

مدرس دانشگاه

ترجمه مکالمه و ریپدینگ های درس دوم

ترجمه مکالمه درس دوم صفحات ۴۷-۴۸

Majid is going to choose a suitable dictionary for his English class. He is talking to his English teacher during the break.

مجید میخواهد که یک دیکشنری مناسب برای کلاس زبان خودش انتخاب کند. او در زنگ تفریح مشغول صحبت کردن با معلم زبانش است.

Majid: Excuse me Mr. Iranmehr, I wonder if you could help me.

مجید: ی ببخشید آقای ایرانمهر با خودم فکر میکردم که شما ممکنه بتونید به من کمک کنید.

Mr. Iranmehr: Sure. How can I help you?

آقای ایرانمهر: ی حتما. چطور میتونم بهت کمک کنم؟

Majid: I'd like some information about a good English dictionary.

مجید: ی من یک سری اطلاعات در مورد یک دیکشنری خوب میخوام.

Mr. Iranmehr: Oh, well. Have you ever used a dictionary?

آقای ایرانمهر: ی آه ... خوب. تا حالا از دیکشنری استفاده کردی؟

Majid: Actually, I haven't. But I've heard that using a good dictionary can really help me learn English better.

مجید: ی در واقع نه تا حالا استفاده نکرده ام. اما من شنیده ام که استفاده کردن از یک دیکشنری خوب میتونه در یادگیری بهتر زبان خیلی به من کمک کنه.

Mr. Iranmehr: That's right. First, I recommend a learner's dictionary.

آقای ایرانمهر: ی درسته. در مرحله ی اول من به تو یک دیکشنری یاد گیرنده را توصیه میکنم.

Majid: What is a learner's dictionary?

مجید: ی دیکشنری یاد گیرنده چیه؟

Mr. Iranmehr: It is designed for foreign students. It also helps them learn English better.

آقای ایرانمهر: ی این دیکشنری برای دانش آموزان خارجی طراحی شده است. همچنین به آنها کمک می کند که بهتر انگلیسی را یاد بگیرند.

Majid: Is there only one type of it?

مجید: ی فقط یک نوع از آن وجود دارد؟

Mr. Iranmehr: No, in fact dictionaries have different types, levels, and sizes.

آقای ایرانمهر: ی نه، در واقع دیکشنری ها انواع و سطوح و اندازه های متفاوتی دارند.

Majid: What type do you suggest?

مجید: ی کدام نوع را شما پیشنهاد میکنید؟

Mr. Iranmehr: I suppose a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you, because you can find word information in English.

آقای ایرانمهر: ی من احساس میکنم دیکشنری یک زبانه برای تو مفیدتر خواهد بود زیرا تو میتونی که اطلاعاتی در مورد لغات را به انگلیسی پیدا کنی.

Majid: And what about levels?

مجید: ی در مورد سطح ها چطور؟

Mr. Iranmehr: Well, there are usually three levels: elementary, intermediate and advanced. For you as a high school student, an elementary one is OK.

آقای ایرانمهر: ی خوب معمولاً سه سطح وجود دارد: ابتدایی، متوسط و پیشرفته. برای تو به عنوان دانش آموز دبیرستانی سطح ابتدایی مناسب است.

Majid: Do I need a small size one?

مجید: ی آیا من به سایز کوچیکش نیاز دارم؟

Mr. Iranmehr: Yes, a pocket dictionary. You can carry it wherever you go.

آقای ایرانمهر: ی بله یک دیکشنری جیبی. تو میتونی اونو هر جا دلت خواست ببری.

Majid: Oh, it's very good. And hmm..., is it expensive? مجید: ی آه این خیلی عالیه. و ... آیا قیمتش زیاده؟

Mr. Iranmehr: No, such dictionaries are not expensive. By the way, you can use a free online dictionary, too. And also, there are some free dictionaries for PCs and apps for smart phones.

آقای ایرانمهر: ی نه چنین دیکشنری هایی گران قیمت نیستند. همچنین تو میتونی از دیکشنری آنلاین رایگان هم استفاده کنی. و همچنین دیکشنری های دیگری برای کامپیوترهای شخصی و نرم افزار هایی برای گوشی هوشمند وجود دارند.

Majid: Thanks, that's a good idea, but I'd like to use a pocket dictionary!

مجید: ی ممنونم، ایده ی خوبیه، اما من دوست دارم از دیکشنری جیبی استفاده کنم

ترجمه ریدینگ درس دوم صفحات ۵۲-۵۳

چگونه از دیکشنری استفاده کنیم How to Use a Dictionary

A good dictionary gives the user information about words such as spellings, pronunciations and definitions. It also gives examples of how to use the words in sentences correctly. Therefore, it is essential to know how to use a dictionary. In this lesson, we provide you with some helpful tips on how to use a dictionary effectively.

یک دیکشنری خوب اطلاعاتی در باره ی کلمات از قبیل املاء ها و تلفظ ها و معانی را به استفاده کننده می دهند. همچنین مثال هایی را برای نشان دادن اینکه چگونه آنها را به طور صحیح در کلمه استفاده کنند، را نیز میدهند. بنابراین مهمه که بدانیم چطور از دیکشنری استفاده کنیم. در این درس، ما برای شما نکات مفیدی را در رابطه با استفاده موثرتر از دیکشنری فراهم کرده ایم.

1. Choose the Right Dictionary. There are many different types of dictionaries such as learner's dictionaries, general dictionaries, picture dictionaries, etc. Therefore, first identify your needs. Without choosing the right one you cannot meet your language needs.

1. دیکش نیی درس یت را انتخاب کنید. یانواع مختلفی از دیکشنری ها وجود دارند از قبیل دیکشنری یادگیرنده، دیکشنری های عمومی، دیکشنری های تصویری و بنابراین در ابتدا نیازهای خود را مشخص کنید. بدون انتخاب دیکشنری مناسب، شما نمی توانید نیازهای زبانتان را برطرف نمایید.

2. Read the Introduction. The best way to learn how to use your dictionary effectively is to read its introduction. This section explains issues like how entries are arranged, what information is offered in entries and what abbreviations and pronunciation symbols are used throughout the entries.

2. مقدمه را بخوانید. بهترین راه برای اینکه بدانید چطور موثرتر از دیکشنریتان استفاده کنید این است که مقدمه را بخوانید. این بخش، مسائلی همانند اینکه با چه ترتیبی کلمات چیده شده اند، چه اطلاعاتی در مورد لغات ارائه شده و چه علائم اختصاری و نشانه های تلفظی برای آن لغات به کار برده شده را توضیح می دهد.

3. Learn the Abbreviations. Different types of abbreviations are often used in the definitions for a word. This can be confusing if you do not know what the abbreviations stand for.

3. علائم اختصاری را یاد بگیرد. اغلب اختصارات متفاوتی برای معنی یک لغت به کار برده میشود. اگر شما این اختصارات را ندانید ممکن برای شما گیج کننده باشد.

4. Learn the Guide to Pronunciation. If you immediately jump into using the dictionary without understanding the pronunciation guide, it can be difficult to figure it out.

4. راهنمای تلفظ را یاد بگیرید. اگر شما سریعاً قبل از یادگیری راهنمای تلفظ به سراغ استفاده کردن از دیکشنری بروید، فهمیدن آن برایتان سخت خواهد بود.

5. Read the Guide Words. These are the two words at the top of each page that show the first and last entries on the page. These words will help you find the word you are looking for in the right letter section.

5. کلمات راهنما را بخوانید. در بالای هر صفحه، دو کلمه وجود دارد که کلمه ی اول و کلمه آخر ثبت شده در صفحه را نشان می دهد. اینها به شما در پیدا کردن کلمه ای که میخواهید در بخش مناسب حرف کمک می کنند.

6. Read the Definitions. Once you find an entry, you can find the exact meaning of the word, its pronunciation, part of speech, synonyms, antonyms, and probably its origin.

6. معنای را بخوانید. وقتی شما لغتی را پیدا کردید، میتوانید معنای دقیق آن کلمه، تلفظش، نقش آن کلمه در جمله، مترادف ها، متضادها و احتمالاً ریشه آن را پیدا کنید.

7. Look for Collocations. Learning the meaning of a single word is not usually enough. Through sentence examples, try to learn 'words in combination' to expand your vocabulary.

7. دنبال کلمات همنش را نیت بگردید. یادگرفتن معنای یک کلمه کافی نیست. در خلال مثال های جمله ای سعی کنید کلمات ترکیبی را یاد بگیرید تا دایره لغاتتان گسترش پیدا کند.

ترجمه ریدینگ کتاب کار

Reading (Workbook: Page 28 - 29)

A dictionary is a book which explains the meanings of words and expressions. You can find words easily because dictionaries put them in alphabetical order. The word 'dictionary' comes from the Latin 'dictio' ('saying').

دیکشنری یک کتاب است که معنای لغات و اصطلاحات را توضیح میدهد. شما می توانید کلمات را به راحتی پیدا کنید برای اینکه دیکشنری ها آن ها را با ترتیب الفبا قرار داده اند. کلمه دیکشنری از کلمات لاتین "عبارت" "گفتن" گرفته شده است.

There are several types of dictionaries. Dictionaries which explain words and how they are used; dictionaries which translate words from one language to another; dictionaries of biography which tell about famous people; and technical dictionaries which explain the meanings of technical words.

انواع مختلفی از دیکشنری ها وجود دارند. دیکشنری هایی که کلمات و چگونگی استفاده از آن ها را توضیح میدهند، دیکشنری هایی که کلمات را از یک زبان به زبان دیگر ترجمه می کنند، دیکشنری زندگینامه که درباره ی افراد مشهور هستند، و دیکشنری های فنی که معنای کلمه های فنی را توضیح می دهند.

Dictionaries which explain what words mean give a clear 'definition' of them. A good dictionary also gives more information about words. For instance, it explains how they are pronounced. Usually the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) is used for this purpose.

دیکشنری هایی که توضیح میدهند کلمات به چه معنا هستند و تعریف روشنی از آنها را بیان می کنند. یک دیکشنری خوب همچنین اطلاعات بیشتری را در باره ی کلمات میدهد. برای مثال توضیح میدهد که آن ها چگونه تلفظ میشوند. معمولاً الفبای آوایی بین المللی برای این هدف استفاده میشود.

There are also dictionaries which translate words into other languages. Very often one volume translates both ways; for example, half of the book is from English to Persian and the other half from Persian to English.

همچنین دیکشنری هایی وجود دارند که کلمات را از زبانی به زبان دیگر ترجمه می کنند. به ندرت پیش می آید که یک جلد با هر دو روش ترجمه کند، برای مثال، نصف کتاب ترجمه ی انگلیسی به فارسی است و نصف کتاب ترجمه فارسی به انگلیسی.

When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning.

وقتی از دیکشنری برای دانستن اینکه چگونه باید چیزی را به زبان دیگر گفت استفاده شود، شخص باید مراقب باشد که معنای درست را انتخاب کند.

A word like 'right' has several meanings in English, for example, 'correct' and 'the opposite of left'. A word like 'present' may be used as an adjective, meaning 'not absent', as a noun, meaning 'gift' or as a verb, meaning 'give'. Words with different meanings exist in other languages, too. A good dictionary lists all the meanings of words to help people find the meaning that they look for.

Right معنای متفاوتی در انگلیسی دارد، برای مثال "درست و صحیح" و "مخالف چپ". کلمه ای مانند هدیه

کلمه ای مانند ممکن است به عنوان صفت به معنای غائب نبودن استفاده شود، در جایگاه اسم به معنای کادو، یا به عنوان فعل به معنی ارائه دادن به کار برده شود. کلمات با معنای متفاوت نیز در زبان های دیگر وجود دارد. یک دیکشنری خوب تمامی معنای یک کلمه را مینویسد. که به مردم برای پیدا کردن معنایی که به دنبالش میگردند، کمک کند.

A complete dictionary also tells you about the origin of words and the story behind them. For example, the words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar' and 'paradise' entered English from Persian.

یک دیکشنری کامل همچنین درباره ی ری شه ی یک کلمه و داستانی که در پس آن است به شما می گوید. برای مثال کلماتی مانند پیژامه ، بازار و بهشت از فارسی به انگلیسی وارد شده اند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۵۷ متن گرامر

The first Persian dictionary which is still published was compiled more than 900 years ago. Loghat-e Fors was made by Asadi Tusi who was a famous poet in the 5th century. The list of entries has been arranged according to the final letters of the words. There are example sentences which were taken from poetry. The dictionary has synonyms and explanations that were used by young poets. This dictionary has been used widely by the poets who lived after Asadi Tusi. Many words have been added to the first dictionary which Asadi compiled. The dictionary has been published several times and is a valuable treasure of Persian language.

اولین فرهنگ لغت فارسی که هنوز منتشر می شود، تدوین شد بیش از ۹۰۰ سال پیش. لغت فورس ساخته اسدی طوسی است که در قرن پنجم شاعر معروفی بود. لیست لغات مدخل دارد بر اساس حروف پایانی کلمات مرتب شده است. وجود دارد جملات نمونه که از شعر گرفته شده است. لغت نامه مترادف ها و توضیحاتی دارد که شاعران جوان از آن استفاده کرده اند. این فرهنگ لغت بطور گسترده مورد استفاده شاعران پس از اسدی طوسی بوده است. لغات زیادی به اولین فرهنگ لغت اسدی که توسط تدوین شد، اضافه شده است. فرهنگ لغت چندین بار منتشر شده است و گنجینه ارزشمند زبان فارسی میباشد.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۴ متن نوشتار

Oceans and lakes have much in common, but they are also quite different. Both are bodies of water, but oceans are very large bodies of salt water, while lakes are much smaller bodies of fresh water. Lakes are usually surrounded by land, while oceans are what surround continents. Both have plants and animals living in them. The ocean is home to the largest animals on the planet, whereas lakes support much smaller forms of life.

اقیانوس ها و دریاچه ها اشتراکات زیادی دارند، اما کاملاً هم ناهمسان هستند. هر دو توده آبی هستند، اما اقیانوس ها توده های بسیار بزرگی از آب شور هستند، در حالی که دریاچه ها حجم بسیار کوچتری از آب شیرین هستند. دریاچه ها معمولاً توسط خشکی احاطه شده اند، در حالی که اقیانوس ها آن چیزی هستند که اطراف قاره ها را احاطه کرده اند. هر دو دارای گیاهان و حیواناتی هستند که در آنها زندگی می کنند. اقیانوس زیستگاه بزرگترین حیوانات روی کره زمین است، در حالی که دریاچه ها از اشکال کوچکتر حیات حمایت می کنند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۶ متن نوشتار

Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. They live in anthills. Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summers they collect food for the winter season. Whenever they find a sweet on the floor, they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home. Thus, in this way, they clean the floor. Ants are generally red and black in colour. They have two eyes and six legs. They are social insects.

مورچه ها در همه جای دنیا یافت می شوند. خانه خود را می سازند در ساختمان ها، باغ ها و غیره. آنها در تپه های مورچه ای زندگی می کنند. مورچه ها خیلی حشرات سخت کوشی هستند. در طول تابستان آنها غذا جمع آوری می کنند برای فصل زمستان. هر وقت شیرینی روی زمین پیدا کردند، به شیرینی می چسبند و به خانه خود می برند. بنابراین، به این ترتیب، آنها کف اتاق را تمیز می کنند. مورچه ها عموماً قرمز و مشکی رنگ هستند. آنها دو چشم و شش پا دارند. آنها حشرات اجتماعی هستند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۶ متن نوشتار

The stars are tiny points of light in the space. On a clear night we can see around 2,000 to 3,000 stars without using a telescope. Stars look tiny in the sky because they are far away from the Earth. In ancient times the sky watchers found patterns of stars in the sky.

ستاره ها نقاط ریز نوری در فضا هستند. در یک شب صاف می توانیم بین ۲۰۰۰ تا ۳۰۰۰ ستاره را بدون استفاده از تلسکوپ ببینیم. ستارگان در آسمان کوچک به نظر می رسند زیرا از زمین دور هستند. در زمان های قدیم، ناظران آسمان الگوهای از ستارگان را در آسمان یافتند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۷ متن نوشتار

An online dictionary is one that is available on the Internet or World Wide Web and is accessed through a Web browser using a computer or a mobile device, primarily by typing a term into a search box on the site. Online dictionaries offer immediate, direct access through large databases to a word's spelling and meanings, plus a host of information, including its spellings, pronunciation, and origin, etc.

فرهنگ لغت آنلاین، فرهنگ لغتی است که در اینترنت یا وب جهانی در دسترس است و از طریق مرورگر وب با استفاده از رایانه یا دستگاه تلفن همراه، عمدتاً با تایپ یک عبارت در کادر جستجوی سایت، قابل دسترسی است. لغت نامه های آنلاین دسترسی مستقیم و فوری از طریق پایگاه های داده بزرگ به املا و معانی یک کلمه، به علاوه مجموعه ای از اطلاعات، از جمله املا، تلفظ، و منشأ آن و غیره را ارائه می دهند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۷ متن نوشتار

A hearing device is available for some people suffering from hearing loss. This device uses a magnet. Like other aids, it converts sounds into vibrations and transmits them directly to the magnet, and then to the inner ear, producing a clearer sound. The device helps those with a hearing loss caused by infection or other problems in the middle ear.

برای برخی از افرادی که از کم شنوایی رنج می برند یک دستگاه شنوایی در دسترس است. این دستگاه از آهنربا استفاده می کند. مانند سایر وسایل کمکی، صداها را به ارتعاش تبدیل می کند و آنها را مستقیماً به آهنربا و سپس به گوش داخلی منتقل می کند و صدای واضح تری تولید می کند. این دستگاه به افرادی که کم شنوایی ناشی از عفونت یا سایر مشکلات گوش میانی دارند کمک می کند.

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۹ قسمت A

Sometimes it is fun to think about things that will never happen. We can ask ourselves questions that don't have any real answers. For instance, we can think what would I do, if I had a time machine to travel with right now? Some people may say I would visit the past if I had that machine, or I would visit the future to see the world and people of the future. Maybe you have thought about this: what would I do, if I had this ability to talk to animals? What would I say? Some people would prefer to talk with cats or birds, but some would not like the idea. They would feel frightened!

گاهی اوقات فکر کردن به چیزهایی که هرگز اتفاق نمی افتد لذت بخش است. ما می توانیم از خود سوالاتی بپرسیم که پاسخ واقعی ندارند. برای مثال، می توانیم فکر کنیم، اگر یک ماشین زمان برای سفر در حال حاضر داشتم، چه کار می کردم؟ ممکن است بعضی ها بگویند اگر آن ماشین را داشتم از گذشته دیدن می کردم یا از آینده دیدن می کردم تا ببینم جهان و مردم آینده را. شاید به این فکر کرده باشید: اگر این توانایی را داشتم که با حیوانات صحبت کنم، چه کار می کردم؟ چه می گفتم؟ برخی از مردم ترجیح می دهند با گربه ها یا پرندگان صحبت کنند، اما برخی این ایده را دوست ندارند. آنها احساس ترس می کنند!

درس ۲ صفحه: ۶۹ قسمت B

Have you ever thought of superhuman? What abilities would you like to have if you had superhuman powers? Some may say, "I would like to fly if I had superhuman powers." Others may say, "I would like to be very strong to help people." Some may say, "I would like to be invisible or read people's minds." What about you? Would you like to be able to do these? Think of being an astronaut; where would you like to go?

آیا تا به حال به ابرانسان فکر کرده اید؟ اگر قدرت های مافوق بشری داشتید دوست داشتید چه توانایی هایی داشته باشید؟ برخی ممکن است بگویند: "اگر قدرت های مافوق بشری داشتم دوست داشتم پرواز کنم." دیگران ممکن است بگویند، "من دوست دارم برای کمک به مردم بسیار قوی باشم." برخی ممکن است بگویند، "دوست دارم نامرئی باشم یا ذهن مردم را بخوانم." تو چطور؟ آیا دوست دارید بتوانید این کارها را انجام دهید؟ به فضانورد بودن فکر کنید. دوست دارید کجا بروید؟

درس ۲ کتاب کار صفحه: ۳۸

Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. They live in anthills. Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summers they collect food for the winter season. Whenever

they find a sweet on the floor, they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home. Thus, in this way, they clean the floor. Ants are generally red and black in colour. They have two eyes and six legs.

They have two eyes and six legs. They are social insects. They live in groups or colonies. Most ants are scavengers; they collect whatever food they can find. They are usually wingless but they develop wings when they reproduce. Their bites are quite painful.

مورچه ها در همه جای دنیا یافت می شوند. خانه خود را می سازند در ساختمان ها، باغ ها و غیره. آنها در تپه های مورچه ای زندگی می کنند. مورچه ها خیلی حشرات سخت کوشی هستند. در طول تابستان آنها غذا جمع آوری می کنند برای فصل زمستان. هر وقت شیرینی روی زمین پیدا کردند، به شیرینی می چسبند و به خانه خود می برند. بنابراین، به این ترتیب، آنها کف اتاق را تمیز می کنند. مورچه ها عموماً قرمز و مشکی رنگ هستند.

آنها دو چشم و شش پا دارند. آنها حشرات اجتماعی هستند. آنها به صورت گروهی یا دسته جمعی زندگی می کنند. بیشتر مورچه ها لاشخور هستند. هر غذایی که پیدا کنند جمع می کنند. آنها معمولاً بدون بال هستند، اما هنگام تولید مثل بال در می آورند. نیش آنها کاملاً دردناک است.

درس ۲ کتاب کار صفحه: ۴۰

Water is the most essential element in our life. We cannot think of life without water. We need water to drink, to wash our bodies and clothes, to cook our food and to grow crops, vegetables and fruits. Water is also essential for animals, birds, insects etc. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale. Nearly 70 percent of our body is water. No living being can exist for long without water, the most valuable liquid. We use oceans, seas, rivers and lakes as waterways to carry goods, passengers, etc. Lack of rain causes droughts. Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.

آب ضروری ترین عنصر در زندگی ماست. ما نمی توانیم به زندگی بدون آب فکر کنیم. ما برای نوشیدن، برای شستن بدن و لباس، پختن غذا و رشد محصولات کشاورزی، سبزیجات و میوه ها به آب نیاز داریم. آب همچنین برای حیوانات، پرندگان، حشرات و غیره ضروری است. ما برای تولید برق در مقیاس بزرگ و تجاری به منابع عظیم آب نیاز داریم. نزدیک به ۷۰ درصد بدن ما آب است. هیچ موجود زنده ای نمی تواند برای مدت طولانی بدون آب، ارزشمندترین مایع، وجود داشته باشد. ما از اقیانوس ها، دریاها، رودخانه ها و دریاچه ها به عنوان آبراه برای حمل کالا، مسافر و ... استفاده می کنیم. کمبود باران باعث خشکسالی می شود. بنابراین، آب برای زندگی و سیاره ما بسیار مهم است.

Part A: Listening

۱- دانش آموز عزیز، در این بخش به فایل صوتی به دقت گوش دهید، سپس جملات صحیح را با (True) و جملات غلط را با (False) مشخص نمایید.

شماره ۱

- | | | |
|---|---------|----------|
| 1- You can use only online dictionaries. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- Dictionaries tell us how to say words in the right way. | a) True | b) False |
| 3- A picture in a dictionary can't help you understand what a word means. | a) True | b) False |
| 4- If we know more words, we can learn more about the world. | a) True | b) False |



۲- دانش آموز عزیز، به مکالمه/فایل زیر با دقت گوش دهید و سپس گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید.

شماره ۲

- 1- Bijan didn't tell Mehran about the problem because
- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| a) it was an emergency | b) it was a secret |
| c) he didn't need any money | d) he had no mobile phone |
- 2- Why has Bijan saved some money?
- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| a) to buy a new pair of shoes | b) to solve his friend's problem |
| c) to help Mehran | d) to buy a new mobile phone |



شماره ۳

- 1- One of Mehran's friends is in and needs some money.
- | | | |
|----------|------------|----------|
| a) shape | b) trouble | c) touch |
|----------|------------|----------|
- 2- Mehran has saved some money to buy
- | | | |
|----------|-----------------|----------|
| a) shoes | b) mobile phone | c) shirt |
|----------|-----------------|----------|
- 3- He couldn't tell Bijan about his friend's problem because it was
- | | | |
|-----------|------------------|--------------|
| a) secret | b) not important | c) emergency |
|-----------|------------------|--------------|
- 4- What Bijan said "A friend in need, is a friend indeed" means, we should our friend.
- | | | |
|--------------|---------|---------|
| a) listen to | b) need | c) help |
|--------------|---------|---------|



Majid: Excuse me Mr. Iranmehr, I'd like some information about a good English dictionary.

Mr. Iranmehr: First, I (1)..... a learner's dictionary.

Majid: What type do you suggest?

Mr. Iranmehr: I suppose a (2)..... dictionary is more suitable for you.

Majid: And what about levels?

Mr. Iranmehr: For you as a high school student, an (3)..... one is OK.

Majid: Do I need a small size one?

Mr. Iranmehr: Yes, a (4)..... dictionary.

Majid: Thanks.



Woman: What type of websites do you often search for?

Man: I (1) entertainment and education websites.

Woman: What do you visit those websites for?

Man: I use them to study (2) or relax after working.

Woman: Can you read websites in English?

Man: Yes, I can. Most (113) websites are written in English.

Woman: What's the most popular website in your country?

Man: I'm not quite sure, but I (4) it would be Wikipedia.org.

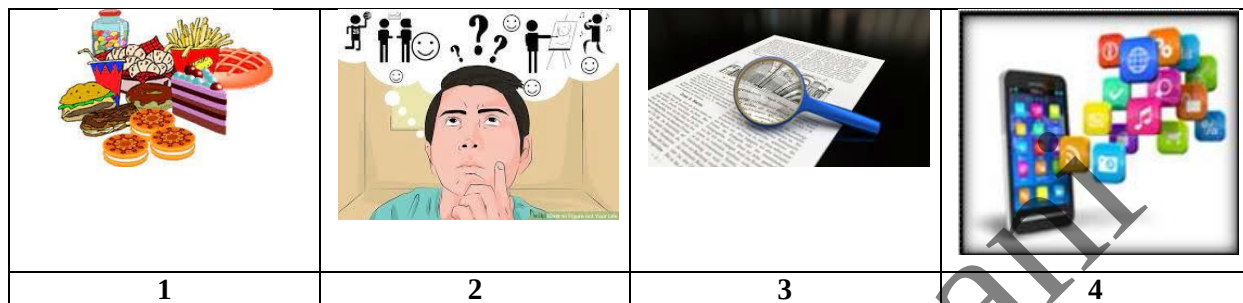


M.R. Ghahramani

Part B: Vocabulary

۱- با توجه به تصاویر داده شده جملات زیر را بخوانید و جمله مناسب برای هر تصویر را انتخاب کنید. (در هر بخش یک جمله اضافی است.)

شماره ۱

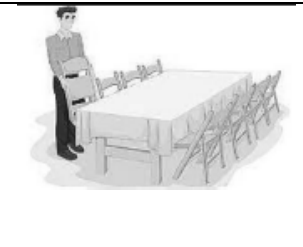


- a. There are lots of free apps that you don't need to pay money to use them.
- b. If you focus the sun's rays through the magnifying glass on a dry leaf, it will start to burn.
- c. Try to avoid foods that contain a lot of fat.
- d. C is the symbol for carbon.
- e. John couldn't figure out what the teacher was talking about.

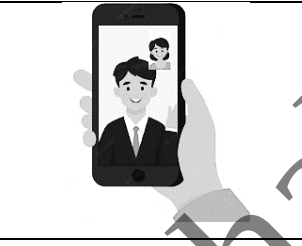
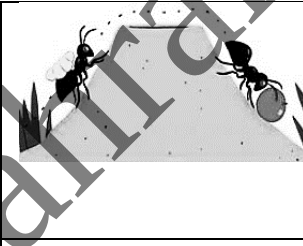
شماره ۲



- a. Try to avoid foods that contain a lot of fat.
- b. Mehran couldn't figure out what the teacher was talking about.
- c. The student circled the dictionary entry for the new word.
- d. You can get an offline dictionary application for your smart phone.
- e. He shouted at me when I didn't do my homework.

			
9	10	11	12

- a. The smallest dictionary in the world needs to be read with a magnifying glass.
- b. I arranged the chairs around the table.
- c. I circled the dictionary entry for the word “purpose”.
- d. I couldn’t figure out how to solve the math problem.
- e. Teenagers who help others are more successful in life.

	
13	14

- a) There are some free dictionaries and apps for PCs.
- b) Videophones let you see the person you are talking to on the phone.
- c) Ants live in anthills and they are found everywhere in the world.

۲- جملات زیر را با کلمات داده شده کامل کنید. (در هر بخش یک کلمه اضافی است.)

effectively / origin / combinations / elementary

- 1- He played his role very
- 2- A: Do you like the season of autumn?
B: Yes, because in autumn the leaves create lovely color
- 3- A complete dictionary tells you about the of words and the story behind them.

combination / introduction / suppose / effectively

- 4- Being able to communicate is one of the most important life skills.
 5- Let us for a moment that the news is really true.
 6- As a great artist, he has used a of paints in his works.

effectively / recommend / introduction / alphabetically

- 7- A: How should we find a book written by a great poet at this library?
 B: The books are arranged by authors' names.
 8- A: What kind of dictionary do you? B: A learner's dictionary.
 9- This book has only a two-page

arrange / compile / effectively / communicative

- 10- We'll need to the chairs around the table.
 11- He wasn't very and kept to himself.
 12- If students know how to study more they'll be able to learn more.

suppose / consider / combination / arrangements

- 13- We should make special for guests with disabilities.
 14- By of yellow and blue, we will have green.
 15- It is not surprising when you that he only arrived six months ago.

entry / suppose / identify / suppose / expand

- 16- To choose the best dictionary, first your needs.
 17- Try to learn words in combination to your vocabulary.
 18- Once you find a/an, you can find the exact meaning of the word.
 19- I'm not sure, but I a smart phone is suitable for you.

۳- برای هر کلمه ی مشخص شده از ستون A یک تعریف از ستون B انتخاب کنید. (در ستون B یک تعریف اضافی است)

شماره ۱

A	B
1- jump into 2- proud 3- figure out	a. feeling pleased about sth that you own or have done b. to find a solution or arrive at an answer to c. an arrangement in a particular order d. to suddenly decide what to do

شماره ۲

A	B
4- advanced 5- recommend 6- symbol	a. something that stands for something else b. opposite of elementary c. to suddenly decide to do something d. tell somebody that something is good

شماره ۳

A	B
7- Scientists work effectively to find new ways to make life easier for us. 8- Try to avoid foods that contain a lot of fat. 9- I did not read the introduction and jumped into the next part.	a. to suddenly decide to do something b. in a way that is successful and achieves what you want c. have something inside d. to put things in a neat, attractive, or useful order

شماره ۴

A	B
10- From the letters X and Y, we can get two combinations: XY and YX. 11- This book has only a two-page introduction. 12- If you know how to study more effectively, you'll be able to learn more.	a. the part at the beginning of a book that gives a general idea of what it is about b. an arrangement in a particular order c. cry suddenly d. in a way that is successful and achieves what you want

A	B
13- They have to arrange the chairs around the table for the party. 14- The teacher recommended a learner's dictionary to his students. 15- They are compiling a dictionary of new words.	a. tell somebody that something is good b. To make a book, list, record, etc c. put things in a neat, attractive, or usual order d. the part at the beginning of a book that gives a general idea of what it is about

A	B
16- I suppose we shouldn't give up trying after a failure. 17- Pizza contains a lot of fat. 18- Children have to learn to communicate effectively.	a. an arrangement in a particular order b. In a way that is successful and achieves what you want c. to think and believe d. to have something inside

A	B
19- There are some helpful tips on how to use a dictionary more effectively. 20- We'll need to arrange the chairs around the table. 21- They really liked the combination of colors in my painting.	a. to put things in a neat, attractive, or useful order b. in a way that is successful and achieves what you want c. To suddenly decide to do something d. an arrangement in a particular order

1- **A:** What did the doctor say? **B:** He asked me to avoid foods that **c**..... a lot of fat.

2- H is the chemical **s**..... for hydrogen.

3- I circled the dictionary **e**..... for the word "purpose".

4- My brother always uses a **m**..... dictionary.

5- This book has only a two-page **i**..... . It is about the writer and his success.

6- Dictionaries are usually in three levels: elementary, **i**..... and advanced.

7- The two words at the top of each page of a dictionary are called **g** words.

8- In order to be healthy, try to avoid foods that **c** a lot of fat.

9- I think O is the **s** for Oxygen. I am not sure!

10- There are some free dictionaries for PCs and apps for **s** phones.

11- You can carry a **p** dictionary wherever you go.



M.R. Ghahramani

Part C: Grammar

۱- گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.

- 1- A: Are the students in this school very clever? B: Of course, not all of them.
a) that studies b) whom study c) who study d) whom they study
- 2- The train he catches early in the morning is not very crowded.
a) whom b) which c) who d) whose
- 3- I did not read the introduction and jumped the next part.
a) into b) on c) up d) over
- 4- What you do if you were my father?
a) would b) will c) may d) had
- 5- The book you want isn't available now.
a) whose b) who c) which d) whom
- 6- The woman my sister met in the hospital is a nurse.
a) where b) what c) which d) whom
- 7- She was the person everyone regarded as trustworthy.
a) which b) when c) whom d) whose
- 8- My father might buy a new car if some more dollars by the family.
a) could save b) were saved c) had saved d) were saving
- 9- A: Where is his car?
B: The car is parked there belongs to him.
a) which b) when c) whom d) whose
- 10- A: Can she get a good mark now?
B: No, but she could get a good score if she more.
a) have studied b) studied c) studies d) would study
- 11- A: Are you writing the letter to your father?
B: No, My brother is writing the letter I will send to my father tomorrow.
a) where b) who c) which d) whom
- 12- My parents healthier if they lived in a village.
a) can be b) would be c) are d) must be
- 13- My mother found the keys I lost last week.
a) when b) whom c) which d) who
- 14- If the old man had his glasses, he the paper easily.
a) can read b) was reading c) could read d) read

15- A: What did the students want to do?

B: They wanted to talk to the teacher Ali met before.

- a) whom b) when c) where d) which

16- A: What did she do last Friday?

B: She watched the film was very interesting.

- a) whom b) who c) where d) which

17- A: I do not have a good job and cannot earn enough money.

B: If you had a good job, you a lot of money.

- a) will earn b) were earned c) earned d) could earn

18- The woman you met yesterday is coming to dinner.

- a) whom b) when c) where d) which

19- A: What did you find?

B: I found the keys I lost yesterday.

- a) which b) who c) where d) whom

20- A: This question is very hard, and I can't solve it.

B: If our friends came here, we them for help.

- a) may ask b) were asked c) could ask d) were asking

21- If John were home, he the car himself.

- a) fixed b) may fix c) fixes d) could fix

22- Do you know the man lives at No. 9?

- a) which b) whom c) where d) who

23- The woman my sister met in the hospital is a nurse.

- a) which b) whom c) whose d) where

24- A dictionary is a useful book gives you the meaning of words.

- a) whom b) that it c) which d) which it

25- The boy you invited arrived very late.

- a) which b) whom c) who d) whose

26- The woman yesterday is coming to dinner.

- a) that you met her b) who you met her c) whom met d) whom you met

27- If he stronger, he you carry the piano.

- a) was / could be helped b) were / would help
c) were / helped d) is / would help

28- The old man wasn't very and kept to himself.

- a) communicate b) communication c) communicative d) to communicate

29- Scientists believe that hot weather is often the crops.

- a) endanger b) endangering c) endangered d) dangers

30- He is not very, thus he doesn't feel comfortable to talk to people.

- a) communicatively b) communicate c) communication d) communicative

31- My job has become difficult because of my illness.

- a) increasingly b) increase c) increasing d) increases

32- That black car over there is the one bought last week.

- a) who I b) which it c) whom it d) that I

۲- شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز را در جای خالی بنویسید.

1- A: Which man is your father?

B: The man glasses.

(to wear)

2- A: What would you do if you were me?

B: I him the truth.

(to tell)

3- If we found two hundred dollars, we it to the police station.

(to give)

4- His job became difficult because of his illness.

(increase)

5- They would travel all over the world if they rich.

(be)

6- My brother wouldn't earn a lot of money if he a good job.

(not- get)

7- I passed my final exam because I well.

(to study)

8- If Mina got a bad score, she upset.

(to be)

Babak: I met Javid this morning.

Ali: Do you know Javid's birthday is this Friday? You (9) (invite) to his birthday party, haven't you?

Babak: No, nothing (10) (say) about it while I was talking to him.

Ali: He may call you tomorrow. He always (11) (decide) to do things at the last moment, doesn't he?

Babak: You are right! But if he told us sooner, we (12) (choose) a better gift to buy.

Ali: Exactly!

۳- با استفاده از کلمات در هم ریخته زیر، یک جمله معنا دار بنویسید.

1- I / she / the ruler / has / which / last week / lost / bought / . /

2- famous / lives / the woman / professor / next door / is / who / a / . /

3- watching/ bought/ her father/ is/ the DVD/ has/ she/ that / . /

4- very fast / the dog / is / can / which / runs / brown / . /

5- more free time / Mina / would / had / help / you / if / she / with your homework / . /

6- bought / the students / which / their teacher / some / useful / suggested / books / . /

7- talking / to the neighbors / the woman / bought / that apartment / who / was / in the yard / . /

8- fix / the car / if / were / John/ at home/ could / he / . /

9- a good runner / to practice / could be / if / free time / had / he / John / more / . /

10- work / some workers / who /and teachers/ in the village / there are / .

11- the car / were at home / if / he / could / fix / John / . /

12- John/ he/ if / more time / had / could rest / . /

13- you / if / They / a house / would buy / they were / . /

14- My sister/ she/ if / her room / were at home / would clean / . /

15- weren't raining / if / do / What / it / would you / ? /

16- you / if / feel healthier / would / stopped smoking / you / . /

17- lives / was drinking / which / milk / the cat / near us / . /

۴- با توجه به تصویر داده شده و ضمایر موصولی (who, whom, which) جمله زیر را کامل نمایید.

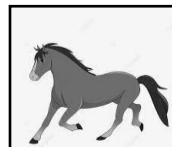
1- A pigeon is a bird



2- An ostrich is a bird



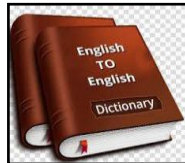
3- A horse is an animal



4- They bought a house.....



5- I bought a dictionary.....



6- Elephants are the largest animals



7- A doctor is a person



8- A forest is a place



9- The little girl has a beautiful dress.



10- The boy yesterday was very sad.



(to break)

11- The man last Friday was my brother.



(to fix)

۵- با توجه به عبارت داخل پرانتز، جمله شرطی زیر را کامل کنید.

- If I had a time machine,

(travel to the future)

Lesson 2

Part D: Reading

۱- (متن کوتاه) متن هر قسمت را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم، بهترین گزینه را انتخاب کنید.

The best way to learn how to use your dictionary effectively is to read its introduction. This section explains issues like how entries are arranged, what information is offered in entries and what abbreviations and pronunciation symbols are used throughout the entries.

1- The introduction section in dictionaries doesn't explain

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| a) word arrangement | b) word information |
| c) entry abbreviations | d) symbol pronunciation |

Sharks are not all the same. In fact, there are nearly 400 different kinds. Most sharks never attack people. Only a special group of sharks can be dangerous. They kill an average of forty people every year. Let's compare sharks with snakes. Snakes kill about 60,000 people every year. And let's not forget that people kill 25,000,000 sharks every year.

2- We can understand from the above paragraph that

- | | |
|--|--|
| a) snakes are more dangerous than sharks | b) all groups of sharks are dangerous |
| c) sharks are more dangerous than snakes | d) most dangerous snakes never attack people |

3- Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summer, they collect food for the winter season. Whenever they find a sweet lying on the floor, they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home.

- Ants carry sweet to their home all seasons.
- In summer, ants work hard to collect food for winter.
- Ants collect food in winter to eat in summer.
- When ants work hard in winter, they find sweet in summer.

4- The size of the smallest dictionary in the world is about 27×18 mm which needs to be read with a magnifying glass.

- Some dictionaries can be magnified to the size of the world.
- The size of all small dictionaries in the world is about 27×18 mm.
- Without a magnifying glass, the world smallest dictionary cannot be read.
- A magnifying glass with 27×18 mm size can only help us to read dictionaries.

It is very important for students to know how to use a dictionary because a dictionary gives the users a lot of information. Here you can find some helpful tips to use a dictionary well.

Choose the Right Dictionary. There are many different types of dictionaries such as learner's dictionaries, general dictionaries and etc. Therefore, first identify your needs. Without choosing the right one you cannot meet your language needs.

Read the Definitions. Once you find an entry, you can find the exact meaning of the word, its pronunciation, part of speech, synonyms, antonyms, and probably its origin.

Learn the Abbreviations. Different types of abbreviations are often used in the definitions for a word. This can be confusing if you do not know what the abbreviations stand for.

True/ False

- 1- According to the passage, there is only one type of good dictionary. a) True b) False
2- Dictionary users should know their needs. a) True b) False

Choose the best answer.

- 3- You can find the exact meaning of a word when you find its
a) learner's dictionary b) entry c) part of speech d) origin
4- If the user does not know what the abbreviations stand for, it will be to understand it.
a) confusing b) boring c) surprising d) easy

متن شماره ۲

Many Scientists believe some kinds of technology are harmful to your health. For example, they say that mobile phones should be used as little as possible. They think it is better to be careful about using mobile phones. A lot of scientists believe they are harmful and bad specially for children.

In fact, researches show that mobile phones could kill more people than smoking. They can cause headaches, tiredness, and memory loss in some people. We have so much technology now; there are 24-hour televisions, computers, online games, phones and so on. Technology can be dangerous if you spend a lot of your time for using it.

You should not keep electrical devices in your bedroom when you are sleeping because they can cause sleep problems. It is important to have no electric items in your bed. If you cannot do without them, make sure you do not have a computer or mobile in your bedroom or at least make sure that they are turned off. You should use your mobile phone for limited amount of time each day because they can cause brain problems if they are used for a long time over the years. Always remember that your health is very important as you might find you are unable to return good health once you have lost it.

True/False

- 1- According to the passage, mobile phones are not very harmful for children. a) True b) False
2- Mobile phones can cure memory loss in some people. a) True b) False

Answer the following questions.

- 3- What are some examples of technology?
4- Why should you use your mobile phone for limited time?

There are many languages in the world, some of which may seem harder to learn for second or foreign learners. But which is the most difficult language to learn? Well, it's not easy to reply because there are many factors to discuss.

A native speaker of French, for example, will find English easier to learn than Chinese, because English is very similar to French, while Chinese is very different. As a result, first Language can affect learning a second language. The greater the differences between the second language and the first, the harder it will be to learn. Many people answer that Chinese is the hardest language to learn, possibly influenced by the thought of learning the Chinese writing system. Besides, the pronunciation of Chinese does appear to be very difficult for many foreign learners. However, for Japanese speakers, who already use Chinese letters in their own language, learning writing will be less difficult than for speakers of languages using the Roman alphabet.

Teachers and the conditions in which the language is learned also play an important role, as well as each learner's motivation for learning. If people learn a language because they need to use it for a living, they often learn it faster than people who study a language that has no direct use in their day to day life.

Read the questions and choose the best choice.

1- The word "it" in paragraph 2 line 4 refers to

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| a) learning first language | b) second language |
| c) difference of languages | d) Chinese language |

2- Hardness of learning a language can depend on

- a) how different it is from one's mother tongue
- b) whether it is French or English
- c) whether you are learning Japanese or Chinese
- d) how long it takes to master pronunciation

True / False

3- Being familiar with writing system of the second language makes it harder to learn.

a) True

b) False

4- The reason behind learning a language can slow down or speed up learning.

a) True

b) False

Answer the following questions.

5- Which language is easier for French people to learn, English or Chinese? Why?

6- Why does a Japanese speaker find the Chinese writing system less difficult?

Note-taking is a necessary part of the language learning. It helps students learn, keep, and remember information. Taking notes make them think differently about the subject; it requires the learners to look at things differently. It also helps them pay attention during the class because they are actively listening and experiencing in the classroom. Not only do the students meet their needs by taking good notes in English classes, but everyone should find note-taking as the best way to work with written and spoken texts. Taking notes let learners check interesting points from what they are researching, reading or listening to. Writing some parts in their own words, also called note-making, makes everything clear for the note takers when looking back at the text. It is a much better learning technique than just depending on your own memory. Remember that word-for-word note-taking can hurt systematic thinking as it takes away the time of explaining ideas through examples and pictures by just writing down facts without context. It is why Isaac Newton said that he did great things just because he was sitting in the great men's classes and taking notes.

True / False

- 1- Note-taking makes learners different in thinking.
2- You should write in your own words when taking notes.

- a) True b) False
a) True b) False

Choose the best answer.

- 3- Which of the following is **NOT** true about note-taking?

- a) It helps learners check interesting points
c) It helps learners pay attention during class

- b) It is used for written and spoken texts
d) It depends on your memory

- 4- According to the passage, word-for-word note-taking can hurt systematic thinking because

- a) it explains ideas through pictures
c) it is writing down facts without context

- b) it takes away the time of people
d) it depends on active listening

Answer the following questions.

- 5- Why did Isaac Newton do great things?
6- Why does note-taking help students pay attention during the class?

متن شماره ۵

For English teachers, a dictionary is essential for any teaching program and needs to be used carefully. A dictionary is the basic thing for any language class. The most important thing that a student should know is how to use it. A student needs to have at least three dictionaries available to learn English properly. The first one should be a bilingual dictionary that covers words in the native language as well as in English. The second one should be a monolingual dictionary that gives word information in English. The third one should be a native language dictionary.

When teaching begins, learners will use a bilingual dictionary for simple translations. Monolingual dictionaries are also necessary pieces of language learning studies, because they provide learners with definitions, pronunciations, etc. The problem becomes hard with studies when the students do not fully understand the words **they** are translating, and they get confused. Teachers know that they should clear up the confusion quickly before they jump into to the next lesson. When the students enter a more advanced level, they must have a native language dictionary that relates to their own language. When they do not understand the meaning of a translated word in their own native language, they can use this dictionary to figure it out.

True / False

- 1- A dictionary is the basic thing for any language class.
2- Students must have more than four dictionaries to learn English

- a) True b) False
a) True b) False

Choose the best answer.

- 3- What is the main idea of the text?

- a) Dictionaries are essential for language learning.
b) Bilingual dictionaries are the most important types of dictionaries.
c) All of the students cannot figure out what they read.
d) Monolingual dictionaries are the most expensive dictionaries.

- 4- What does the underlined word "**they**" in paragraph 2 refer to?

- a) problems b) teachers c) dictionaries d) students

Answer the questions.

- 5- When should teachers clear up students' confusion?
6- What must the students have when they enter a more advanced level?

A good dictionary gives the user information about words such as spellings, pronunciations and definitions. It also gives examples of how to use the words in sentences correctly. Therefore, it is essential to know how to use a dictionary. In this text, we provide you with some helpful tips on how to use a dictionary effectively.

1. **Read the Guide Words.** These are the two words at the top of each page that show the first and last entries on the page. These words will help you find the word you are looking for in the right letter section.
2. **Read the Definitions.** Once you find an entry, you can find the exact meaning of the word, its pronunciation, part of speech, synonyms, antonyms, and probably its origin.
3. **Look for collocations.** Learning the meaning of a single word is not usually enough. Through sentence examples, try to learn collocations to expand your vocabulary.

True / False

- 1- The passage says that good dictionaries give information about how to buy a dictionary. a) True b) False
- 2- It is necessary to know how to use a dictionary. a) True b) False

Choose the best answer.

- 3- According to the passage, are the two words at the top of each page that show the first and last entries on the page.
a) definitions b) guide words c) pronunciations d) spellings

Complete the following sentences.

- 4- When you find a/an, you can find the exact meaning of the word, its pronunciation, part of speech and many other things.
- 5- The passage says that you should try to learn to expand your vocabulary.

متن شماره 7

Although you might not like ants when they get in your food or get into your home, ants are interesting tiny insects and do help the environment. They are advanced social insects, because they live in highly organized large colonies where each group has complicated important relationships with many others. The queen ant has wings and its primary function is to lay eggs. The other female ants are called workers. They build the anthill, find food and even act as soldiers. The soldier ants protect the queen, defend the colony and attack enemy colonies in search of food.

Ants don't have ears. Ants hear by feeling vibrations in the ground through their feet. They can carry things 20 times heavier than their own body weight. The muscle arrangement in an ant gives it great strength allowing it to carry heavy things toward the entry point of the anthill. Their colonies can contain millions of ants. When a queen ant dies, the entire colony usually dies within a few months. Although many people may suppose that ants aren't dangerous, scientists have compiled a list of them which can hurt. For instance, there is a kind of ant in Australia that has a bite and can kill a person.

True / False

- 1- All ants are dangerous for human. a) True b) False
- 2- Ants are social insects and do help the environment. a) True b) False

Choose the best answer.

- 3- Which of the following is **NOT** true about soldier ants?
a) They take care of the queen. b) They help to defend the colony.
c) They find food for the colony. d) They are very strong and big.
- 4- According to the passage, the colony may continue to exist for a few months
a) when they obey the queen ant b) when they carry heavy things
c) when they lose the queen ant d) when attack enemy colonies

Answer the following question.

- 5- How do ants hear?

Part D: Writing

۱- برای هر کدام از پاراگراف های زیر یک Topic Sentence بنویسید.

1- Doctors _____. They lead a hard life. They have a lot to do. They get up early in the morning and go to the hospital. They work without taking a break. Since doctors work so hard, we must realize their value.

2- Fruits _____. Most of them have a good taste. They are really delicious. Examples of fruits are apples, oranges and bananas. Fruits have many vitamins and minerals, including Vitamin C, Vitamin E, and Potassium. For these reasons, it is a good idea to eat lots of fruits to stay healthy.

3- Forests _____. We depend on forests for our survival, from the air we breathe to the wood we use. Besides providing habitats for animals and livelihoods for humans, forests also offer watershed protection, and climate change.

4- Reading _____. Unlike sitting in front of the TV, reading makes you use your brain. It also gives you a view into other cultures and places in the world. Besides, it improves your concentration and helps you have something to talk about.

5- Nature _____. In order to connect to the nature, you can go outside and choose a quiet place, whether it is a forest, or grassland, lake or mountain. You will find how relaxing it is to just sit and enjoy the natural sounds of the woods, leaves or birds. You can also feel free from all the pressure you have in crowded cities in your daily life. Nature is really the world's wonderful gift.

6- Plants _____. There are some plants which grow inside a house. They are cared for each day with water and sunlight. On the other hand, there are some other types which grow with no care from Human. These plants are easily found in nature. You can simply see different kinds of plants throughout the world, on every continent. Some of them can only live in a few environments, while others can live in almost any condition.

7- Vitamin D _____. It is used by the body to form strong bones and teeth. That is why growing children need it. It is called sunshine vitamin. Long before people knew what vitamin D was, they learned that sunshine was important. As a result, it is a good idea to eat kinds of food with Vitamin D or to have more sunshine to stay healthy.

8- Smoking _____. It increases the risk of death among the people who smoke. The risk of dying from smoking has increased over the last 50 years in the world. For example, smoking causes cancer deaths. So, if people want to be healthy, they must avoid smoking.

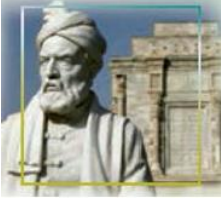
۲- با استفاده از تصاویر داده شده برای هر یک از عنوان های زیر یک Topic Sentence در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

			
1) Water.	2) Damavand	3) Perspolis (Takht-e-Jamshid)	4) Tahereh Saffarzadeh

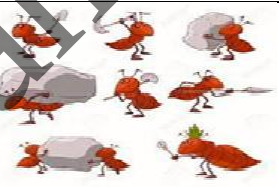
- 1-
 2-
 3-
 4-

			
5) Hassan Omidzadeh	6) Dictionaries	7) Forest	8) Light bulbs

- 5-
 6-
 7-
 8-

			
9) Ferdowsi	10) Watching TV	11) Sport	12) Clean energy

9-
10-
11-
12-

		
13) Sports	14) Electric cars	15) Ants

13-
14-
15-

		
16) Smoking	17) Hafez	18) Technology

16-
17-
18-

		
19) Iran	20) Books	21) Computer

19-

20-

21-

			
22) A cheetah	23) Water	24) Pollution	25) Firefighters

22-

23-

24-

25-

M.R. Ghahramani

الف. با توجه به تصاویر جواب درست را نوشته یا انتخاب کنید.



1. I can see some tiny insects by means of a magnifying glass.
2. Some of its apps don't work properly today.
3. Whenever he can't figure out the problem, he puts his cellphone away
4. Try to avoid foods that contain a lot of fat

ب. با انتخاب گزینه مناسب، جملات زیر را کامل کنید

1. The doctorcured the patients with the new drug.
a. Successfully b. successful c. success d. succeed
2. My job has become ----- difficult these days.
a. increasing b. increased c. increases d. increasingly
3. Teachers spare no ----- to teach us new things.
a. paints b. pains c. points d. plains
4. A: I need a dictionary. What's your suggestion? B: I a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you.
a. arrange b. suppose c. compile d. look up
5. A: What do you know about Maryam? B: She always keeps to herself and isn't
a. communicative b. communicate c. communication d. communicatively

پ. کلمه مورد نظر را با توجه به معنای جملات بنویسید.

1. Try to **a** - - - - foods that contain a lot of fat because they are dangerous for our health.
2. In this technique which is known as **w** - - - **a** - - - -, looking for word parts can help you read and understand the meaning of complicated words.
3. The most important sentence in a paragraph is the **t** - - - - sentence.
4. A **h** - - - - - device is available for some people suffering from hearing loss.

ت. با استفاده از کلمات داده شده، جملات زیر را کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است)

recommend - entries - dedicated - forever - stands for - physician

1. They updated a lot ofin the most recent dictionaries.
2. Sam: Can you ----- doing something on the weekend
3. It's a fact that some people don't know what IT
4. **A:** Sure, he was also a dedicated **B:** Not surprisingly, people will remember him.....

ث. برای هر کلمه یک تعریف از **a** تا **c** پیدا کنید

1. He **jumped into** using the dictionary without understanding the pronunciation guide. ----
2. The man **arranged** the children in lines according to their height. -----

3. I circled the dictionary **entry** for the word 'ant'. -----

- a. to suddenly decide to do something
- b. to put things in a neat, attractive, or useful order
- c. a word or a phrase listed in alphabetical order in a dictionary

ج. گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید

1. I searched everywhere but I couldn't find the keys my daughter needed.

- a. which
- b. who
- c. whom
- d. what

2. They healthier if they didn't eat junk food.

- a. will be
- b. were
- c. would be
- d. are

3. What ----- you do if your friend ----- you for help?

- a. would / ask
- b. will / asked
- c. would / asked
- d. will / ask

4. The woman ----- glasses is my teacher.

- a. who she wears
- b. that wears
- c. who wear
- d. whom wears

5. What happen if you too much food?

- a. Will / eating
- b. would / eat
- c. will / were eating
- d. would / ate

6. We appreciate those our cultural values to the next generation

- a. That carries
- b. who carry
- c. who they carry
- d. whom they carry

7. If it ----- so cold, we ----- swimming.

- a. weren't / would go
- b. isn't / went
- c. won't be / were going
- d. would be / were

8. My friend is a type of guy ----- likes to spend his time wisely.

- a. whom
- b. who
- c. whose
- d. which

9. A: I have a good job but I can't make enough money. B: I more money if I you.

- a. saved / was
- b. saved / were
- c. would save / were
- d. saved / would be

10. Mina and her classmates bought some student books their teacher suggested.

- a. which
- b. who
- c. whom
- d. what

11. My grandchildren ----- 'Smart Kid' if they ----- home.

- a. could play / were
- b. played / would be
- c. are playing / were
- d. will play / would be

12. Reza, bring me the book ----- is on the table.

- a. which it
- b. who
- c. that it
- d. which

چ. با شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز، جاهای خالی را کامل کنید

1. He likes to learn French, but he can not spend time practicing it.

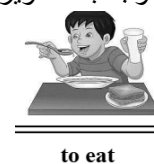
If he (to have), he (to practice) it

2. What would you do if you lost in a foreign country? (to get)

If they had enough time in summer, they to Mazandaran. (to travel)

ح. با توجه به تصویر داده شده و ضمایر موصولی **who, whom, which** جمله زیر را کامل نمایید

The boy ----- was ----- between 8 and 9 last night was my friend.



خ. با استفاده از ضمایر موصولی درون پرانتز دو جمله داده شده را ترکیب کنید.

1. The dictionary has many explanations. The dictionary was used by many young writers. (**who, which, whom**)

The dictionary

د. با توجه به تصاویر و عبارت درون پرانتز جملات ناقص را کامل کنید

1.A: What would Zahra do if she had a lot of money?

B: If -----, -----.

to buy a camera



2.A: What would he do if he had a smartphone? (to use an online dictionary)

B: If -----, -----.

3.Sina: What would you do if you were free for two weeks?

Behzad: If we were free for two weeks,



ذ. با کلمات در هم ریخته زیر، یک جمله معنادار بنویسید.

1. is / who / are talking / the students / to the teacher / very dedicated /.

2. Vahid met / whom / the patient / before / to the doctor / talked / . /

3.A: What is strange about the accident?

B: The mechanic (**very / who / skillful / was**) was the driver.

ر. با توجه به مفهوم هر متن، گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید

1. A distinguished Iranian poet, named Asadi Tusi, compiled the first Persian dictionary and called it Loghat-e-Fors. He arranged the list of entries according to the final letters of the words. This dictionary has synonyms and explanations that young poets after Asadi Tusi have widely used. They have added many words to the first dictionary, as well.

a. Loghat-e-Fors has no special arrangement of the words.

b. Young poets use synonyms and explanations in Loghat-e-Fors.

c. The poets after Asadi Tusi didn't know how to use his dictionary.

d. Loghat-e-Fors only contains the words that young poets wrote first

2. Oceans and lakes have much in common, but they are also quite different. Both are bodies of water, but oceans are very large bodies of salt water, while lakes are much smaller bodies of fresh water. Lakes are usually surrounded by land, while oceans are what surround continents.

- a. Lakes surround lands.
- b. Oceans and lakes are totally different.
- c. Lakes have salt water.
- d. Oceans are large bodies of water around continents

3. "A complete dictionary also tells you about the origin of words and the story behind them. For example, the words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar' and 'paradise' entered English from Persian." In other words, -----.

- a. A complete dictionary does not provide information about the origin of the words.
- b. Words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar', and 'paradise' came from Arabic to English.
- c. A complete dictionary tells you the history of words.
- d. The word 'paradise' does not have an origin

4. "One way to figure out the meaning of an unknown word is to look for its relationship with other words in the same family." This means-----.

- a. Ask your family if you do not know the meaning of the words.
- b. Look for an unknown word to understand the same words.
- c. Your family relationship is one way to figure out the meaning of words.
- d. Word parts can help you understand the meaning of complicated words

5. You can use a free online dictionary. And also, there are some free dictionaries for PCs and apps for smart phones.

- a) A free online dictionary is like a smart phone.
- b) Free dictionaries may be offered as online, for PCs and apps for smart phones.
- c) You should pay some money to buy some free apps for smart phones.
- d) Free online dictionaries may be bought for PCs, apps and smart phone

6. When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning.

- a. Each word has only one meaning in different dictionaries
- b. There are different meanings for a word in a dictionary.
- c. Dictionaries rarely provide the right meaning of words.
- d. We use other languages to understand a dictionary.

7. Good notes can help you remember and review a text you have read. There is no magic formula to taking notes when reading. You have to find out what works best for you.

- a. Taking notes does not follow any fixed formula.

- b. Taking good notes requires knowing a magic formula.
- c. To remember things better, take notes in the same way.
- d. To find what works best for you, remember and review the notes.

8. When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning.

- a. There are different meanings for a word in a dictionary, so be careful.
- b. Each word has only one meaning when using a dictionary carefully.
- c. Choosing a dictionary needs another language to find words.
- d. Finding out how to say something in another language is not right

ز. برای پاراگراف داده شده، یک جمله موضوعی Topic Sentence و یک جمله نتیجه گیری Concluding Sentence بنویسید

A. Swimming ----- . It is important to learn how to swim properly. Swimming is a great way to stay fit and healthy. It is also an enjoyable way to cool down during hot summer days. Swimming is done in various places such as pools, lakes, and oceans. Thus, ----- .

B. Language learning when people learn a language, they can express their thoughts and feelings. When they want to share their knowledge or to talk about important things, they use the language which they have learned. Without language, it is not possible to communicate well in another country. For Example, without knowing English, it is impossible to order your food in a restaurant or even buy a train ticket in Australia. So,

ژ. با توجه به پاراگراف داده شده، به موارد زیر پاسخ دهید

A. Doctors are those who make the sick people healthy again. In order to become a doctor, a person has to study medicine. Doctors have a hard life. Their lives are very busy. They get up early in the morning and go to the hospital. They work without taking a break. They are always polite and patients feel comfortable with them. Therefore, doctors work so hard to cure sick people and we must know their values.

1. The **supporting sentences** of the above paragraph -----.

- a) give examples
- b) give reasons
- c) tell a short story
- d) explain the idea in the topic sentence

❖ Find and write.

2. The **topic** of the paragraph: -----.

3. The **controlling idea** of the paragraph: -----.

4. The **concluding sentence** of the paragraph: -----.

B. Elders have a lot to share with us. Their life experiences, their failures, their successes and many more. We need to care for them because they deserve to be cared for. Respect and care for elders start with our parents. They are our first teachers in our life. So, we must respect and take care of them.

1. Find the **topic** of the paragraph.
2. Find the **controlling idea** of the paragraph.
3. Find the **concluding sentence** of the paragraph.

C. Good teachers can make great changes in our life. But why? First, good teachers know their subject very well. Second, good teachers are especially good communicators. This means they know how to teach in different ways that students can understand. Students in our class are very clever. And the last reason, good teachers can show students that they are interested in their subject and the subject is quite fun to learn about.

1. The **supporting sentences** of the above paragraph -----.
- a. give examples b. give reasons c. tell a short story
2. Which of the following is the best **concluding sentence** for the above paragraph?
- a. So, good teachers are everywhere in the world.
- b. As a result, good teachers receive a prize.
- c. In short, good teachers can have some good effects on our life.
3. Which sentence doesn't support the topic sentence in the above paragraph?

D. Water is the most essential element in our life. We cannot think of life without water. We need water to drink, to wash our bodies and clothes, to cook our food and to grow crops, vegetables and fruits. Water is also essential for animals, birds, insects, etc. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale. Nearly 70 percent of our body is water. Lack of rain causes droughts. Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.

1. Find the **topic** of the paragraph.
2. Find the **controlling idea** of the paragraph.
3. Find the **concluding sentence** of the paragraph.

E. Nowadays, garbage is a big problem in our world. Every day, people create lots of waste from their homes, schools, and businesses. This garbage can harm the environment and affect our health. For example, when lots of garbage is left in parks and streets, it can attract mice and insects. Some insects don't eat food. People are asked to use less plastic and to sort their garbage.

1. The supporting sentences of the above paragraph -----.
- a. tell a short story b. explain the idea in the topic sentence c. give reasons
2. Which of the following is the best **concluding sentence** for the above paragraph?
- a. Thus, Many cities are trying to recycle more to decrease waste.

- b. So, garbage can harm the environment and affect our health.
- c. In short, we all need to work together to keep our environment clean.
3. Which sentence does not support the topic sentence in the above paragraph?

.....

F. Saving electricity seems very essential these days. The cost of producing electricity has increased and families must pay high bills. In the process of generating electricity, they consume a large amount of resources of the earth and produce lots of pollution. People experience long hours without electricity at night. Hospitals, schools and many other important places will be unable to perform their activities normally. These are only some negative effects of being careless about saving electricity. Thus,

1. The **topic** sentence of the paragraph is
2. The **supporting sentences** of the paragraph
- a. tell a short story b. explain the idea in the topic sentence c. give reasons
3. Write a **concluding sentence** for the above paragraph.

.....

Concluding Sentence supporting sentences س. در پاراگراف زیر ، جملات بدنه ،
را مرتب کنید را با توجه به جمله موضوع و جمله نتیجه گیری

Speaking a foreign language is what most people want. 1.....

2..... 3 4.

In short, nothing can be as effective as a good teacher.

- a. A good teacher is a great help whether the language is learnt at home or by travelling.
- b. Others travel to the country where the language is spoken to learn it.
- c. Some people try to learn a new language at home with books and tapes.
- d. However, most people don't have enough money to go to foreign countries

ش. در پاراگراف زیر دو جمله پشتیبان supporting sentence که با جمله موضوعی topic sentence همخوانی ندارند، را مشخص کنید.

Learning to take good notes is very important. Good notes can help you remember and review a text you have read. My brother always keeps a notebook in his bag. There is no magic formula to taking notes when reading. You have to find out what works best for you. Some notes are written in English. Thus, good notes include all the important ideas and examples.

.....

.....

In the Name of ALLAH

مجموعه سوالات امتحان نهایی

درس سوم

زبان انگلیسی دوازدهم

گردآورنده:

محمد رضا قهرمانی

دبیر زبان انگلیسی

مدرس دانشگاه

ترجمه مکالمه و ریڈینگ درس سوم

Conversation (Student Book: Page 75 -76)

Emad and his father are traveling to Guilan. On the way, in Manjeel, Emad sees huge wind turbines.

عماد و پدرش در حال سفر به گیلان هستند. در طی مسیر، در منجیل، عماد توربین بادی بزرگی را دید.

Emad: Daddy, look at those big fans!

عماد: ی پدر، به آن پنکه های بزرگ نگاه کن.

Father: They are actually wind turbines.

پدر: ی در واقع آن ها توربین های بادی هستند.

Emad: Wind turbines?

عماد: ی توربین های بادی؟

Father: Yes, wind turbines are used to produce electricity from wind power.

پدر: ی بله، توربین های بادی برای تولید برق از قدرت باد استفاده میشوند.

Emad: I know electricity can be produced from water and sunlight. How might it be generated from wind?

عماد: ی من میدانم که نیروی برق می تواند از نور خورشید و آب تولید شود. اما چگونه ممکن است از باد تولید شود؟

Father: Well, a wind turbine works the opposite of a fan. Instead of using electricity to make wind, a turbine uses wind to make electricity. It is a type of clean energy.

پدر: ی خوب، یک توربین بادی بر خلاف یک پنکه عمل میکند. به جای استفاده از برق برای تولید باد، توربین از باد برای تولید برق استفاده میکند. این یک نوع انرژی پاک است.

Emad: These wind turbines remind me of what I read about using wind power in Yazd's buildings.

عماد: ی این توربین های بادی، چیزی را که درباره ی استفاده از قدرت باد در ساختمان های یزد خوانده بودم را به خاطر می آورد.

Father: You mean wind towers?

پدر: ی منظور تو برج های بادی است؟

Emad: Yes, they are natural air-cooling systems and can be used instead of electrical air conditioners. This is another source of clean energy, isn't it?

عماد: ی بله، آنها یک سیستم های خنک کننده طبیعی هوا هستند و می توانند به جای تهویه های هوا برقی استفاده شوند. این نوع دیگری از انرژی پاک است، اینطور نیست؟

Father: Yes, it is. An excellent type of clean energy!

پدر: ی بله، اینطور است. یک نوع عالی از انرژی پاک.

Emad: Daddy, can we travel to Yazd this Norooz?

عماد: ی پدر، ما می توانیم این نوروز به یزد سفر کنیم؟

Father: That's OK with me. Let's check it with others.

پدر: ی من مشکلی ندارم. بیا با بقیه هماهنگ کنیم

Reading (Student Book: Page 80 - 81)

“Earth for our Children

زمین برای بچه هایمان

Energy is the ability to do work. It can take a variety of forms: mechanical, electrical, chemical, and nuclear. To produce any type of energy, the resources of the earth are used. The main resources of the earth are fossil fuels such as natural gas, oil, and coal.

انرژی توانایی برای انجام کار است. میتواند در شکل های متفاوتی وجود داشته باشد: مکانیکی، الکتریکی، شیمیایی و هسته ای. برای تولید هر نوع از انرژی، منابع زمینی استفاده میشوند. منابع اصلی زمین سوخت های فسیلی هستند از قبیل گاز طبیعی، نفت و زغال سنگ.

We get most of our energy from these fossil fuels, but this is harmful to the environment. Fossil fuels are nonrenewable and cannot be replaced easily. Once we use them up, they're gone forever. They are not clean as they pollute water or air

ما بیشتر انرژیمان را از این سوخت های فسیلی میگیریم، اما این برای محیط زیست مضر است. سوخت های فسیلی تجدید ناپذیر هستند و به راحتی نمیتوان آن ها را جایگزین کرد. اگر یک بار از آن ها استفاده کنیم آن ها برای همیشه از بین میروند. آنها پاکیزه نیستند چونکه آب و هوا را آلوده میکنند.

In recent years, scientists try to use other types of energy resources. They call them clean energy resources because they do not pollute the earth. Clean energy is renewable. It is made from resources that can be replaced, like wind, water, sunshine, tides, and plants. When renewable energy resources are used, the demand for fossil fuels is reduced.

در سال های اخیر، دانشمندان سعی میکنند از منابع دیگر انرژی استفاده کنند. آنها، آن ها را منابع انرژی پاک نامیده اند برای اینکه آن ها زمین را آلوده نمی کنند. انرژی پاک تجدید پذیر است. این از منابعی تشکیل شده است که میتواند جایگزین شود، مانند باد، آب، نور خورشید، جزر و مد، و گیاهان. هنگامی که منابع انرژی تجدید پذیر استفاده می شوند، نیاز برای سوخت های فسیلی کاهش پیدا می کند.

The most common type of clean energy is the solar power. Solar energy is produced by the radiation that reaches the earth. People have used the sun as a heat source for thousands of years. Iranians, for instance, use special designs and arrangements of windows, balconies and yards to get the most sunshine. Different types of materials might also be used in building the houses. This keeps people warm during cold seasons and cool during hot days of the year.

رایج ترین نوع انرژی پاک انرژی خورشیدی است. انرژی خورشیدی از تابش هایی که به زمین میرسد تولید میشود. مردم سال ها است که از خورشید به عنوان منبع گرمایشی استفاده کرده اند. ایرانی ها از سال های دور از چیدمان و طراحی های خاص برای پنجره ها، بالکن ها و حیاط ها استفاده میکردند برای اینکه بیشترین تابش خورشید را جذب کنند. انواع متفاوتی از مواد هم ممکن است برای ساختن ساختمان ها استفاده شوند. این مردم را در طول فصل های سرد، گرم و در طی فصل های گرم سال، خنک نگه میدارد.

Nowadays, solar energy can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat and electricity. Solar energy might be used for heating water and air in homes, buildings, or swimming pools. Maybe you've seen buildings or houses with big shiny panels on the roof. These are solar collectors that collect heat by absorbing sunlight and producing solar power. Also, solar energy can be used in generating electricity to provide power for watches, highway signs, houses and even space stations.

امروزه انرژی خورشیدی میتواند به انواع دیگر انرژی تبدیل شود، از قبیل گرما و الکتریسیته. انرژی خورشیدی باید برای گرم کردن آب و هوا در خانه ها، ساختمان ها، یا استخرهای شنا استفاده شود. ممکن است شما ساختمان ها یا خانه هایی با قطعه های بزرگ درختان در بام دیده باشید. این ها گرد آورنده انرژی هستند که گرما را با جذب کردن نور آفتاب جمع آوری میکنند و انرژی خورشیدی تولید میکنند. همچنین انرژی خورشیدی می تواند برای تولید برق برای ساعت ها، تابلوهای بزرگراه ها، خانه ها و ایستگاه های فضایی استفاده شود

Clean energy resources are widely used in many countries to keep cities and villages clean. As a result, fewer fossil fuels are consumed each year and they are saved for the future generations.

منابع انرژی پاک به صورت گسترده ای در بسیاری از کشورها برای پاکیزه نگه داشتن روستاها و شهرها استفاده میشوند. در نتیجه هر ساله سوخت های فسیلی کمتری استفاده میشوند و برای نسل های آینده باقی میمانند

Reading (Workbook: Page 47 - 48)

Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't pollute the air. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries.

امروزه بسیاری از کشورها بر این باور هستند که ماشین های برقی باید جایگزین ماشین هایی شوند که سوخت فسیلی مصرف میکنند. ماشین های برقی گازوئیل را در موتور نمی سوزانند، بنابراین آن ها هوا را آلوده نمیکند. آن ها از برقی استفاده میکنند که در باتری های بالای ماشین ذخیره شده اند.

Sometimes, 12 or 24 batteries, or more, are needed to power the car. Just like a remote-controlled car, an electric car has an electric motor that turns the wheels and a battery to run the motor.

گاهی اوقات ۱۲ یا ۲۴ باتری برای قدرت ماشین لازم است. دقیقاً مانند یک ماشین کنترل از راه دور ، ماشین برقی یک موتور برقی دارد که چرخ ها را میچرخاند و یک باتری که موتور را به جریان در می آورد.

Electricity, the same energy that lights your lamps and runs your TV, is stored in batteries on an electric car. The batteries can be like the batteries you find in flashlights or in regular gasoline cars.

برق ، همان انرژی که لامپ هایتان را روشن میکند و تلویزیونتان را روشن میکند، در باتری ها در یک ماشین برقی ذخیره شده اند. باتری ها میتوانند مشابه باتری هایی باشند که شما در چراغ قوه ها یا ماشین های گازوئیلی معمول میبینید.

To get the battery ready to roll, you have to charge it. This process isn't much different from the way you charge the portable devices you carry around every day: your cell phone, MP3 player, or digital camera. The difference is that you deal with a much bigger gadget that carries you around instead.

برای اینکه باطری آماده کار شود باید آن را شارژ کنید. این پروسه چندان با روشی که هر روزه وسایل قابل حملی که استفاده میکنید را شارژ میکنید، متفاوت نیست: گوشی موبایلتان، پخش کننده موسیقی و دوربین دیجیتالی. تفاوت این است که شما با یک وسیله ی مکانیکی بزرگتر در ارتباط هستید که شما را به اطراف حمل میکند.

۳

The electric car is usually plugged in at night. The car can be plugged into a special charging unit even at houses. Some electric cars can be plugged right into a regular electrical wall outlet. Others need a larger outlet, like the kind that a stove or a vacuum cleaner plug into.

ماشین برقی معمولاً در شب به برق وصل میشود. ماشین حتی میتواند به یک واحد شارژی مخصوص در خانه ها وصل شود. بعضی از ماشین های برقی میتوانند به پریز های برق معمولی روی دیوار وصل شوند. آن های دیگر به یک پریز بزرگتر نیاز دارند مانند آن هایی که گاز یا جارو برقی به آن ها وصل میشوند.

The engineers are trying to make better batteries that hold more energy and last longer. To overcome the problem of charging electric cars, hybrid cars are also available. Hybrid cars combine the benefits of gasoline engines and electric motors. They can be designed to meet different goals, such as better fuel economy or more power.

مهندسان دارند تلاش میکنند که باطری های بهتری را تولید کنند که انرژی بیشتری را در خود ذخیره کنند و بیشتر دوام داشته باشند. برای غلبه بر مشکل شارژ کردن ماشین های برقی، ماشین های هیبریدی نیز موجود هستند. ماشین های هیبریدی مزیت های موتور های گازوئیلی و موتور های برقی را با هم ترکیب کرده اند. آن ها میتوانند برای هدف های متفاوتی از قبیل اقتصاد سوختی بهتر و قدرت بیشتر، طراحی شوند

Did you know that the things nobody needs **can be used** to produce electricity, heat or fuel? Changing waste to energy **can be considered** one of the most helpful ways to save the resources of the earth. Because garbage **can be changed** directly into a liquid fuel, it can be used in cars, trucks, buses and airplanes. To do that, garbage **should be collected** and **taken** to a landfill by workers. **People may be paid for** voluntary garbage delivery as well. It is important to know that not all types of waste **can be used** to produce fuel. Some materials may give off harmful gases in the process. Therefore, people **should be informed** of this danger and **warned** about the possible harms.

آیا می دانستید که چیزهایی که هیچ کس به آن نیاز ندارد را می توان برای تولید برق، گرما یا سوخت استفاده کرد؟ تبدیل مواد زاید به انرژی را می توان یکی از مفیدترین راه ها برای صرفه جویی در منابع زمین دانست. از آنجا که زباله را می توان مستقیماً به سوخت مایع تبدیل کرد، می توان از آن در اتومبیل ها، کامیون ها، اتوبوس ها و هواپیماها استفاده کرد. برای انجام این کار، زباله ها باید جمع آوری شده و توسط کارگران به محل دفن زباله منتقل شوند. ممکن است برای تحویل دلوطلبانه زباله نیز به مردم پول پرداخت شود. مهم است بدانید که نمی توان از همه انواع زباله برای تولید سوخت استفاده کرد. برخی از مواد ممکن است در این فرآیند گازهای مضر از خود خارج کنند. بنابراین باید مردم را از این خطر آگاه کرد و در مورد آسیب های احتمالی هشدار داد.

Ants are strange insects. Like all insects, they have six legs. Each leg has three joints. Yesterday, I saw an ant. The legs of ants are very strong, which help ants run very quickly. I can run quickly too. If a man could run as fast for his size as an ant can, he could run as fast as a racehorse.

مورچه ها حشرات عجیبی هستند. مانند همه حشرات، آنها شش پا دارند. هر پا دارای سه مفصل است. دیروز به مورچه دیدم. پاهای مورچه ها بسیار قوی است که به مورچه ها کمک می کند خیلی سریع بدود. من هم می توانم سریع بدوم. اگر مردی می توانست به اندازه یک مورچه سریع بدود، می توانست به سرعت یک اسب مسابقه بدود.

The new century has brought big changes in communication. Cell phones are small enough to carry in your pocket. Students should not use cell phones in schools. Videophones let you see the person you are talking to on

the phone. But some people do not have such phones. Tiny hand-size computers know your favorite subjects.

The Internet is everywhere.

قرن جدید تغییرات بزرگی در ارتباطات ایجاد کرده است. تلفن‌های همراه به اندازه کافی کوچک هستند که بتوان آنها را در جیب خود حمل کرد. دانش آموزان در مدارس نباید از تلفن همراه استفاده کنند. تلفن‌های ویدئویی به شما امکان می‌دهند فردی را که با تلفن با او صحبت می‌کنید ببینید. اما برخی افراد چنین گوشی‌هایی ندارند. کامپیوترهای کوچک با اندازه دست موضوعات مورد علاقه شما را می‌شناسند. اینترنت همه جا هست.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۲

Horses are farm animals. They are usually black, grey, white and brown in color. They carry people and goods from one place to another. They have long legs, which are very strong. They can easily run long distances.

Horses usually move in herds. They live in a stable. They are very useful farm animals.

اسب‌ها حیوانات مزرعه هستند. رنگ آنها معمولاً سیاه، خاکستری، سفید و قهوه‌ای است. آنها افراد و کالاهای را از جایی به مکان دیگر حمل می‌کنند. آنها پاهای بلندی دارند که بسیار قوی هستند. آنها به راحتی می‌توانند مسافت‌های طولانی را بدون اسب‌ها معمولاً به صورت گله‌ای حرکت می‌کنند. آنها در یک اصطبل زندگی می‌کنند. آنها حیوانات مزرعه بسیار مفیدی هستند.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۲

Energy is important. Without it, we would have a harder time because most of our activities like cooking a dinner, heating a house, lighting a street, keeping a hospital open, running a factory all require energy. It is thus at the heart of everybody's life.

انرژی مهم است. بدون آن، ما کار سخت‌تری خواهیم داشت زیرا بیشتر فعالیت‌های ما مانند پختن یک شام، گرم کردن خانه، روشن کردن خیابان، باز نگه داشتن بیمارستان، راه اندازی یک کارخانه، همگی به انرژی نیاز دارند. بنابراین انرژی در قلب زندگی همه قرار دارد.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۲

Elephant is the largest animal to walk the Earth. An elephant can carry a load of 1200 pounds¹. They eat 300 pounds of food a day. An elephant baby can weigh 200 pounds at birth. Elephants can live up to 70 years.

فیل بزرگترین حیوانی است که روی زمین راه می رود. یک فیل می تواند باری به وزن ۱۲۰۰ پوند را حمل کند. آنها روزانه ۳۰۰ پوند غذا می خورند. یک بچه فیل هنگام تولد می تواند ۲۰۰ پوند وزن داشته باشد. فیل ها می توانند تا ۷۰ سال عمر کنند.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۹ قسمت A

Last night I left work late at around 9 pm. When I came out of the office, most people had already gone home. The street was very dark and quiet. I hadn't experienced such a thing before. While I was walking, a car pulled over. I looked at the driver. I was sure I had seen this man before. I wondered who can it be? He waved at me and came out of the car. He asked if he could drive me home. Suddenly I remembered.

دیشب حدود ساعت ۹ شب دیر از محل کار خارج شدم. وقتی از دفتر بیرون آمدم، بیشتر مردم قبلاً به خانه رفته بودند. خیابان بسیار تاریک و خلوت بود. من قبلاً چنین چیزی را تجربه نکرده بودم. در حالی که داشتم راه می رفتم ماشینی کنار من توقف کرد. به راننده نگاه کردم. مطمئن بودم این مرد را قبلاً دیده بودم. تعجب کردم که چه کسی می تواند باشد؟ برایم دست تکان داد و از ماشین بیرون آمد. او پرسید که آیا می تواند مرا به خانه براند. ناگهان به یاد آوردم.

درس ۳ صفحه: ۹۹ قسمت B

He was one of our clients. He had come to our office two or three times before. The last time he was there, he was so upset. He was worried because he had lost his documents. Everyone in the office tried to help him. They started to look for his suitcase. Finally, he remembered that he had left his suitcase in his car! He apologized for his anger and left. I haven't seen him since then.

او یکی از مشتریان ما بود. قبلاً دو سه بار به دفتر ما آمده بود. آخرین باری که آنجا بود خیلی ناراحت بود. او نگران بود چون مدارکش را گم کرده بود. همه در دفتر سعی کردند به او کمک کنند. آنها شروع به جستجوی چمدان او کردند. بالاخره یادش آمد که چمدانش را در ماشینش جا گذاشته است! بابت عصبانیتش عذرخواهی کرد و رفت. از آن زمان او را ندیده ام.

Part A: Listening

۱- دانش آموز عزیز، در این بخش به فایل صوتی به دقت گوش دهید، سپس جملات صحیح را با (True) و جملات غلط را با (False) مشخص نمایید.

شماره ۱

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1- He could get in the plane on time. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- He had left his passport at home. | a) True | b) False |
| 3- He didn't have to come back home. | a) True | b) False |
| 4- He is always a forgetful person. | a) True | b) False |



شماره ۲

- | | | |
|--|---------|----------|
| 1- Wind is a type of clean energy resource. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- Wind turbines are used to produce clean water. | a) True | b) False |
| 3- Instead of electrical air conditioners, natural air cooling system can be used. | a) True | b) False |
| 4- Electricity is used to make wind. | a) True | b) False |



شماره ۳

- | | | |
|---|---------|----------|
| 1- Jimmy will meet his friend at half past three. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- Jimmy changed his weekly schedule. | a) True | b) False |
| 3- His friend's legs were a little sore because he'd played volleyball. | a) True | b) False |
| 4- He asked Jimmy to do legs on Friday. | a) True | b) False |



شماره ۴

- | | | |
|---|---------|----------|
| 1- They went to the museum on Wednesday. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- Samira has been to the museum of Holy Defense twice. | a) True | b) False |
| 3- They stayed with Samira till midnight. | a) True | b) False |



1- They went to the museum on Friday.

a) True

b) False



2- Samira and her friends had gone to the museum before they got home. a) True

b) False

3- After Samira's guests had had dinner, their mothers and them home.

1- Did Kiana come over for dinner alone?

2- When did Samira go to the museum of Holy Defense? On

3- Had Samira already been there?

4- Who took her guests home after dinner?



1- What are the three R.s referred in this passage?

2- We should do our best to increase the amount of waste. a) True

b) False

3- Zero-waste lifestyle is environmentally friendly. a) True

b) False

4- We understand that one of the sources of harmful gases in the air is

a) clothing

b) landfill

c) ground

d) packaging



۴- دانش آموز عزیز، به متن / مکالمه زیر با دقت گوش دهید و جاهای خالی را با کلمات مناسب کامل کنید.

Emad: Daddy, look at those big fans!

Father: They are actually wind turbines.

Emad: Wind turbines?

Father: Yes, wind turbines are used to produce electricity from wind power.

Emad: I know electricity can be produced from water and sunlight. How might it be (1) from wind?

Father: Well, a wind turbine works the (2) of a fan. Instead of using electricity to make wind, a turbine uses wind to make electricity. It is a type of (3) energy.

Emad: These wind turbines (4) me of what I read about using wind power in Yazd's buildings.





The environment means different things to different people. The environment can be water, air, animals, waste, plants, and other things that are (1)..... us. Also the environment can be the (2)....., physical, cultural and chemical factors that surround man.

There are two types of environment, like the natural environment that nature provides for example the oceans, (3).....seas, etc, and the environment that man creates for himself such as houses, technologies and businesses.

The environment is important and we should all (4)..... it. We must avoid bad practices such as polluting air and water, and also doing any other harmful activities that destroy the environment.



A dictionary is one of the most important tools that helps you get (1)..... about words and use them correctly. You should know how to use a dictionary effectively. The words in a dictionary have been arranged in alphabetical (2)....., so it will be easy to access them. Some words have more than one meaning, but how do we decide which (3)..... to use? First, decide how the word is used. Second, read all meanings of the word given to you. Third, (4)..... a blank space in the sentence where the word appears and finally, replace the correct word into that sentence. If the sentence is still alright, you have the correct (5)..... . The more you practice, the more you get skillful.



The United Arab Emirates (UAE) is a country with a lot of oil. Oil brings the country (1)..... of dollars each year. So, why is the UAE building a city that uses very little or no oil? The answer is simple: oil will not last (2)..... . Engineers are now building a new city that uses mostly (3)..... energy for its power. The city is called Masdar. Masdar will reuse as many (4)..... as possible. It will reuse about 80 percent of its water and change most of its (5)..... into more energy. People in Masdar are even using building (6)..... that they can reuse in the future.



Last night, I left work (1)..... at around 9 p.m. When I came out of the (2)....., most people had already gone home. The street was very dark and (3)..... I hadn't experienced such a thing before. While I was (4)....., a car pulled over. I looked at the driver. I was sure, I had seen this man before. I (5)..... who can it be? He waved at me and came out of the car. He asked if he could drive me home. (6)....., I remembered.

Customer: Could I have a menu?

Waiter: Yes, here it is. Would you like something to drink?

Customer: I would like (1), please.

Waiter: Are you also (2) to order?

Customer: Yes, I would like the (3), please.

Waiter: Anything (4) ?

Customer: No, thank you.

Waiter: Enjoy your (5)



The most common type of clean energy is the solar (1)..... . Solar energy is produced by the (2)..... that reaches the earth. People have used the sun as a heat (3)..... for thousands of years. Iranians, for instance, use special designs and (4)..... of windows, balconies and yards to get the most sunshine. Different types of (5)..... might also be used in building the houses. This keeps people warm during cold (6)..... and cool during hot days of the year.

Part B: Vocabulary

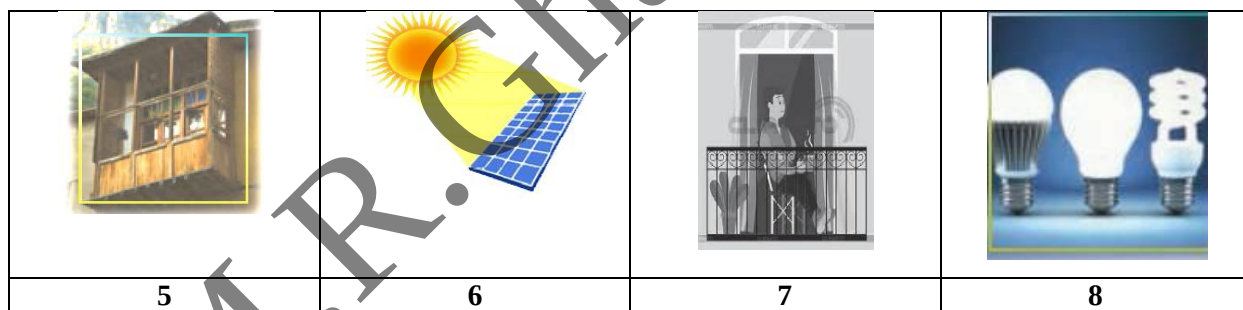
۱- با توجه به تصاویر داده شده جملات زیر را بخوانید و جمله مناسب برای هر تصویر را انتخاب کنید. (در هر بخش یک جمله اضافی است.)

شماره ۱



- a. Hydropower is produced as a result of falling or running water.
- b. Tides can usually happen near any huge body of water like an ocean or a sea.
- c. Oil, coal and natural gas are three common fossil fuels.
- d. Wind tower is a type of natural air cooling system.
- e. Some scientists are working on producing electricity from plants.

شماره ۲



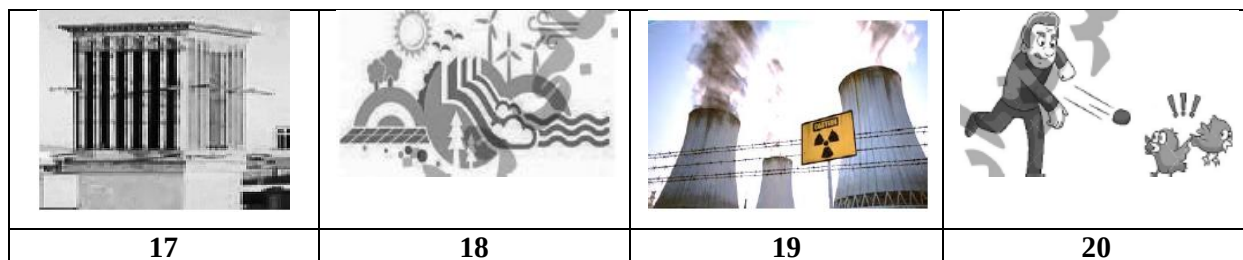
- a. My uncle often sits in the balcony, has a cup of coffee and reads a book.
- b. My sister often sits in the balcony and studies her lessons.
- c. The new light bulbs consume less electricity.
- d. Absence makes the heart grow fonder.
- e. Solar panels change solar power into electricity.

			
9	10	11	12

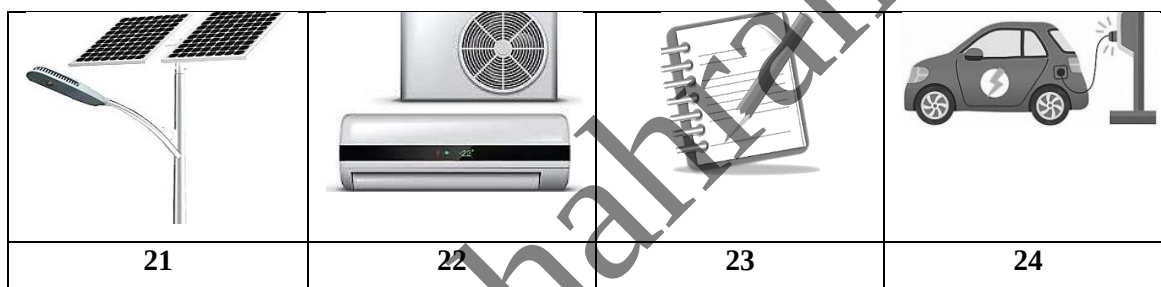
- a. The new light bulbs consume less electricity.
- b. Wind towers are natural air cooling systems.
- c. The main sources of renewable energy are wind, water and sun.
- d. The sofa converts into bed.
- e. The factory has polluted the river.

			
13	14	15	16

- a. Oil, coal and natural gas are three common fossil fuels.
- b. Wind turbines are used to produce electricity from wind power.
- c. Garbage is taken to the landfill every day.
- d. Absence makes the heart grow fonder.
- e. Many people use the new light bulbs that consume less electricity.



- a. Wind, water and sun are three important types of renewable energy.
- b. Birds of a feather flock together.
- c. Wind towers in Yazd's buildings can lower the cooling cost.
- d. Kill two birds with one stone.
- e. Factories have polluted the air and environment.



- a. The air conditioner controls the room temperature.
- b. Solar collectors provide electricity for highway lights.
- c. Iran is rich in oil resources.
- d. Taking notes is a good way to remember and review your text.
- e. Some electric cars are plugged into a special charging unit.

۲- جملات زیر را با کلمات داده شده کامل کنید. (در هر بخش یک کلمه اضافی است).

forever / consume / forgive / reminded

1- A: I noticed you got emotional when you were watching the film.

B: Yeah, the story me of my younger days.

2- A: What happened when they attacked Syria?

B: Many valuable works of art were lost

3- Nowadays, the new light bulbs less electricity.

شماره ۲

overcome / replaced / cooling / demand

- 4- My mother carefully the China plate on the shelf.
- 5- Wind towers are natural air systems and can be used instead of electrical air conditioners.
- 6- People use hybrid cars to the problem of charging electric cars.

شماره ۳

demand / absorb / radiation / conditioner

- 7- A: How do you keep this room cool?
B: We use a perfect air to keep here cool.
- 8- The for organic food is increasing these days.
- 9- Plants carbon dioxide.

شماره ۴

forever / demand / use up / fossil

- 10- Oil, coal and natural gas are three common fuels.
- 11- Don't all the milk, we need some for breakfast.
- 12- The for organic food is increasing.

شماره ۵

remind / gradually / replaced / opposite / variety

- 13- They do a of fitness activities.
- 14- Lack of rain has caused droughts in many cities.
- 15- Mina carefully the glasses on the shelf.
- 16- She'll forget to call the doctor if you don't her.

شماره ۶

perfect / kinetic / blow / turbine / consume

- 17- Wind turbines convert energy into mechanical power.
- 18- This wind is able to generate a lot of electricity each day.
- 19- Practice your English skills to become good at it. Practice makes
- 20- When the wind doesn't, the wind turbines cannot work.

۳- برای هر کلمه ی مشخص شده از ستون A یک تعریف از ستون B انتخاب کنید. (در ستون B یک تعریف اضافی است)

شماره ۱

A	B
1- apologize 2- hatch 3- tide	a. to finish something b. to come out of an egg c. the rise and fall of the sea d. to say that you are sorry for doing sth wrong

شماره ۲

A	B
4- remind 5- forever 6- renewable	a. help somebody remember something b. to take something in, especially gradually c. able to be replaced by nature. e. for all time

شماره ۳

A	B
7- Those sofas convert into bed. 8- These days the demand for oil is decreasing in many areas in the country. 9- The factory polluted the river.	a. to make water, air, etc. dirty b. to change in form or character c. cry suddenly d. the amount of a product or service that people want

شماره ۴

A	B
10- I really like the variety the store has to offer. 11- Plants absorb carbon dioxide. 12- Demand for organic food is increasing.	a. take something in, especially gradually b. to change in a form c. many different types of things or people d. the amount of a product or service that people want

A	B
13- Don't use up all the milk - we need some for breakfast. 14- Here you can see two high and two low tides each day. 15- No one can live forever.	a. to finish something b. for all time c. the rise and fall of the sea d. take something in, especially gradually

A	B
16- The factory will replace most of its workers with robots. 17- Future generations will carry our present values. 18- Here you can see two high and two low tides each day.	a. to take the place of somebody or something b. all the people of about the same age within a society c. the rise and fall of the sea d. finish something

A	B
19- Strong tides make swimming dangerous. 20- We can convert some sofas into a bed. 21- No one can live forever.	a. the ability to do work b. to change in form or character c. the rise and fall of the sea d. for all time

A	B
22- Solar panels collect heat by absorbing sunlight. 23- The new light bulbs consume less electricity.	a. to use time, goods, energy, etc. b. help somebody remember something c. to take something in, especially gradually

- 1- Plants **a**..... carbon dioxide from the air.
- 2- Iran is rich in oil **r**.....
- 3- "Where is your father, Ahmad?"
- 4- He is sitting in the **b**..... and drinking tea.
- 5- The new light bulbs **c**..... less electricity.
- 6- Nowadays **d**..... for organic food is increasing.
- 7- In opposite to fans, **t**..... (s) use wind power to generate electricity.
- 8- The factory could **r**..... most of its workers with robots two years ago.
- 9- You should tell him the truth one day. You can't keep it a secret **f**.....
- 10- We should not build factories near rivers because they **p**..... the rivers.
- 11- Sun and wind are two main sources of **r**..... energy.
- 12- The factories **p**..... the rivers, air, and environment.
- 13- **A:** When you get money quickly, it's easy to spend it or lose it quickly as well.
B: You know that "Easy **c**....., easy go".
- 14- Just saying that you will do something doesn't mean much. You know that "Actions **s**..... louder than words".
- 15- Everyone believes that you soon forget people or things that are no longer visible or present, "Out of **s**....., out of m.....".
- 16- When there are too many people trying to lead, it's confusing and leads to bad results. You know that, "too many cooks **s**..... the broth".
- 17- I always try to wake up and start work early because I know that "the early bird catches the **w**.....".
- 18- You should wake up and start work sooner if you want to succeed. You know that "the **e**..... bird catches the **w**.....".
- 19- People like to spend time with others who are similar to them. Therefore, "Birds of a feather, **f**..... together."
- 20- Energy can take a **v**..... of forms: mechanical, electrical, chemical and nuclear.

۵- کلمه ای که با سه گزینه دیگر هماهنگی ندارد را پیدا کنید.

- | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 1- | a. water | b. tree | c. coal | d. sun |
| 2- | a. pollution | b. waste | c. garbage | d. resource |
| 3- | a. generate | b. use up | c. absorb | d. digest |

شماره ۱

A

- 1- Out of sight, out of mind
- 2- Too many cooks spoil the broth
- 3- Birds of a feather flock together
- 4- Practice makes perfect

B

- a. People like to spend time with those who are similar to them.
- b. When two people cooperate with each other, they come up with better ideas.
- c. When there are too many people trying to lead and give their opinions, it's confusing and leads to bad results.
- d. You soon forget people or things that are no longer visible or present.
- e. You have to practice a skill a lot to become good at it.

شماره ۲

A

- 5- God helps those who help themselves
- 6- Two heads are better than one
- 7- Action speak louder than words
- 8- A burnt child dreads the fire
- 9- Easy come, easy go

B

- a. Just saying that you will do something doesn't mean much. Actually, doing it is harder.
- b. Don't just wait for good things to happen to you. Work hard to achieve your goals.
- c. Someone who has experienced some kind of negative situation will try to avoid making the same mistake.
- d. People like to spend time with others who are similar to them.
- e. When two people cooperate with each other, they come up with better idea.
- f. When you get money quickly, like by winning it, it's easy to spend it or lose it quickly as well.

Part C: Grammar

۱- گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.

1- A: Did you get to the cinema on time?

B: No, when we arrived, the film already

- a) will - begin b) had - begun c) has - begun d) is - beginning

2- Some dangerous gases when we burn garbage.

- a) was produced b) produce c) may produce d) may be produced

3- When I got home, my little brother already asleep.

- 1) was / falling b) will / fall c) have / fallen d) had / fallen

4- I was sure I him before.

- a) meet b) have meet c) had met d) would meet

5- She answered all the questions correctly she had studied well.

- a) before b) although c) because d) when

6- The traffic rules very carefully by everyone.

- a) must be obeyed b) should obey c) are obeying d) has been obeyed

7- I lunch before I went out.

- a) am eating b) will eat c) had eaten d) eat

8- A: How can we have better streets?

B: The traffic rules by everyone.

- a) may obey b) must be obeyed c) obeyed d) has obeyed

9- A: Guess what we have for dinner?

B: A fish salad for dinner by the cook.

- a) may be made b) will make c) is making d) has made

10- People of the danger of harmful gasses.

- a) should be informed b) have informed c) are informing d) is informed

11- A: How can the teachers talk to the parents? B: The parents by the principal.

- a) may call b) have called c) should be called d) are calling

12- The traffic rules by drivers in our country.

- a) must obey b) obey c) must be obeyed d) have obeyed

13- A: This summer is really hot and lots of animals are in danger.

B: Something about global warming, or some types of animals will die out.

- a) must do b) were done c) should be done d) are doing

- 14- I by an airplane before we to Kish.
 a) never had traveled - went b) never traveled – had gone
 c) traveled never – had gone d) had never traveled – went
- 15- This type of Italian food as a dinner at night.
 a) may be eaten b) has eaten c) can eat d) is eating
- 16- Zahra chess before, so I showed her what to do.
 a) didn't play b) wasn't playing c) hasn't played d) hadn't played
- 17- When I arrived at the party, my grandparents home.
 a) already hadn't gone b) hadn't gone already
 c) had already gone d) had gone already
- 18- Should people of this danger and warned about the possible harms?
 a) informed b) inform c) are informed d) be informed
- 19- After they dinner, their mothers arrived and took them home.
 a) must have b) had had c) have d) have had
- 20- The river with aluminum and other things.
 a) have been polluted b) has polluted c) may be polluted d) polluted

۲- شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز را در جای خالی بنویسید.

- 1- A: Did you have lunch with your father?
 B: No, we lunch before he came. (to eat)
- 2- A: Should we write the answers in the book?
 B: No, the answers must in the notebook. (to write)
- 3- Before my brother moved to China, he Chinese. (to learn)
- 4- The letter must to the company immediately. (to send)
- 5- I think more money should on education. (to spend)
- 6- Paul had gone home before I at the party. (to arrive)
- 7- Joe Chinese before he moved to china. (study)
- 8- They gave me some money back because I too much. (pay)
- 9- I knew I that man somewhere before. (see)
- 10- She was upset because she a bad score. (get)
- 11- Before we went to the zoo, we some veggie sandwiches. (make)
- 12- Nowadays solar energy in many countries to keep the cities clean. (can – use)
- 13- When I got home, the baby asleep. (fall)
- 14- Must the bill today? (to pay)
- 15- The meat must in a freezer. (to keep)
- 16- I passed my final exam because I well. (to study)
- 17- We flew our kites after we our lunch. (to eat)

Ali: Hi, Amir. How are you?

Amir: Hi, Ali. Just fine.

Ali: It (18) rather cold today, doesn't it? (to seem)

Amir: Yes, I (19) to go swimming before I left home. (to decide)

Ali: It's a pity! If it were fine, we (20) swimming today. (to go)

Amir: By the way, Let's go to a restaurant and eat something.

Ali: Ok. I know a restaurant in which a variety of sea foods (21) (to serve)

Amir: Umm! That's a great idea.

۳- با استفاده از کلمات در هم ریخته زیر، یک جمله معنا دار بنویسید.

1- because / everything / it / in the garden / hadn't rained / was brown /.

2- rained / brown / for months / everything / because / hadn't / in the garden / was / it.

3- was / because / he / my mother / hadn't / angry / my brother / washed / with / his hands /.

4- cold weather / into / converted / water / in / ice / be / can / ?

5- met / their son / had / happy / after / his parents / they / became /.

6- about / informed / they / today / must / the result / be /.

7- had gotten/ was/ a bad score/ she/ Mina/ upset/ because /./ /

8- be / by the teacher / the parents / called / should /.

9- had gotten / was upset / because / because / a bad score / she / Roya / . /

10- moved to China / had already learned / Chinese / Joe / he / when / . /

11- got home / had fallen/ The baby/ asleep/ when /I/ . /

12- went to the zoo / had never seen/ Sara/ a bear/ before /she/ . /

13- upset / got / She / because / a bad score / had / felt / she / . /

14- They / their sun / the driving test / were excited / had passed / because / . /

15- the teacher / had done / the students / their homework / when / came to the class / . /

16- be paid / leaving / must / the bill / before / the restaurant /.

Part D: Reading

۱- (متن کوتاه) متن هر قسمت را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم، بهترین گزینه را انتخاب کنید

1- The engineers are trying to make better batteries that hold more energy and last longer. To overcome the problem of charging electric cars, hybrid cars are also available. Hybrid cars combine the benefits of gasoline engines and electric motors. They can be designed to meet different goals, such as better fuel economy or more energy.

- Hybrid cars

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| a) are designed to meet different goals | b) only use gasoline in their engines |
| c) only use electricity in their engines | d) hold more energy for a short time |

2- Wind towers are natural air-cooling systems and can be used instead of electrical air conditioners. This is another source of clean energy.

- a) Wind power can be used as a source of clean energy.
- b) Cooling systems in wind towers use electricity.
- c) Wind towers can be used instead of clean energy.
- d) Electrical air conditioners are natural cooling systems.

۲- (متن بلند) متن هر بخش را به دقت بخوانید و به سوالات به صورت خواسته شده پاسخ دهید

متن شماره ۱.

Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't make the air dirty and unclean. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries.

The electric car is usually plugged in at night. The car can be plugged into a special charging unit even at houses. Some electric cars can be plugged right into a regular electrical wall outlet. Others need a larger outlet, like the kind that a stove or a vacuum cleaner plugs into.

The engineers are trying to make better batteries that hold more energy and last longer. To overcome the problem of charging electric cars, hybrid cars are also available. Hybrid cars combine the benefits of gasoline engines and electric motors. They can be designed to meet different goals, such as better fuel economy or more power.

Answer the following questions.

1- Why don't electric cars make the air dirty and unclean?

2- When is usually the electric car plugged in?

3- Why do people use hybrid cars?

True / False

4- Electric cars use both fossil fuel and electricity.

a) True

b) False

5- Not all electric cars have batteries.

a) True

b) False

Hydropower is a type of renewable energy. It uses water to make electricity. Water moves in a large cycle and then goes back to the ocean. The energy of this water cycle produces electricity. Because the water cycle is an endless system, hydropower is a renewable energy. When falling or running water is turned into electricity, it is called hydroelectric power or hydropower. Turbines convert the water energy into electricity which is then used for houses and businesses. This clean renewable energy is used in some countries to keep their cities and villages clean. In this way, fewer fossil fuels are consumed each year, and they are saved for future.

True / False

- | | | |
|--|---------|----------|
| 1- A type of renewable energy is called hydropower. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- Turbines convert the water energy into electricity. | a) True | b) False |

Choose the best answer.

- 3- The passage says that clean energy is used in some countries to keep the cities
 a) hot b) renewable c) clean d) endless
- 4- When fewer fossil fuels are used each year, they are for future.
 a) saved b) consumed c) used up d) decreased

3 متن شماره

The most common type of clean energy is the solar power. Solar energy is produced by the radiation that reaches the earth. People have used the sun as a heat source for thousands of years. Iranians, for instance, use special designs and arrangements of windows, balconies and yards to get the most sunshine. Different kinds of materials might also be used in building the houses. This keeps people warm during cold seasons and cool during hot days of the year.

Nowadays, solar energy can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat and electricity. Solar energy might be used for heating water and air in homes, buildings, or swimming pools. Maybe you've seen buildings or houses with big shiny panels on the roof. These solar collectors collect heat by absorbing sunlight. Solar energy is used in generating electricity for watches, highway signs, houses and even space stations.

True/False

- | | | |
|---|---------|----------|
| 1- According to the passage, solar power is the most common type of clean energy. | a) True | b) False |
| 2- People have used the sun as a source of heat for few years. | a) True | b) False |

Choose the best answer.

- 3- Iranians use special designs of windows and balconies to
 a) generate electricity b) get the most sunshine
 c) keep themselves strong d) heat water
- 4- The passage says people use different in building the houses to keep them warm in winter and cool in summer.
 a) materials b) seasons c) pools d) signs

Answer the question.

- 5- How can solar collectors collect heat?

Energy is the ability to do work. It can take a variety of forms: mechanical, electrical, chemical, and nuclear. To produce any type of energy, the resources of the earth are used. The main resources of the earth are fossil fuels such as natural gas, oil, and coal.

We get most of our energy from these fossil fuels, but this is harmful to the environment. Fossil fuels are nonrenewable and cannot be replaced easily. Once we use them up, they're gone forever. They are not clean as they as they pollute water or air.

In recent years, scientists try to use other types of energy resources. They call them clean energy resources because they do not pollute the earth. Clean energy is renewable. It is made from resources that can be replaced, like wind, water, sunshine, tides, and plants.

The most common type of clean energy is the solar power. Solar energy is produced by the radiation that reaches the earth. People have used the sun as a heat source for thousands of years. Iranians, for instance, use special designs and arrangements of windows, balconies and yards to get the most sunshine. Different types of materials might also be used in building the houses. This keeps people warm during cold seasons and cool during hot days of the year.

True/False

- 1- According to the passage, mechanical, electrical, chemical, and nuclear forms are variety of energy.
a) True b) False
- 2- The resources of the earth are used to produce energy.
a) True b) False

Choose the best answer.

- 3- Fossil fuels are nonrenewable means that they easily.
a) cannot be consumed b) can be replaced
c) aren't replaced d) are polluted
- 4- The most common type of clean energy is produced by the that reaches the earth..
a) design b) wind c) plant d) radiation

Answer the following question.

- 5- What do Iranians use to get the most sunshine?

Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't pollute the air. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries. Sometimes, 12 or 24 batteries, or more, are needed to power the car. Just like a remote-controlled car, an electric car has an electric motor that turns the wheels and a battery to run the motor.

Electricity, the same energy that lights your lamps and runs your TV, is stored in batteries on an electric car. The batteries can be like the batteries you find in flashlights or in regular gasoline cars. To get the battery ready to roll, you have to charge it. This process isn't much different from the way you charge the portable devices you carry around every day: your cell phone, MP3 player, or digital camera. The difference is that you deal with a much bigger gadget that carries you around instead.

True/False

- 1- According to the passage, many countries think that cars that use fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars.
a) True b) False

2- Electric cars always burn gasoline in the engine.

a) True

b) False

Choose the best answer.

3- Electric cars use electricity the car in batteries.

b) consumed by

b) replaced in

c) stored on

d) polluted

4- The passage says to get the battery in electric cars ready to....., you have to charge it.

a) produce

b) roll

c) carry

d) deal

Complete the sentence.

5- Your cell phone is a that you can carry around every day.

متن شماره ۶

Canadians consume a lot of products made from oil. In fact, Canadians used 110 billion liters of refined products in 2018. oil is an important part of daily life in Canada and the world for transportation, heating our homes, beauty products, plastics used in clothing, household products (curtains- rugs- pillows- dishes), medical supplies, asphalt, nylon, electronics (smart phones- computers- TVs), sporting goods and more.

Most Canadian oil is used for transportation fuels, essential to the mobility of people, goods, and services. According to statistics, in 2017, there were 34.3 million vehicles registered in Canada, mainly powered by gasoline, diesel, and natural gas. Refineries turn crude oil into usable products such as transportation fuels:

- Gasoline is designed for engines commonly used in private vehicles.

- Diesel is designed for engines commonly used in trucks, buses, locomotives, farming equipment. Diesel contains more energy and power density than gasoline.

- Aviation fuels are specialized petroleum-based fuels used to power various types of aircraft for commercial travel and shipping.

Choose the best answer.

1- This passage is mainly about the role of in Canada.

a) oil

b) electronics

c) heating

d) statistics

2- The word "aviation" is closest in meaning to

a) winter

b) tide

c) flight

d) plant

Answer the following questions.

3- Write two examples for transportation fuels in Canada.

4- What is used as fuel in private cars?

متن شماره ۷

Many countries have used the energy in moving water for thousands of years. And today, it's still a powerful resource that can generate clean, renewable, and cheap electricity. They produce energy from running water and convert it to electricity. The power that is produced as a result of falling or running water is called "hydroelectric power" or "hydropower". Turbines and generators convert this power into electricity.

Today, about 19% of all our electricity is generated from hydropower, making it one of the largest sources of renewable power. So what makes hydropower renewable? It's simple: water. Water is converted into clouds and recycles back to earth as rain. This process is called "The Water Cycle". The water cycle is continuously recharging and can be used to produce electricity along the way.

True / False

1- According to the passage, the energy in moving water can generate clean, renewable, and cheap electricity.

a) True b) False

Complete the sentence.

2- Many countries produce energy from and convert it to

Choose the best answer.

3- The power produced from falling or running water is called

a) water cycle b) turbine c) hydropower d) generator

4- The passage says makes hydropower renewable.

a) electricity b) water c) earth d) cloud

5- What is the best title for this text?

a) Different sources of energy b) Converting electricity
c) Electrical air conditioner d) Hydropower

متن شماره ۸

Last night Mike left work late at around 9 p.m. Most people had already gone home before he came out of the office. The street was very dark and quiet. He hadn't experienced such a thing before. While he was walking, a car pulled over. He looked at the driver. He was sure he had seen this man before. He wondered who he could be. The driver waved at him and came out of the car. He asked Mike if he could drive him home. Suddenly Mike remembered he was one of his clients. His name was John. John had come to his office two or three time before. The last time he was in the office, he was so upset. He was worried because he had lost his documents. Everyone in the office tried to help him. They started to look for his suitcase. Finally, he remembered that he had left his suitcase in his car! He apologized for his anger and left.

Choose the best answer.

1- According to the passage, Mike hadn't such a dark and quiet street before.

a) pulled over b) gone c) come out of d) experienced

2- John at Mike and came out of the car.

a) waved b) wondered c) remembered d) apologized

Answer the following questions.

3- What did John ask Mike when he came out of the car?

4- Why was John upset and worried the last time he was in the office?

متن شماره ۹

Sleep is essential for all people. Did you know that sleep is more important than food? A person, who does not sleep, dies at a younger age than one who does not eat. Let's say you sleep 12 hours later than you usually do. It will take your body about three weeks to return to normal. We spend about one-third (1/3) of our lives in sleep. That's about 121 days a year!

How much sleep do we require? We are all different. A baby needs 16 hours of sleep every day. Children 6 to 12 years old need an average of 10 to 12 hours of sleep. A teenager needs 9 to 10 hours, and an adult needs an average of 7 to 8 hours of sleep a night. Of course, some people need only 3 hours of sleep each night. Others need 10 hours of sleep. After age 50, the average sleep time goes down to 6.5 hours a night. We need less sleep as we get older.

True/False

- 1- Food is less important than sleep. a) True b) False
2- There is no difference in sleep time among people. a) True b) False

Choose the best answer.

- 3- Old people need hours of sleep each night.
a) 9 to 10 b) 10 to 12 c) 6.5 d) 16
4- A person, who does not sleep, than one who does not eat.
a) lives longer b) lives less c) eats more d) gets older

Answer the question.

- 5- How much do we sleep in our lives?

متن شماره ۱۰

Solar energy is the most effective of all energy resources and it can even be available in cloudy weather. The solar energy which comes to the Earth is about 10,000 times greater than the amount which humankind consumes. Solar technologies can deliver heat, cooling, natural lighting, electricity, and fuels. Solar technologies convert sunlight into electrical energy through solar panels or mirrors. Although not all countries use solar energy, it is possible for every country.

The cost of producing solar panels has surprisingly decreased in the last few years, making them not only in access but often the cheapest form of electricity. Depending on the type of material used in their production, solar panels can work for around 30 years.

True/False

- 1- Solar energy comes from the Earth. a) True b) False
2- Solar panels cost a lot in the last few years. a) True b) False
3- Solar panels convert sunlight into electrical energy. a) True b) False
4- All countries use solar energy to generate electricity. a) True b) False

Complete the following sentences.

- 5- In cloudy weather is available.
6- Solar are produced to work for a long time.

Answer the question.

- 7- What do solar technologies deliver to us?

Lesson 3

بخش نوشتاری درس سوم

Part E: Writing

۱- یکی از موضوعات زیر را انتخاب کرده و یک پاراگراف درباره آن بنویسید.

Using a monolingual dictionary, Watching TV, Renewable energy

.....

.....

.....

۲- پاراگراف زیر را بخوانید و جملات (topic sentence)، (supporting sentence) و (concluding sentence) را مشخص کرده و در جدول داده شده در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

Here are three reasons why Canada is one of the best countries in the world; First, Canada has an excellent health care system. All Canadians have access to medical services at a reasonable price. Second, Canada has a high standard of education. Students are taught by well-trained teachers and are encouraged to continue studying at university. Finally, Canada's cities are clean and efficiently managed. Canadian cities have many parks and lots of space for people to live. So, Canada is a desirable place to live.

۳- در متن زیر Not Supporting Sentence را مشخص کرده و در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

Ants are interesting insects. Like all insects, they have six legs. Each leg has three joints. Yesterday, my sister saw an ant. The legs of ants are very strong, which help ants run very quickly. If a man could run as fast for his size as an ant can, he could run as fast as a racehorse. Ants can lift 20 times their own body weight. So, they are amazing and odd insects

۴- جملات زیر را مرتب کرده و به شکل یک پاراگراف در آورید. جملات (topic sentence)، (supporting sentence) و (concluding sentence) را مشخص کرده و در جدول داده شده در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

شماره ۱

- a. We cannot think of life without water.
- b. So, water is also essential for animals, birds, insects, etc.
- c. Water is the most essential element in our life.
- d. Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.

- e) We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale.
- f) Besides, no living-being can exist for long without water, the most valuable liquid.

شماره ۲

- a) You can often see them playing at school or in the street.
- b) If a player is very good, he may go on to play for a famous team.
- c) In high schools, students may play football on a team.
- d) There are many popular sports in my country, but the most popular one is football.
- e) Football is really a national sport in my country.
- f) Many children begin learning to play football when they are very young.

شماره ۳

- a) Ants are found everywhere in the world.
- b) They live in anthills.
- c) Ants are generally red and black in color.
- d) They have two eyes and six legs.
- e) They are social insects.
- f) Ants are one of the most wonderful creatures that exist on the earth.

شماره ۴

- a) They also cause rain.
- b) The rain makes the air fresh and clean.
- c) Trees are very valuable.
- d) Thus, trees play a big and important role in our life.
- e) They supply us with many necessary things of everyday life.
- f) For example, they take carbon dioxide from the atmosphere and fill it with oxygen.

شماره ۵

- a) therefore, many patients are easily cured in hospitals in Canada
- b) second, it has a high standard of education for young people
- c) there are several reasons why Canada is one of the best countries in the world
- d) in addition there are many chances for them to get a good job
- e) as a result, many people like to live in Canada
- f) first, Canada has an excellent health care system

شماره ۶

- a) Throughout the summer, they collect food for the winter season.
- b) they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home.
- c) Whenever they find sweet lying on the floor,
- d) Ants are hardworking insects.
- e) As a result, they are known as helpful and active insects.
- f) Thus, in this way, they clean the floor.

شماره ۷

- a) In short, communication can depend on technology.
- b) Most of these cell phones can help you have video calls.
- c) The new century has brought big changes in communication.
- d) But some people do not have such phones
- e) because they are very expensive.
- f) Cell phones are important in these changes.

۵- پاراگراف نویسی:

شماره ۱- یک پاراگراف با عنوان Save our Earth بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence) ، (supporting sentences) و (concluding sentence) باشد.

- Plant trees
- Use less fossil fuels
- Increase the use of solar and wind energy
- Change waste to energy

.....

.....

.....

شماره ۲- با استفاده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره ابوعلی سینا در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

Birth : 359 Shamsi, Bokhara
Job : scientist, physician, philosopher
Books : Ghanoon in medicine ,Shafa in philosophy
Death : 419 Shamsi, Hamedan

Avicenna was one of the most famous Iranian

شماره ۳- یک پاراگراف با عنوان smoking بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence) ، (supporting sentences) و (concluding sentence) باشد.

- causing diseases such as lung cancer
- increasing stress and depression
- a common terrible habit among people
- being addictive and difficult for smokers to quit

شماره ۴- با استفاده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره شهید محمد حسین فهمیده در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

Birth: May 6, 1967, Qom

Death: (Martyred) October 30, 1980, Khorramshahr

Job: Student

War: Iran- Iraq War, in Khorramshahr

شماره ۵- یک پاراگراف با عنوان Firefighters در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (Topic Sentence) ، (Supporting Sentence) و (Concluding Sentence) باشد.

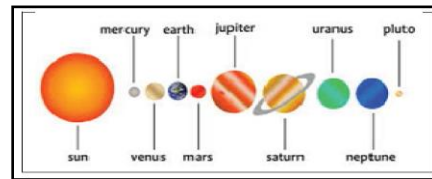
- Keeping others safe
- being always ready
- wearing uniform for



شماره ۶- یک پاراگراف با عنوان Solar System در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات

(Topic Sentence) ، (Supporting Sentences) و (Concluding Sentence) باشد.

- The number of the planets
- The order of distance from the Sun
- The center of the solar system: The sun
- The largest and smallest planets



شماره ۷- یک پاراگراف با عنوان Having a healthy lifestyle در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات

(Topic Sentence) ، (Supporting Sentence) و (Concluding Sentence) باشد.

- Eat fewer snacks
- Eat more fruit and veggies
- Be more active



شماره ۸- یک پاراگراف با عنوان Forests در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence

supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- * Natural home of animals
- * Sources of fresh air
- * Sources of necessary things for man



Forest are

شماره ۹- یک پاراگراف با عنوان Sport در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- * Different types of sport
- * Good physical shape (the body)
- * Healthier heart



Sport is

.....

.....

شماره ۱۰- یک پاراگراف با عنوان Saadi Shirazi در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- * Great Iranian Poet
- * Date and place of birth: 606, Shiraz
- * Famous books: Bustan, Gulistan



Saadi Shirazi

.....

.....

شماره ۱۱- یک پاراگراف با عنوان wind towers در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- * In Yazd's buildings
- * Natural air cooling system
- * Source of clean energy

Wind towers

.....

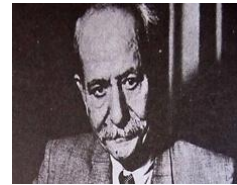
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شماره ۱۲- بر اساس اطلاعات داده شده، یک پاراگراف درباره زندگی علامه علی اکبر دهخدا بنویسید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence)

(supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

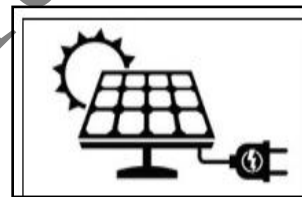
- * Allameh Ali Akbar Dehkhoda
- * An Iranian linguist
- * Born: Tehran, 1257
- * Died: 1334
- * Buried: Shahr-e-Rey
- * Compiler of Dehkhoda Dictionary (16 volumes)
- * Other works: Amsal-o-Hekam, Charand-o-Parand



شماره ۱۳- یک پاراگراف با عنوان Solar energy در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات

(topic sentence supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- * common type of clean energy
- * as a heat source for thousands of years
- * heating water and air in homes and buildings



Solar energy

شماره ۱۴- یک پاراگراف با موضوع Trees در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence)

(supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- * take carbon dioxide
- * cause rain
- * provide fruit
- * the best friends of human

Trees

شماره ۱۵ - یک پاراگراف با عنوان Water در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- * Nearly 70 percent of our body
- * Be important for living things
- * Generate electricity

Water

.....

.....

شماره ۱۶ - یک پاراگراف با موضوع Hafez در پاسخنامه بنویسید و از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- **Job:** great Iranian poet
- **Date of Birth:** sometime between the years 1310 and 1337 A.D
- **Place of birth:** Shiraz
- **The name of famous book:** Divan
- **Type of poetry:** Ghazal

Hafez

.....

.....

شماره ۱۷ - با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع (Technology) در پاسخ برگ بنویسید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence supporting sentences / concluding sentence) باشد.

- being the way of using scientific knowledge
- including machines and techniques
- making some changes in our society
- meeting human needs or solving human problems

Technology

.....

.....

۶- برای پاراگراف های داده شده، یک جمله موضوعی (Topic Sentence) و یک جمله نتیجه گیری (Concluding Sentence) بنویسید.

شماره ۱

Water (1) We cannot think of life without water. We need water to drink, to wash our bodies and clothes, to cook our food and to grow crops, vegetables and fruits. Water is also essential for animals, birds, insects, etc. Nearly 70 percent of our body is water. We use oceans, seas, rivers and lakes as waterways to carry goods, passengers, etc. Lack of rain causes drought. Thus, (2)

شماره ۲

Energy (3) Without it, we would have a harder time because most of our activities like cooking a dinner, heating a house, lighting a street, keeping a hospital open, running a factory all require energy. It's responsible to make everything happen and it is used by people, animals, plants, etc. (4) Thus,

شماره ۳

A diary (5) It is a place where we can be honest with ourselves and write our thoughts about things that happen around us, free from others' opinions. It provides the chance to see ourselves carefully. It helps us organize our thoughts and feelings. Thus, (6)

۷- با توجه به پاراگراف های داده شده، به موارد زیر پاسخ دهید.

شماره ۱

A hearing device is available for some people suffering from hearing loss. This device uses a magnet. It converts sounds into vibrations and transmits them directly to the magnet, and then to the inner ear, producing a clearer sound. The device helps those with a hearing loss caused by infection or other problems in the middle ear. So, deaf people can hear by means of this technology and communicate with others.

1- The supporting sentences of the above paragraph

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| a) give reasons | b) give examples |
| c) explain the topic | d) tell a short story |

Find and write.

2- The topic of the paragraph:

3- The controlling idea of the paragraph:

4- The concluding sentence of the paragraph:

شماره ۲

Children shouldn't play video games. But why? First, children should be active, so playing outside is better than playing video games. Second, many video games are harmful and can have bad effects on children's behavior; however, not all video games are harmful to children. Third, time spent playing videogames could be spent reading books or spending time with friends and family. In short, physical activities are better for children than playing videogames.

1- The supporting sentences of the above paragraph -----.

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| a) explain the topic | b) give examples |
| c) tell a short story | d) give reasons |

Find and write.

2- The topic of the paragraph:

3- The controlling idea of the paragraph:

4- The concluding sentence of the paragraph:

شماره ۳

Teachers have a lot to share with us. We can learn much more than reading and writing from them. They support us to get life lessons and help us shape our identity. Even if we feel we have too much homework and too many exams, it is good to take a moment to think how important our teachers are. It's important to appreciate the teachers who are dedicated to their jobs. They all want us to reach our goals in life. Thus, without them, we wouldn't be where we are today.

1- The supporting sentences of the above paragraph

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| a) explain the idea in the topic sentence | b) give examples |
| c) tell a short story | d) give reasons |

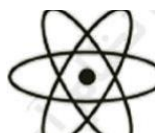
Find and write.

2- The topic of the paragraph:

3- The controlling idea of the paragraph:

4- The concluding sentence of the paragraph:

الف. با توجه به تصاویر جواب درست را نوشته یا انتخاب کنید



1. They are going to build a new nuclear power station

2. He has hearing loss, and he uses a hearing device.

3. All people must obey the traffic rules

4. Ali's cellphone consumes a lot of electricity.

5. The new light bulbs consume less electricity

6. Birds of a feather flock together



7. A: That's right. He is a great person and ----- of what I read about Dr. Gharib.

ب. گزینه صحیح را انتخاب نمایید .

1. While I was in the hospital, the nurse was ----- my temperature.

a. making b. taking c. doing d. giving

2. The doctor cured a number of patients with the new drugs.

a. succeed b. successfully c. successful d. success

3. After my first accident, I'm quite careful in driving. As you know a burnt child..... The fire .

a. counts b. spoils c. dreads d. flocks

4. My father advises me to open the shop at 7 a.m. He says, "The early bird ----- the worm."

a. catches b. hatches c. leads d. flocks

5. You cannot buy that expensive house. It's better to cut your ----- according to your cloth.

a. coat b. shirt c. dress d. jacket

6. I needed more sunlight while painting. That's why I have ----- the balcony into a small office.

a. applied b. converted c. transmitted d. suggested

7. A: Mom, I'm going out with my friends.

B: Why don't you wear your warm jacket? It's spring and the weather is highly ----- .

a. invisible b. comfortable c. valuable d. changeable

8. A: I need a dictionary. What's your suggestion? B: I a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you.

a. arrange b. suppose c. compile d. look up

9.A: Can trees lower the cooling of your home? B: Sure!

- a. turbines b. outlet c. costs d. waste

پ. با استفاده از کلمات داده شده ، جملات زیر را کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است)

variety / boost / recommend / dedicated

1.Sam: Can you ----- doing something on the weekend?

2.John: Yes! Check this website and find a ----- of fitness activities.

circled / remind/ entries / radiation /

3.Wind turbines ----- me of what I read about using wind power in Yazd's buildings.

4.Clouds prevent theof Earth's heat into space.

5. They updated a lot of in the most recent dictionaries.

replaced /use up / tide / variety / suppose / distinguished

6.Farhad: Yes, he has a ----- of teaching experience.

7.Mohsen: I ----- he can help us learn a lot.

Farhad: That's right.

8. He carefully the China plate on the shelf.

9. Don't all the sugar. We need some for breakfast

ت. برای هر کلمه یک تعریف از a تا f پیدا کنید

1.Water and sunlight can **generate** a lot of electricity. (.....)

2.It is **essential** to use less nonrenewable energy. (.....)

3. The main **sources** of clean energy are wind, water and sun. (.....)

4.The **demand** for solar energy is increasing. (.....)

5. You can order a **variety** of seafood in this restaurant. (.....)

a. to produce or cause something

b. to advise someone to do something

c. a place or thing that you get something from

d. the amount of a product people want

e. completely important in a particular situation or for a special activity

f. many different types of things or people

ث. کلمه مورد نظر را با توجه به معنای جملات بنویسید

1.People have used the sun as a **h** - - - source for thousands of years

2.After about an hour in the gym, your body starts to **a** - - - - protein

ج. گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید

1. Nahid's father bought her a new laptop because she ----- it.

- a) has lost b) had lost c) lost d) has been lost

2. Should the medicine ----- in the fridge?

- a) be kept b) kept c) keeps d) been kept

3. The client was worried because he his documents.

- a. loses b. will lose c. had lost d. has lost

4. The shopkeeper gave me some money back because I ----- him too much.

- a. am paying b. pay c. had paid d. was paying

5. The plane ----- before I got to the airport.

- a. is leaving b. leaves c. had left d. leaving

6. The shopkeeper gave me some money back because I too much.

- a. paid b. had paid c. was paid d. would pay

چ. شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز، جاهای خالی را کامل کنید

1. When I sent the book to her, she ----- not already ----- it. (to buy)

2. A: Their parents ----- them about the traffic rules before they attended school. (to tell)

3. After the children had eaten then breakfast, they their kites. (to fly)

4. I had eaten lunch before I ----- out. (to go)

5. When I got home, my son already asleep. (to fall)

6. In big cities, the traffic rules by everyone. (must / obey)

7. When I the book to her, she had already bought it. (to send)

ح. با کلمات در هم ریخته زیر، یک جمله معنادار بنویسید

1. be / can / to meet / different goals / hybrid cars / designed / ? /

2. fuel , can be , types of waste , not all , to produce , used

3. to landfill / by workers / should / taken / garbage / be / ? /

خ. توجه به مفهوم هر متن، گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید

1. Which situation best describes the proverb "Absence makes the heart grow fonder"?

a. You move to a new city, and you start missing your family.

b. You meet your friends every day, and you don't miss them.

c. You spend time with your friends, and you feel happy.

d. You are absent at a party, and nobody misses you

2. Big shiny panels on the roof are solar collectors that collect heat by absorbing sunlight and produce solar power.

- a. Big shiny panels produce lots of sunlight.
- b. Big shiny panels generate electricity by collecting heat,
- c. Big shiny panels absorb electricity on the roof.
- d. Big shiny panels are made with solar power on the roof.

3. Water is the most essential element in our life. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale.

- a) Electricity can generate the most essential element in our life.
- b) Water is a huge resource for generating elements on commercial scale.
- c) Water is essential just for generating electricity on large scale.
- d) Electricity can be generated from huge resources of water.

4. Many countries now think that cars that burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't pollute the air.

- a) Electric cars are better than other cars as they do not pollute the air.
- b) Electric cars should replace fossil fuels in the engine.
- c) Electric cars burn gasoline in the engine to produce electricity.
- d) Electric cars should be replaced by cars that burn fossil fuels.

5. "Two heads are better than one." This means that when two people cooperate, they come up with better ideas.

- a. Two people work better when they have no ideas.
- b. Two people work better with different ideas.
- c. Two people can cooperate without any ideas.
- d. Two people can think of ideas or plans better

6. Just like a remote-controlled car, an electric car has an electric motor that turns the wheels and a battery to run the motor.

- a. An electric car does not have a motor to run.
- b. A remote-controlled car works without a battery.
- c. An electric car has a battery that powers an electric motor.
- d. Electric cars use gasoline to run the motor

7. When you get money quickly, like by winning it, it's easy to spend it or lose it quickly as well. In this case, people usually say, ".....".

- a. Easy come, easy go
- b. Two heads are better than one
- c. Money does not grow on trees
- d. Absence makes the heart grow fonder

د.با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع **Iran** بنویسید

Location: in Southwest of Asia

Population: more than 80 million

language: Persian

Iranian's personality: kind and hospitable

Attractions: amazing nature, historical sites

1. Iran -----

د.با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع **wind** بنویسید

- a source of energy for human

- not polluting the earth

- a renewable form of energy

- generating electricity

2. Wind -----

با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر یک پاراگراف با موضوع (Charity) در پاسخبرگ بنویسید .

-the act of giving help to those in need

-a kind of voluntary work

-giving a sense of happiness

-helping the poor to have a better living

3. Charity

با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع **a healthy lifestyle** در پاسخ نامه بنویسید .

✓ eating fewer snacks and selecting healthier alternatives

✓ getting active each day

✓ eating more fruit and vegies

✓ turning off the TV or computer and getting active

4. A healthy lifestyle

با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع **pollution** در پاسخ نامه بنویسید.

☐ A serious problem in the world

☐ Air and water pollution

☐ Causing diseases

☐ Destroying nature

5.

با استفاده از تمام عبارات داده شده زیر، یک پاراگراف با موضوع **electric cars** در پاسخ نامه بنویسید.

- use renewable energy

- don't pollute the air

- can be charged easily

- make less noise

6. The electric cars